

CMOS 4-BIT SINGLE CHIP MICROCOMPUTER

***E0C6247 DEVELOPMENT TOOL MANUAL***



**SEIKO EPSON CORPORATION**

## **NOTICE**

*No part of this material may be reproduced or duplicated in any form or by any means without the written permission of Seiko Epson. Seiko Epson reserves the right to make changes to this material without notice. Seiko Epson does not assume any liability of any kind arising out of any inaccuracies contained in this material or due to its application or use in any product or circuit and, further, there is no representation that this material is applicable to products requiring high level reliability, such as medical products. Moreover, no license to any intellectual property rights is granted by implication or otherwise, and there is no representation or warranty that anything made in accordance with this material will be free from any patent or copyright infringement of a third party. This material or portions thereof may contain technology or the subject relating to strategic products under the control of the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law of Japan and may require an export license from the Ministry of International Trade and Industry or other approval from another government agency. Please note that "E0C" is the new name for the old product "SMC". If "SMC" appears in other manuals understand that it now reads "E0C".*

# E0C6247 Development Tool Manual

## PREFACE

---

This manual mainly explains the outline of the development support tool for the 4-bit Single Chip Micro-computer E0C6247.

Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for the details (common to all models) of each development support tool. Manuals for hardware development tools are separate, so you should also refer to the below manuals.

<i>Development tools</i>	☞ E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual EVA6247 Manual ICE6200 Hardware Manual
<i>Development procedure</i>	☞ E0C62 Family Technical Guide
<i>Device (E0C6247)</i>	☞ E0C6247 Technical Manual
<i>Instructions</i>	☞ E0C6200 / 6200A Core CPU Manual

## CONTENTS

---

<b>1 COMPOSITION OF DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT TOOL</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1 Configuration of DEV6247 .....	1
1.2 Developmental Environment .....	1
1.3 Development Flow .....	2
1.4 Production of Execution Disk .....	3
<b>2 DEVELOPMENT TOOL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM DMS6200</b>	<b>4</b>
2.1 DMS6200 Outline .....	4
2.2 DMS6200 Quick Reference .....	4
<b>3 CROSS ASSEMBLER ASM6247</b>	<b>5</b>
3.1 ASM6247 Outline .....	5
3.2 E0C6247 Restrictions .....	5
3.3 ASM6247 Quick Reference .....	6
<b>4 FUNCTION OPTION GENERATOR FOG6247</b>	<b>8</b>
4.1 FOG6247 Outline .....	8
4.2 E0C6247 Option List .....	8
4.3 Option Specifications and Selection Message .....	10
4.4 FOG6247 Quick Reference .....	15
4.5 Sample File .....	17
<b>5 ICE CONTROL SOFTWARE ICS6247</b>	<b>20</b>
5.1 ICS6247 Outline .....	20
5.2 ICS6247 Restrictions .....	20
5.3 ICS6247 Quick Reference .....	22

<b>6 MASK DATA CHECKER MDC6247</b>	<b>25</b>
6.1 <i>MDC6247 Outline</i> .....	25
6.2 <i>MDC6247 Quick Reference</i> .....	25
<b>APPENDIX A. E0C6247 INSTRUCTION SET</b>	<b>28</b>
<b>B. E0C6247 RAM MAP</b>	<b>32</b>
<b>C. E0C6247 I/O MEMORY MAP</b>	<b>51</b>
<b>D. TROUBLESHOOTING</b>	<b>59</b>

# 1 COMPOSITION OF DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT TOOL

Here we will explain the composition of the software for the development support tools, developmental environment and how to generate the execution disk.

## 1.1 Configuration of DEV6247

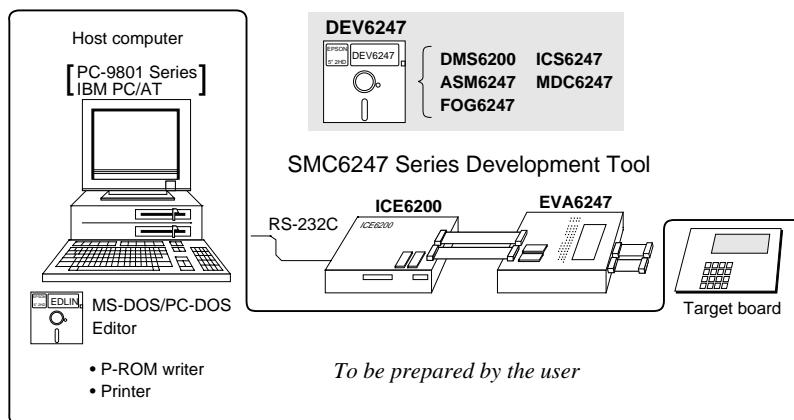
The below software are included in the product of the E0C6247 development support tool DEV6247.

1. Development Tool Management System DMS6200 ..... Menu selection for each software / start-up software
2. Cross Assembler ASM6247 ..... Cross assembler for program preparation
3. Function Option Generator FOG6247 ..... Function option data preparation program
4. ICE Control Software ICS6247 ..... ICE control program
5. Mask Data Checker MDC6247 ..... Mask data preparation program

## 1.2 Developmental Environment

The software product of the development support tool DEV6247 operates on the following host systems:

- IBM PC/AT (at least PC-DOS Ver. 2.0)
- NEC PC-9801 Series (at least MS-DOS Ver. 3.1)



When developing the E0C6247, the above-mentioned host computer, editor, P-ROM writer, printer, etc. must be prepared by the user in addition to the development tool which is normally supported by Seiko Epson.

Fig. 1.2.1  
System configuration

**Note** The DEV6247 system requires a host computer with a RAM capacity of about 140K bytes. Since the ICE6200 is connected to the host computer with a RS-232C serial interface, adapter board for asynchronous communication will be required depending on the host computer used.

## 1.3 Development Flow

Figure 1.3.1 shows the development flow through the DEV6247.

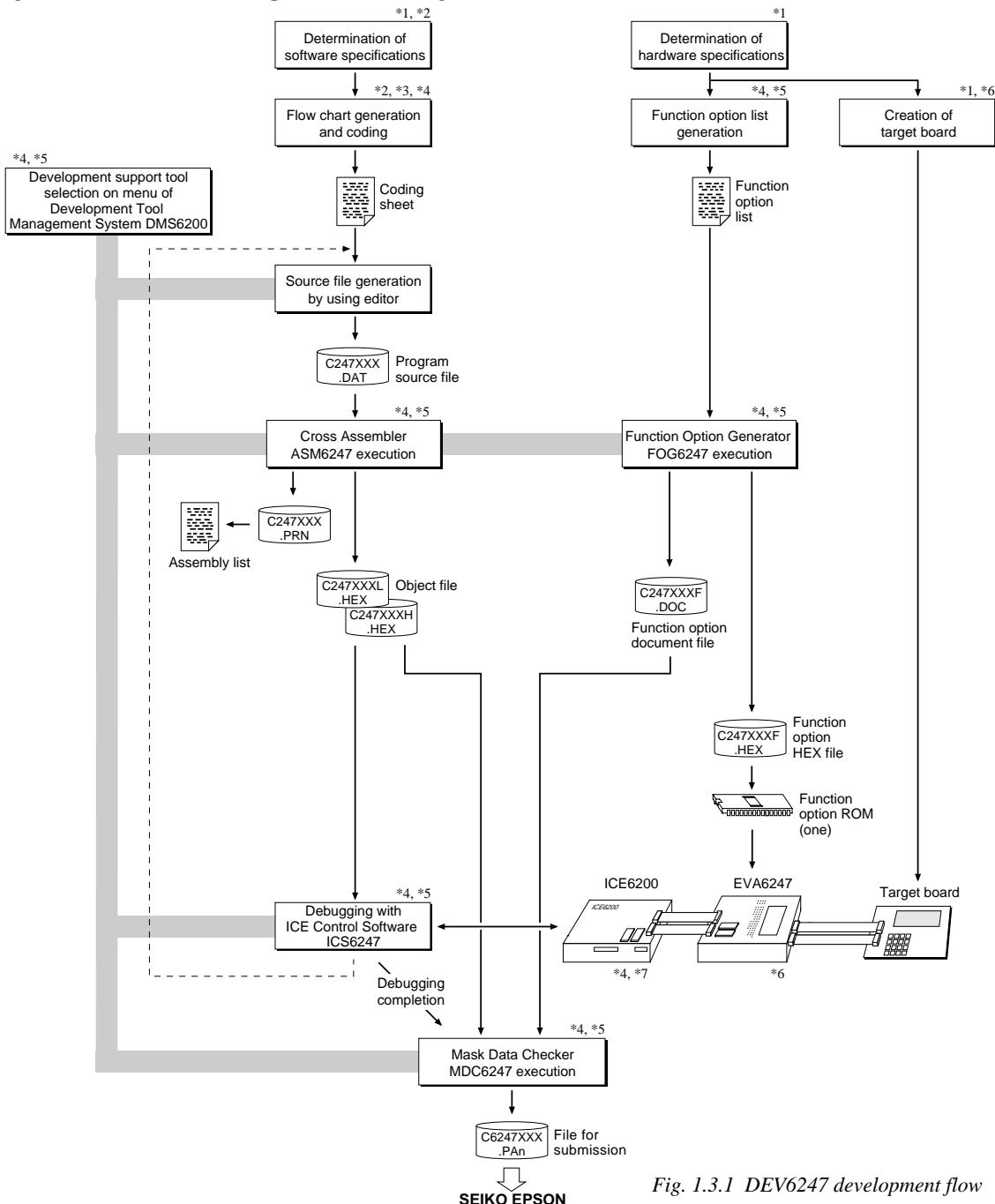


Fig. 1.3.1 DEV6247 development flow

### Concerning file names

All the input-output file name for the each development support tool commonly use "C247XXX". In principle each file should be produced in this manner. Seiko Epson will designate the "XXX" for each customer.

### Reference Manual

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| *1 E0C6247 Technical Hardware Manual              | *5 E0C6247 Development Tool Manual (this manual) |
| *2 E0C6247 Technical Software Manual              | *6 EVA6247 Manual                                |
| *3 E0C6200/6200A Core CPU Manual                  | *7 ICE6200 Hardware Manual                       |
| *4 E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual |  |

## 1.4 Production of Execution Disk

Execution files for each software development support tool and batch and parameter files for the ICE6200 are recorded in the DEV6247 floppy disk.

The content of the files contained in the DEV6247 floppy disk are shown below.

PC-DOS version	MS-DOS version	Contents
ASM6247.EXE	ASM6247.EXE	Cross Assembler execution file
DMS6200.EXE	DMS6200.EXE	Development Tool Management System execution file
FOG6247.EXE	FOG6247.EXE	Function Option Generator execution file
ICS6247B.BAT	ICS6247.BAT	ICE Control Software batch file
ICS6247W.EXE	ICS6247J.EXE	ICE Control Software execution file
ICS6247P.PAR	ICS6247P.PAR	ICE Control Software parameter file
MDC6247.EXE	MDC6247.EXE	Mask Data Checker execution file

- First copy the entire content of this disk using commands such as DISKCOPY then make the execution disk. Carefully conserve the original floppy disk for storage purposes.  
When copying into a hard disk, make a subdirectory with an appropriate name (DEV6247, etc.) then copy the content of the floppy disk into that subdirectory using the COPY command.
- Next make a CONFIG.SYS file using Editor or the like.  
When a CONFIG.SYS has previously been made using a hard disk system, check the setting of the FILES within it. (If there is none add it.)  
Set the number of files to be described in CONFIG.SYS at 10 or more, so that the Mask Data Checker MDC6247 will handle many files.

**Note** *The driver for the RS-232C must be included in CONFIG.SYS by the host computer.*

- It is a good idea to copy the editor into the disk to be copied and the subdirectory so you can also select the editor from the DMS6200 menu.
- In "ICS6247(B).BAT" the batch process is indicated such that the ICS6247J(W).EXE is executed after the execution of the command for the setting of the RS-232C communication parameters. When first executing the ICE Control Software after resetting the host computer, select then activate this batch file from the DMS6200 menu.

The SPEED (MS-DOS) or MODE (PC-DOS) command is used for setting the RS-232C, so you should copy these commands into the disk to be executed or specify a disk or directory with the command using the PATH command.

**Note** *The DMS6200 prepares a menu from files that are in the current directory. Consequently, be sure to arrange the above mentioned files in the same disk or the same directory.*

### Example:

#### *Copying into a floppy disk*

Insert the original disk into the A drive and the formatted disk to be copied into B drive, then execute the DISKCOPY command.

```
A>DISKCOPY A: B:
```

#### *Copying into a hard disk (C drive)*

Make a subdirectory (DEV6247), then insert the original disk into the A drive and execute the COPY command.

```
C>MD DEV6247
```

```
C>CD DEV6247
```

```
C\DEV6247>COPY A:.*.*
```

### Example:

#### *Setting of FILES (CONFIG.SYS)*

```
C>TYPE CONFIG.SYS
```

```
:
```

```
FILES=20
```

```
:
```

#### *RS-232C Setting (PC-DOS version)*

```
MODE COM1: 4800, n, 8, 1, p
```

#### *RS-232C Setting (MS-DOS version)*

```
SPEED R0 9600 B8 PN S1
```

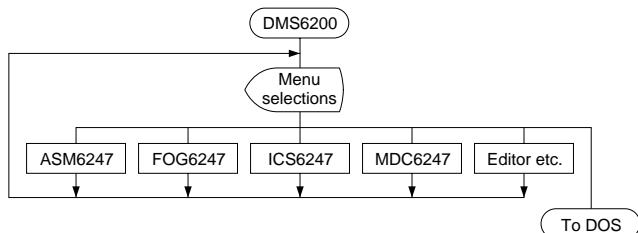
# 2 DEVELOPMENT TOOL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM DMS6200

## 2.1 DMS6200 Outline

The DMS6200 (Development Tool Management System) is a software which selects the DEV6247 software development support tool and the program such as an editor in menu form and starts it.

In this way the various software frequently executed during debugging can be effectively activated.

*Fig. 2.1.1  
DMS6200 execution flow*



Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for details of the operation.

## 2.2 DMS6200 Quick Reference

### ■ Starting command

*Execution file: DMS6200.EXE*

*Starting command: DMS6200*

indicates the Return key.

### ■ Display examples

```
*** E0C6200 Development tool Management System. --- Ver 1.0 ***
EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPP SSSSSSS 00000000 NNN NNN
EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPPPP SSS SSSS 000 000 NNNNN NNN
EEE PPP PPP SSS SSS 000 000 NNNNNNN NNN
EEE PPP PPP SSS 000 000 NNNNNNNN NNN
EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPPPP SSSSSS 000 000 NNN NNNNNN
EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPP SSSS 000 000 NNN NNNNNNN
EEE PPP SSS 000 000 NNN NNNNNN
EEE PPP SSS 000 000 NNN NNNNN
EEEEEEEEE PPP SSSS SSS 000 000 NNN NNN
EEEEEEEEE PPP SSSSSS 00000000 NNN NN

(C) Copyright 1991 SEIKO EPSON CORP.

STRIKE ANY KEY.
```

#### Start message

When DMS6200 is started, the following message is displayed. For "STRIKE ANY KEY.", press any key to advance the program execution.

To suspend execution, press the "CTRL" and "C" keys together: the sequence returns to the DOS command level.

```
DMS6200 Version 1.0 Copyright(C) SEIKO EPSON CORP. 1991.

1) ASM6247 .EXE
2) FOG6247 .EXE
3) ICS6247B.BAT
4) ICS6247W.EXE
5) MDC6247 .EXE

Input Number ? [1 ]
```

#### Menu screen (PC-DOS Version)

A list of all executable files will appear on this menu screen.

Input the number of the development support tool you wish to start and then press the "RETURN" key. To return to DOS at this point, press the "ESC" key.

```
DMS6200 Version 1.0 Copyright(C) SEIKO EPSON CORP. 1991.

1) C2470A0 .DAT
2) C2470A0 .PRN
3) C2470A0F.DOC
4) C2470A0F.HEX
5) C2470A0H.HEX
6) C2470A0L.HEX
7) C62470A0.PAO

Input Number ? [1 ]
Edit > [ASM6247 C2470A0 ]
```

#### Source file selection screen

To starting ASM6247, select the source file on this screen. When the source file is selected by number, the edit line enclosed in [ ] will appear; enter the option parameter if necessary. Press the "RETURN" key when input is completed. When starting, press the "RETURN" key twice particularly for the support tools which do not require source files. To return to DOS at this point, press the "ESC" key.

# 3 CROSS ASSEMBLER ASM6247

## 3.1 ASM6247 Outline

The ASM6247 cross assembler is an assembler program for generating the machine code used by the E0C6247 4-bit, single-chip microcomputers. The Cross Assembler ASM6247 will assemble the program source files which have been input by the user's editor and will generate an object file in Intel-Hex format and assembly list file.

In this assembler, program modularization has been made possible through macro definition functions and programming independent of the ROM page structure has been made possible through the auto page set function. In addition, consideration has also been given to precise error checks for program capacity (ROM capacity) overflows, undefined codes and the like, and for debugging of such things as label tables for assembly list files and cross reference table supplements.

- ☞ *The format of the source file and its operating method are same as for the E0C62 Family. Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for details.*

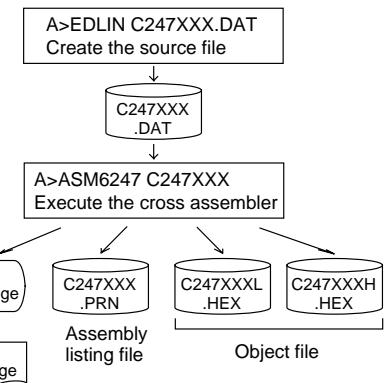


Fig. 3.1.1 ASM6247 execution flow

## 3.2 E0C6247 Restrictions

Note the following when generating a program by the E0C6247:

### ■ ROM area

The capacity of the E0C6247 ROM is 8,192 steps (0000H to 1FFFH).

Therefore, the specification range of the memory setting pseudo-instructions and PSET instruction as follows.

#### *Memory configuration:*

Bank: Bank 0 and bank 1

Page: Bank 0 .. 16 pages (0 to 0FH), bank 1 .. 16 pages (0 to 0FH)

#### *Significant specification range:*

ORG pseudo-instruction: 0000H to 1FFFH

PAGE pseudo-instruction: 00H to 0FH

BANK pseudo-instruction: 0H and 1H

PSET instruction: 00H to 0FH

### ■ RAM area

The capacity of the E0C6247 RAM is 1,792 words (000H to AFFH, 4 bits / word). However, note the following points when programming.

The following addresses become unused area. Memory access is invalid when the unused area is specified.

Page 0 to 3: 82H–83H, 85H–87H, 8FH, 93H, 97H, 9FH, ABH–AFH, B3H, B7H, BBH, C3H–C7H, CEH–CFH, D3H–DFH, E4H–E7H, EFH, F5H–F7H, FDH–FFH

**Example:** LD A, 2      2D5H is loaded into the IX register, but an unused area has been specified so that the memory accessible with the IX register (MX) is invalid.  
 LD XP,A  
 LD X,0D5H

### ■ Undefined codes

The SLP instruction has not been defined in the E0C6247 instruction sets.

### 3.3 ASM6247 Quick Reference

#### ■ Starting command and input/output files

**Execution file:** ASM6247.EXE

\_ indicates a blank.

indicates the Return key.

A parameter enclosed by [ ] can be omitted.

**Starting command:** **ASM6247\_ [drive-name:] source-file-name [.shp] \_ [-N]**

**Option:** .shp Specifies the file I/O drives.

s Specifies the drive from which the source file is to be input. (A–P, @)

h Specifies the drive to which the object file is to be output. (A–P, @, Z)

p Specifies the drive to which the assembly listing file is to be output. (A–P, @, Z)

@: Current drive, Z: File is not generated

-N The code (FFH) in the undefined area of program memory is not created.

**Input file:** C247XXX.DAT (Source file)

**Output file:** C247XXXL.HEX (Object file, low-order)

C247XXXH.HEX (Object file, high-order)

C247XXX.PRN (Assembly listing file)

#### ■ Display example

```
*** E0C6247 CROSS ASSEMBLER. --- Ver 2.00 ***

EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPP SSSSSSSS 00000000 NNNN NNN
EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPPPP SSS SSSS 000 000 NNNNN NNN
EEE PPP PPP SSS SSS 000 000 NNNNNNN NNN
EEE PPP PPP SSS 000 000 NNNNNNN NNN
EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPPPP SSSSSS 000 000 NNN NNNNNNN
EEE PPP PPP SSS 000 000 NNN NNNNNNN
EEE PPP PPP SSSS SSS 000 000 NNN NNNNN
EEE PPP PPP SSSS SSS 000 000 NNN NNNNN
EEEEEEEEE PPP PPP SSSSSS 00000000 NNN NN

(C) COPYRIGHT 1991 SEIKO EPSON CORP.

SOURCE FILE NAME IS " C247XXX.DAT ".

THIS SOFTWARE MAKES NEXT FILES.

C247XXXH.HEX ... HIGH BYTE OBJECT FILE.
C247XXXL.HEX ... LOW BYTE OBJECT FILE.
C247XXX .PRN ... ASSEMBLY LIST FILE.

DO YOU NEED AUTO PAGE SET? (Y/N) Y ... (1)
DO YOU NEED CROSS REFERENCE TABLE? (Y/N) Y ... (2)
```

When ASM6247 is started, the start-up message is displayed.

At (1), select whether or not the auto-page-set function will be used.

Use ..... Y

Not use ..... N

If the assembly listing file output is specified, message (2) is displayed. At this stage, cross-reference table generation may be selected.

Generating ..... Y

Not generating ..... N

When the above operation is completed, ASM6247 assembles the source file.

To suspend execution, press the "CTRL" and "C" keys together at stage (1) or (2).

#### ■ Operators

Arithmetic operators		Logical operators	
+a	Monadic positive	a_AND_b	Logical product
-a	Monadic negative	a_OR_b	Logical sum
a+b	Addition	a_XOR_b	Exclusive logical sum
a-b	Subtraction	NOT_a	Logical negation
a*b	Multiplication	Relational operators	
a/b	Division	a_EQ_b	True when a is equal to b
a_MOD_b	Remainder of a/b	a_NE_b	True when a is not equal to b
a_SHL_b	Shifts a b bits to the left	a_LT_b	True when a is less than b
a SHR b	Shifts a b bits to the right	a_LE_b	True when a is less than or equal to b
HIGH_a	Separates the high-order eight bits from a	a_GT_b	True when a is greater than b
LOW_a	Separates the low-order eight bits from a	a_GE_b	True when a is greater than or equal to b

## ■ Pseudo-instructions

Pseudo-instruction	Meaning	Example of Use		
EQU (Equation)	To allocate data to label	ABC	EQU	9
		BCD	EQU	ABC+1
SET (Set)	To allocate data to label (data can be changed)	ABC	SET	0001H
		ABC	SET	0002H
DW (Define Word)	To define ROM data	ABC	DW	'AB'
		BCD	DW	0FFBH
ORG (Origin)	To define location counter		ORG	100H
			ORG	256
BANK (Bank)	To define boundary of bank		BANK	0
			BANK	1H
PAGE (Page)	To define boundary of page		PAGE	1H
			PAGE	3
SECTION (Section)	To define boundary of section	SECTION		
END (End)	To terminate assembly	END		
MACRO (Macro)	To define macro	CHECK	MACRO	DATA
		LOCAL	LOOP	
	To make local specification of label during macro definition	LOOP	CP	MX , DATA
ENDM (End Macro)	To end macro definition		JP	NZ , LOOP
			ENDM	
			CHECK	1

## ■ Error messages

Error message	Explanation
S (Syntax Error)	An unrecoverable syntax error was encountered.
U (Undefined Error)	The label or symbol of the operand has not been defined.
M (Missing Label)	The label field has been omitted.
O (Operand Error)	A syntax error was encountered in the operand, or the operand could not be evaluated.
P (Phase Error)	The same label or symbol was defined more than once.
R (Range Error)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A statement exceeded a page boundary although its location was not specified.</li> <li>The location counter value exceeded the upper limit of the program memory, or a location exceeding the upper limit was specified.</li> <li>A value greater than that which the number of significant digits of the operand will accommodate was specified.</li> </ul>
! (Warning)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Memory areas overlapped because of a "PAGE" or "ORG" pseudo-instruction or both.</li> </ul>
FILE NAME ERROR	The source file name was longer than 8 characters.
FILE NOT PRESENT	The specified source file was not found.
DIRECTORY FULL	No space was left in the directory of the specified disk.
FATAL DISK WRITE ERROR	The file could not be written to the disk.
LABEL TABLE OVERFLOW	The number of defined labels and symbols exceeded the label table capacity (4000).
CROSS REFERENCE TABLE OVERFLOW	The label/symbol reference count exceeded the cross-reference table capacity (only when the cross-reference table is generated).

# 4 FUNCTION OPTION GENERATOR FOG6247

## 4.1 FOG6247 Outline

With the 4-bit single-chip E0C6247 microcomputers, the customer may select nine hardware options. By modifying the mask patterns of the E0C6247 according to the selected options, the system can be customized to meet the specifications of the target system.

The Function Option Generator FOG6247 is a software tool for generating data files used to generate mask patterns. It enables the customer to interactively select and specify pertinent items for each hardware option. From the data file created with FOG6247, the E0C6247 mask pattern is automatically generated by a general purpose computer.

The HEX file for the evaluation board (EVA6247) hardware option ROM is simultaneously generated with the data file.

*The operating method is same as for the E0C62 Family. Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for details.*

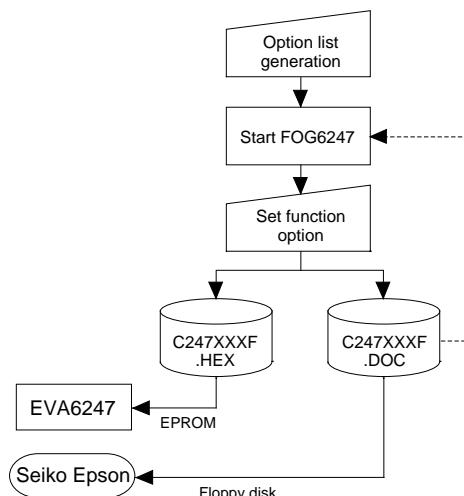


Fig. 4.1.1 FOG6247 execution flow

## 4.2 E0C6247 Option List

Multiple specifications are available in each option item as indicated in the Option List. Using "4.3 Option Specifications and Selection Message" as reference, select the specifications that meet the target system. Be sure to record the specifications for unused ports too, according to the instructions provided.

### 1. OSC1 SYSTEM CLOCK (FOR EVA BOARD)

- 1. 32.7kHz
- 2. 38.4kHz
- 3. 50 kHz
- 4. 76.8kHz

### 2. OSC3 SYSTEM CLOCK SPECIFICATION (FOR EVA BOARD)

- 1. Internal clock
- 2. External clock

### 3. OSC3 SYSTEM CLOCK

- 1. Not Use
- 2. Use <CR>
- 3. Use <Ceramic>

### 4. MULTIPLE KEY ENTRY RESET

- COMBINATION .....  1. Not Use  
 2. Use <K00, K01, K02, K03>  
 3. Use <K00, K01, K02>  
 4. Use <K00, K01>
- TIME AUTHORIZE .....  1. Not Use       2. Use

### 5. WATCHDOG TIMER RESET

- 1. Not Use       2. Use

**6. INPUT PORT PULL UP RESISTOR**

- K00 .....  1. With Resistor  2. Gate Direct
- K01 .....  1. With Resistor  2. Gate Direct
- K02 .....  1. With Resistor  2. Gate Direct
- K03 .....  1. With Resistor  2. Gate Direct
- K10 .....  1. With Resistor  2. Gate Direct
- K11 .....  1. With Resistor  2. Gate Direct
- K12 .....  1. With Resistor  2. Gate Direct
- K13 .....  1. With Resistor  2. Gate Direct

**7. OUTPUT PORT OUTPUT SPECIFICATION**

- R00–R03 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- R10–R13 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- R20–R23 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- R30 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- R31 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- R32 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- R33 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- R40 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- R41 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- R42 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- R43 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain

**8. I/O PORT OUTPUT SPECIFICATION**

- P00–P03 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- P10–P13 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- P20–P23 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- P30 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- P31 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- P32 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- P33 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain
- P40–P43 .....  1. Complementary  2. Nch-OpenDrain

**9. EXTERNAL POWER FOR LCD DRIVING**

- 1. Internal power  2. External power

## 4.3 Option Specifications and Selection Message

Screen that can be selected as function options set on the E0C6247 are shown below, and their specifications are also described.

### 1 OSC1 system clock (for EVA board)

```
*** OPTION NO.1 ***
--- OSC1 SYSTEM CLOCK (FOR EVA BOARD) ---
1. 32.7KHZ
2. 38.4KHZ
3. 50 KHZ
4. 76.8KHZ

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
1. 32.7KHZ SELECTED
```

Select the OSC1 system clock frequency to be used for the EVA6247.

Select a frequency to be used in the actual IC from among four types (32.7 kHz / 38.4 kHz / 50 kHz / 76.8 kHz).

- \* This selection is for the EVA6247 setting.  
It does not set the specification of the actual IC.

### 2 OSC3 system clock specification (for EVA board)

```
*** OPTION NO.2 ***
--- OSC3 SYSTEM CLOCK SPECIFICATION (FOR EVA BOARD) ---
1. INTERNAL CLOCK
2. EXTERNAL CLOCK

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
1. INTERNAL CLOCK SELECTED
```

The OSC3 oscillation frequency of the EVA6247 is fixed at 1 MHz.

When another OSC3 oscillation frequency is used, the clock (amplitude: 5 V, duty: 50% ± 10%) must be supplied from outside of the EVA6247.

In this option, select either an internal clock (1 MHz) or an external clock for the OSC3 clock of the EVA6247.

See "EVA6247 Manual" for how to supply a clock when an external clock is selected.

### 3 OSC3 system clock

```
*** OPTION NO.3 ***
--- OSC3 SYSTEM CLOCK ---
1. NOT USE
2. USE <CR>
3. USE <CERAMIC>

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 2
2. USE <CR> SELECTED
```

Select whether the OSC3 system clock will be used or not. If you use OSC3 system clock, either CR oscillation circuit or ceramic oscillation circuit can be selected. To minimize external components, CR oscillation circuit would be suitable; to obtain a stable oscillation frequency, ceramic oscillation circuit would be suitable. When CR oscillation circuit is selected, only resistors are needed as external components since capacities are built-in. When ceramic oscillation circuit is selected, a ceramic oscillator, gate capacity and drain capacity are needed as external components.

## **4 Multiple key entry reset**

\*\*\* OPTION NO.4 \*\*\*

--- MULTIPLE KEY ENTRY RESET ---  
COMBINATION

1. NOT USE
2. USE <K00,K01,K02,K03>
3. USE <K00,K01,K02>
4. USE <K00,K01>

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 4

TIME AUTHORIZE

1. NOT USE
2. USE

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1

COMBINATION      4. USE <K00, K01>      SELECTED  
TIME AUTHORIZE    1. NOT USE      SELECTED

\* If "Not Use" is set for the combination, the time authorized selection is required.

The reset function and time authorize circuit are set when K00 through K03 are entered.

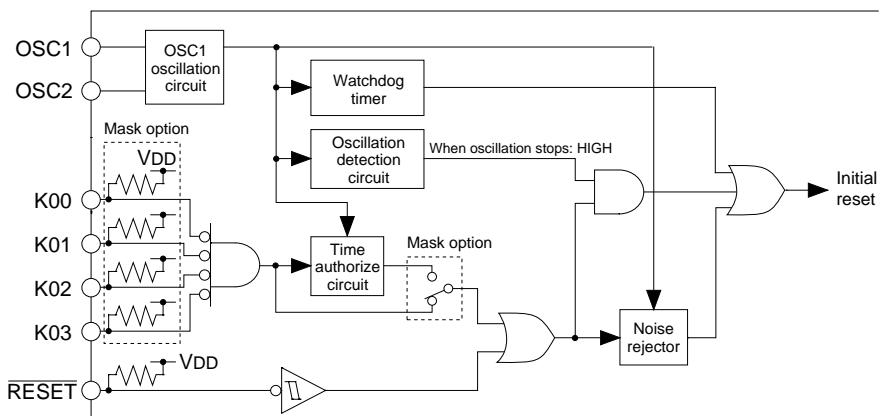
When "Not Use" is set for the combination, the reset function is not activated even if K00 through K03 are entered. When "Use <K00, K01>" is set, the system is reset immediately the K00 and K01 inputs go low at the same time. Similarly, the system is reset as soon as the K00 through K02 inputs or the K00 through K03 inputs go low.

When "Use" is set for the time authorize circuit, a simultaneous low input time is authorized. The system is reset when a signal is input for more than 1 to 2 sec.

If the time authorize circuit is not used, the system is reset when a low signal is input for more than 1.5 msec.

The multiple key entry reset circuit is shown in Figure 4.3.1.

*Fig. 4.3.1  
Multiple key entry  
reset circuit*



## 5 Watchdog timer reset

```
*** OPTION NO.5 ***
--- WATCHDOG TIMER RESET ---
    1. NOT USE
    2. USE

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 2
                2. USE SELECTED
```

Select whether the watchdog timer built-in to detect CPU runaways will be used or not.

When the watchdog timer is not reset by the program within 3 to 4 second cycles, the CPU is initially reset.

## 6 Input port pull up resistor

```
*** OPTION NO.6 ***
--- INPUT PORT PULL UP RESISTOR ---
K00      1. WITH RESISTOR
         2. GATE DIRECT

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
K01      1. WITH RESISTOR
         2. GATE DIRECT

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
K02      1. WITH RESISTOR
         2. GATE DIRECT

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
K03      1. WITH RESISTOR
         2. GATE DIRECT

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
K10      1. WITH RESISTOR
         2. GATE DIRECT

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
K11      1. WITH RESISTOR
         2. GATE DIRECT

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
K12      1. WITH RESISTOR
         2. GATE DIRECT

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
K13      1. WITH RESISTOR
         2. GATE DIRECT

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
K00      1. WITH RESISTOR  SELECTED
K01      1. WITH RESISTOR  SELECTED
K02      1. WITH RESISTOR  SELECTED
K03      1. WITH RESISTOR  SELECTED
K10      1. WITH RESISTOR  SELECTED
K11      1. WITH RESISTOR  SELECTED
K12      1. WITH RESISTOR  SELECTED
K13      1. WITH RESISTOR  SELECTED
```

Select whether input ports (K00–K03 and K10–K13) will each be supplemented with pull up resistors or not. When "Gate Direct" is selected, see to it that entry floating state does not occur. Select "With Resistor" pull up resistor for unused ports. Moreover, the input port status is changed from low level (V<sub>ss</sub>) to high (V<sub>dd</sub>) with pull up resistors, a delay in waveform rise time will occur depending on the pull up resistor and entry load time constant. Because of this, when input reading is to be conducted, ensure the appropriate wait time with the program.

The configuration of the pull up resistor circuit is shown in Figure 4.3.2.

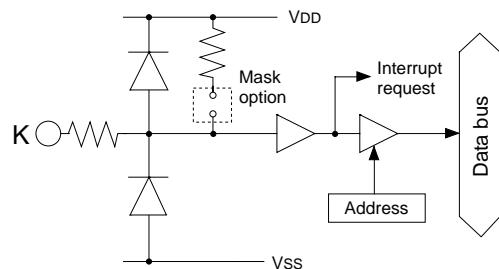


Fig. 4.3.2 Configuration of pull up resistor circuit

## 7 Output port output specification

```
*** OPTION NO.7 ***
--- OUTPUT PORT OUTPUT SPECIFICATION ---
R00-R03      1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
R10-R13      1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
R20-R23      1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
R30          1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
R31          1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
R32          1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
R33          1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
R40          1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
R41          1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
R42          1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
R43          1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
R00-R03      1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED
R10-R13      1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED
R20-R23      1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED
R30          1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED
R31          1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED
R32          1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED
R33          1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED
R40          1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED
R41          1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED
R42          1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED
R43          1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED
```

Select the output specification for the output ports (R00–R03, R10–R13, R20–R23, R30–R33 and R40–R43).

Either complementary output or Nch open drain output may be selected.

When output port is to be used on key matrix configuration, select Nch open drain output.

For unused output ports, select complementary output.

The output circuit configuration is shown in Figure 4.3.3.

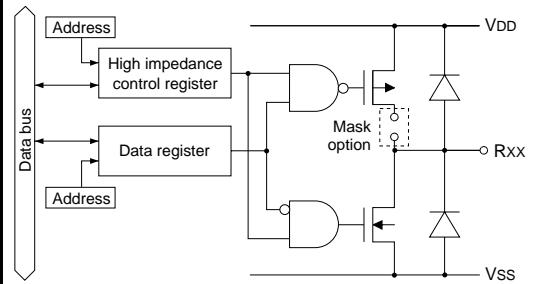


Fig. 4.3.3 Configuration of output circuit

## 8 I/O port output specification

```
*** OPTION NO.8 ***
--- I/O PORT OUTPUT SPECIFICATION ---
P00-P03      1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
P10-P13      1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
P20-P23      1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
P30          1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
P31          1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
P32          1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
P33          1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
P40-P43      1. COMPLEMENTARY
              2. NCH-OPENDRAIN

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
P00-P03      1. COMPLEMENTARY      SELECTED
P10-P13      1. COMPLEMENTARY      SELECTED
P20-P23      1. COMPLEMENTARY      SELECTED
P30          1. COMPLEMENTARY      SELECTED
P31          1. COMPLEMENTARY      SELECTED
P32          1. COMPLEMENTARY      SELECTED
P33          1. COMPLEMENTARY      SELECTED
P40-P43      1. COMPLEMENTARY      SELECTED
```

Select the output specification to be used during I/O ports (P00–P03, P10–P13, P20–P23, P30–P33 and P40–P43) output mode selection.

Either complementary output or Nch open drain output may be selected.

Select complementary output for unused ports.

The I/O ports can control the input/output direction according to the IOC registers (addresses B0H, B4H, B8H, BCH and C0H); at "1" and "0" settings, it is set to output port and input port, respectively.

When the serial interface function is selected, the output specification of the terminals SOUT, SCLK (during the master mode) and SRDY (during the slave mode) that is used as output in the input/output port of the serial interface is respectively selected by the mask options of P41, P42 and P43. Selects complementary output for the SIN (P40) output specification.

The I/O port circuit configuration is shown in Figure 4.3.4.

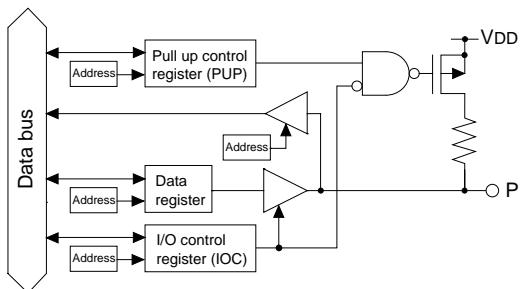


Fig. 4.3.4 Circuit configuration of I/O port

## 9 External power for LCD driving

```
*** OPTION NO.9 ***
--- EXTERNAL POWER FOR LCD DRIVING ---
1. INTERNAL POWER
2. EXTERNAL POWER

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
1. INTERNAL POWER      SELECTED
```

Select the power mode for the LCD driver.

When internal power is selected, the LCD power source built in the E0C6247 is used and driving is fixed at 1/4 bias. In this case, the LCD contrast may be adjusted through the software.

When external power is selected, the LCD driving voltage is externally supplied. Aside from 1/4 bias, driving may also be set at 1/5 bias. Adjustment of the LCD contrast in this case requires setting up of external components.

## 4.4 FOG6247 Quick Reference

### ■ Starting command and input/output files

**Execution file:** FOG6247.EXE

**Starting command:** **FOG6247**

indicates the Return key.

**Input file:** C247XXXF.DOC (Function option document file, when modifying)

**Output file:** C247XXXF.DOC (Function option document file)

C247XXXF.HEX (Function option HEX file)

### ■ Display example

```
*** E0C6247 FUNCTION OPTION GENERATOR. --- Ver 3.13A ***
EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPP SSSSSSS 0000000 NNNN NNNN
EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPPPP SSS SSSS 000 000 NNNNN NNNN
EEE PPP PPP SSS SSS 000 000 NNNNNNN NNNN
EEE PPP PPP SSS SSS 000 000 NNNNNNN NNNN
EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPPPP SSSSSS 000 000 NNN NNN NNNN
EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPP SSSSS 000 000 NNNN NNNNNNN NNNN
EEE PPP SSS SSS 000 000 NNNN NNNNNNN NNNN
EEE PPP SSS SSS 000 000 NNNN NNNNNNN NNNN
EEEEEEEEE PPP SSSSSSS 00000000 NNNN NNN NNN
EEEEEEEEE PPP SSSSSSS 00000000 NNNN NNN NNN

(C) COPYRIGHT 1993 SEIKO EPSON CORP.

THIS SOFTWARE MAKES NEXT FILES.

C247XXXF.HEX ... FUNCTION OPTION HEX FILE.
C247XXXF.DOC ... FUNCTION OPTION DOCUMENT FILE.

STRIKE ANY KEY.
```

```
*** E0C6247 USER'S OPTION SETTING. --- Ver 3.13A ***
CURRENT DATE IS 92/12/01
PLEASE INPUT NEW DATE : 92/12/20
```

```
*** OPERATION SELECT MENU ***
1. INPUT NEW FILE
2. EDIT FILE
3. RETURN TO DOS

PLEASE SELECT NO.?
```

```
*** OPERATION SELECT MENU ***
1. INPUT NEW FILE
2. EDIT FILE
3. RETURN TO DOS

PLEASE SELECT NO.? 1
PLEASE INPUT FILE NAME? C2470A0 ..(1)
PLEASE INPUT USER'S NAME? SEIKO EPSON CORP.  ..(2)
PLEASE INPUT ANY COMMENT
(ONE LINE IS 50 CHR)? TOKYO DESIGN CENTER ..(3)
? 421-8 HINO HINO-SHI TOKYO 191 JAPAN
? TEL 0425-84-2551
? FAX 0425-84-8512
? 
```

```
PLEASE INPUT FILE NAME? C2470A0
EXISTS OVERWRITE(Y/N)? N ..(1)
PLEASE INPUT FILE NAME? C2470B0
PLEASE INPUT USER'S NAME?
```

#### Start-up message

When FOG6247 is started, the start-up message is displayed.

For "STRIKE ANY KEY.", press any key to advance the program execution.

To suspend execution, press the "CTRL" and "C" keys together: the sequence returns to the DOS command level.

#### Date input

Enter the 2-digit year, month, and day of the month by delimiting them with a slash ("/"). When not modifying the date, press the RETURN key "" to continue.

#### Operation selection menu

Enter a number from 1 to 3 to select a subsequent operation.

1. To set new function options.
2. To modify the document file.
3. To terminate FOG6247.

#### Setting new function options

Select "1" on the operation selection menu.

- (1) Enter the file name.
- (2) Enter the customer's company name.
- (3) Enter any comment.

(Within 50 characters × 10 lines)

Next, start function option setting from option No. 1.

In case a function option document file with the same name as the file name specified in the current drive exists, the user is asked whether overwriting is desired. Enter "Y" or "N" accordingly.

```
*** OPERATION SELECT MENU ***
1. INPUT NEW FILE
2. EDIT FILE
3. RETURN TO DOS

PLEASE SELECT NO.? 2
```

```
*** SOURCE FILE(S) ***
C2470A0      C2470B0      C2470C0      ..(1)
PLEASE INPUT FILE NAME? C2470A0 ..(2)
PLEASE INPUT USER'S NAME?  ..(3)
PLEASE INPUT ANY COMMENT
(ONE LINE IS 50 CHR)?  ..(4)
PLEASE INPUT EDIT NO.? 4 ..(5)

(Modifying function option settings)
:
PLEASE INPUT EDIT NO.? E
```

In step (1), if no modifiable source exists, the following message is displayed and the sequence returns to the operation selection menu.

```
*** SOURCE FILE(S) ***
FUNCTION OPTION DOCUMENT FILE IS NOT FOUND.
```

In step (2), if the function option document file is not in the current drive, the following message is displayed, prompting entry of other file name.

```
PLEASE INPUT FILE NAME? C2470N0
FUNCTION OPTION DOCUMENT FILE IS NOT FOUND.
PLEASE INPUT FILE NAME?
```

In addition, if specified file format is different (such as document file for the other model), the following message is displayed and FOG6247 is terminated.

```
BAD FUNCTION OPTION DOCUMENT FILE.
```

```
*** OPTION NO.3 ***
--- OSC3 SYSTEM CLOCK ---
1. NOT USE
2. USE <CR>
3. USE <CERAMIC>

PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 2
2. USE <CR> SELECTED
```

### **Modifying function option settings**

Select "2" on the operation selection menu.

- (1) Will display the files on the current drive.
- (2) Enter the file name.
- (3) Enter the customer's company name.
- (4) Enter any comment.

Previously entered data can be used by pressing the RETURN key "" at (3) and (4).

(5) Enter the number of the function option to be modified. When selection of one option is complete, the system prompts entry of another function option number. Repeat selection until all options to be modified are selected.

Enter "E" to end option setting. Then, move to the confirmation procedure for HEX file generation.

```
END OF OPTION SETTING.
DO YOU MAKE HEX FILE (Y/N) ? Y ..(1)

*** OPTION EPROM SELECT MENU ***
1. 27C64
2. 27C128
3. 27C256
4. 27C512

PLEASE SELECT NO.? 3 ..(2)
3. 27C256 SELECTED

MAKING FILE(S) IS COMPLETED.

*** OPERATION SELECT MENU ***
1. INPUT NEW FILE
2. EDIT FILE
3. RETURN TO DOS

PLEASE SELECT NO.?
```

### **Option selection**

The selections for each option correspond one to one to the option list. Enter the selection number. The value in parentheses ( ) indicates the default value, and is set when only the RETURN key "" is pressed.

In return, the confirmation is displayed.

When you wish to modify previously set function options in the new setting process, enter "B" to return 1 step back to the previous function option setting operation.

### **EPROM selection**

When setting function options setting is completed, the following message is output to ask the operator whether to generate the HEX file.

- (1) When debugging the program with EVA6247, HEX file is needed, so enter "Y" . If "N" is entered, no HEX file is generated and only document file is generated.
- (2) For the option ROM selection menu displayed when "Y" is entered in Step (1), select the EPROM to be used for setting EVA6247 options.

When a series of operations are complete, the sequence returns to the operation selection menu.

## 4.5 Sample File

---

### ■ Example of function option document file

```

* E0C6247 FUNCTION OPTION DOCUMENT V 3.13A
*
* FILE NAME      C2470A0F.DOC
* USER'S NAME    SEIKO EPSON CORP.
* INPUT DATE     92/12/01
*
* COMMENT        TOKYO DESIGN CENTER
*                 421-8 HINO HINO-SHI TOKYO 191 JAPAN
*                 TEL 0425-84-2551
*                 FAX 0425-84-8512
*
* OPTION NO.1
* < OSC1 SYSTEM CLOCK (FOR EVA BOARD) >
*           32.7KHZ ----- SELECTED
*OPT0101
*
* OPTION NO.2
* < OSC3 SYSTEM CLOCK SPECIFICATION (FOR EVA BOARD) >
*           INTERNAL CLOCK ----- SELECTED
*OPT0201
*
* OPTION NO.3
* < OSC3 SYSTEM CLOCK >
*           NOT USE ----- SELECTED
*OPT0301 01
*
* OPTION NO.4
* < MULTIPLE KEY ENTRY RESET >
*   COMBINATION      NOT USE ----- SELECTED
*   TIME AUTHORIZE   NOT USE ----- SELECTED
*OPT0401 01
*OPT0402 01
*
* OPTION NO.5
* < WATCHDOG TIMER RESET >
*           USE ----- SELECTED
*OPT0501 02
*
* OPTION NO.6
* < INPUT PORT PULL UP RESISTOR >
*   K00             WITH RESISTOR ----- SELECTED
*   K01             WITH RESISTOR ----- SELECTED
*   K02             WITH RESISTOR ----- SELECTED
*   K03             WITH RESISTOR ----- SELECTED
*   K10             WITH RESISTOR ----- SELECTED
*   K11             WITH RESISTOR ----- SELECTED
*   K12             WITH RESISTOR ----- SELECTED
*   K13             WITH RESISTOR ----- SELECTED

```

```

OPT0601 01
OPT0602 01
OPT0603 01
OPT0604 01
OPT0605 01
OPT0606 01
OPT0607 01
OPT0608 01
*
* OPTION NO.7
* < OUTPUT PORT OUTPUT SPECIFICATION >
*   R00-R03           COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   R10-R13           COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   R20-R23           COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   R30               COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   R31               COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   R32               COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   R33               COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   R40               COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   R41               COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   R42               COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   R43               COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
OPT0701 01
OPT0702 01
OPT0703 01
OPT0704 01
OPT0705 01
OPT0706 01
OPT0707 01
OPT0708 01
OPT0709 01
OPT0710 01
OPT0711 01
*
* OPTION NO.8
* < I/O PORT OUTPUT SPECIFICATION >
*   P00-P03           COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   P10-P13           COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   P20-P23           COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   P30               COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   P31               COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   P32               COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   P33               COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
*   P40-P43           COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
OPT0801 01
OPT0802 01
OPT0803 01
OPT0804 01
OPT0805 01
OPT0806 01
OPT0807 01
OPT0808 01
*
```

```
* OPTION NO.9
* < EXTERNAL POWER FOR LCD DRIVING >
*                               INTERNAL POWER ----- SELECTED
OPT0901 01
OPT0902 01
*
*
*
* SEIKO EPSON'S AREA
*
*
*
* OPTION NO.10
OPT1001 01
*
* OPTION NO.11
OPT1101 01
*
* OPTION NO.12
OPT1201 01
*
* OPTION NO.13
OPT1301 01
*
* OPTION NO.14
OPT1401 01
*
* OPTION NO.15
OPT1501 01
*
* OPTION NO.16
OPT1601 01
*
* OPTION NO.17
OPT1701 01
OPT1702 01
*
* OPTION NO.18
OPT1801 01
OPT1802 01
*
* OPTION NO.19
OPT1901 01
\\END
```

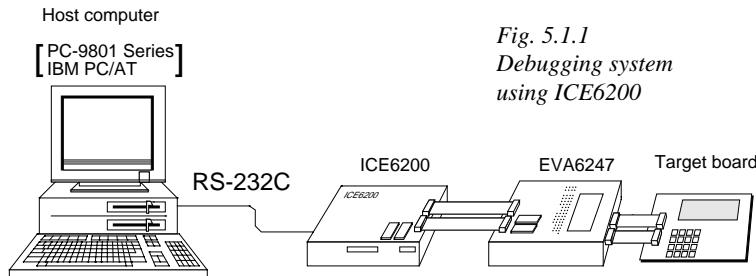
*Note* End mark "¥¥END" may be used instead of "\\END" depending on the PC used. (The code of \ and ¥ is 5CH.)

# 5 ICE CONTROL SOFTWARE ICS6247

## 5.1 ICS6247 Outline

The In-circuit Emulator ICE6200 connects the target board produced by the user via the EVA6247 and performs real time target system evaluation and debugging by passing through the RS-232C from the host computer and controlling it. The operation on the host computer side and ICE6200 control is done through the ICE Control Software ICS6247.

The ICS6247 has a set of numerous and highly functional emulation commands which provide sophisticated break function, on-the-fly data display, history display, etc., and so perform a higher level of debugging.



*Fig. 5.1.1  
Debugging system  
using ICE6200*



*The functions of the ICE6200 and commands are same as for the E0C62 Family. Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for details.*

## 5.2 ICS6247 Restrictions

Take the following precautions when using the ICS6247.

### ■ ROM area

The ROM area is limited to a maximum address of 1FFFH.

### ■ RAM area

The RAM area is limited to a maximum address of AFFH. However, as the following addresses are in the unused area, designation of this area with the ICE commands produces an error.

Page 0 to 3: 82H–83H, 85H–87H, 8FH, 93H, 97H, 9FH, ABH–AFH, B3H, B7H, BBH, C3H–C7H,  
CEH–CFH, D3H–DFH, E4H–E7H, EFH, F5H–F7H, FDH–FFH

### ■ OPTLD command

In the ICS6247, OPTLD command can be used.

This command is used to load HEX file (function option data) in the EVA6247 memory with the ICE6200.

Load of function option data: #OPTLD , 1 , C247XXX ↴

**OPTLD****READ HEXA DATA FILE**

---

**Format**#OPTLD,1,<file name>**Function**

Load function option HEX file in the EVA6247 function option data memory.  
It is HEX file output by the function option generator and has intel HEX format.

- \* Since function option HEX file cannot be loaded in OSC3 clock operation, you should not change the operation clock.

**Example**#OPTLD,1,C247XXX ..... C247XXXF.HEX file is loaded in the function option data memory.

## 5.3 ICS6247 Quick Reference

### ■ Starting command and input/output files

□ indicates the Return key.

**Execution file:** ICS6247.BAT (ICS6247J.EXE) . . . for MS-DOS  
ICS6247B.BAT (ICS6247W.EXE) . . . for PC-DOS

**Starting command:** **ICS6247 (ICS6247J)□** . . . for MS-DOS  
**ICS6247B (ICS6247W)□** . . . for PC-DOS

**Input file:** C247XXXL.HEX (Object file, low-order)  
C247XXXH.HEX (Object file, high-order)  
C247XXXD.HEX (Data RAM file)  
C247XXXC.HEX (Control file)  
C247XXXF.HEX (Function option HEX file)

**Output file:** C247XXXL.HEX (Object file, low-order)  
C247XXXH.HEX (Object file, high-order)  
C247XXXD.HEX (Data RAM file)  
C247XXXC.HEX (Control file)

### ■ Display example

```
*** E0C6247 ICE CONTROL SOFTWARE. --- Ver 3.01 ***

EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPP SSSSSS OOOOOOOO NNN NNN
EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPPPP SSS SSSS OOO OOO NNNNNN NNNN
EEE PPP PPP SSS SSS 000 000 NNNNNN NNNN
EEE PPP PPP SSS 000 000 NNNNNN NNNN
EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPPPP SSSSSS 000 000 NNN NNNNNN NNN
EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPP SSSSSS 000 000 NNN NNNNNN NNN
EEE PPP SSS SSS 000 000 NNN NNNNNN NNN
EEE PPP SSS SSS 000 000 NNN NNNNNN NNN
EEEEEEEEE PPP SSSSSSS 00000000 NNN NN

(C) COPYRIGHT 1991 SEIKO EPSON CORP.

* ICE POWER ON RESET *
* DIAGNOSTIC TEST OK *
#
```

#### Start-up message

When ICS6247 is started, the start-up message is displayed, and a self-test is automatically performed. ICS6247 commands are awaited when the program is properly loaded and the # mark is displayed.

Debugging can be done by entering command after the # mark.

The ICS6247 program is terminated by entering the Q (Quit) command.

**Note** Confirm that the cables connected properly, then operate the ICS6247.

### ■ Error messages

Error message	Meaning	Recover procedure
* COMMUNICATION ERROR OR ICE NOT READY *	ICE6200 is disconnected or power is OFF.	Switch OFF the host power supply, connect cable, and reapply power. Or switch ON power to ICE6200.
* TARGET DOWN (1) *	Evaluation board is disconnected. (Check at power ON)	Switch OFF power to ICE, and connect the evaluation board. Then, apply power to ICE6200.
* TARGET DOWN (2) *	Evaluation board is disconnected. (Check at command execution)	Switch OFF power to ICE, and connect the evaluation board. Then, apply power to ICE6200.
* UNDEFINED PROGRAM CODE EXIST *	Undefined code is detected in the program loaded from ROM or FD.	Convert ROM and FD data with the cross assembler, then restart the ICE6200.
* COMMAND ERROR *	A miss occurs by command input.	Reenter the proper command.
(No response after power on)	The ICE-to-HOST cable is disconnected on the host side.	Switch OFF the host power supply, connect cable, and reapply power.

## ■ ICE6200 commands

Item No.	Function	Command Format	Outline of Operation
1	Assemble	#A,a [ ]	Assemble command mnemonic code and store at address "a"
2	Disassemble	#L,a1,a2 [ ]	Contents of addresses a1 to a2 are disassembled and displayed
3	Dump	#DP,a1,a2 [ ]	Contents of program area a1 to a2 are displayed
		#DD,a1,a2 [ ]	Content of data area a1 to a2 are displayed
4	Fill	#FP,a1,a2,d [ ]	Data d is set in addresses a1 to a2 (program area)
		#FD,a1,a2,d [ ]	Data d is set in addresses a1 to a2 (data area)
5	Set Run Mode	#G,a [ ]	Program is executed from the "a" address
		#TIM [ ]	Execution time and step counter selection
		#OTF [ ]	On-the-fly display selection
6	Trace	#T,a,n [ ]	Executes program while displaying results of step instruction from "a" address
		#U,a,n [ ]	Displays only the final step of #T,a,n
7	Break	#BA,a [ ]	Sets Break at program address "a"
		#BAR,a [ ]	Breakpoint is canceled
		#BD [ ]	Break condition is set for data RAM
		#BDR [ ]	Breakpoint is canceled
		#BR [ ]	Break condition is set for EVA6247 CPU internal registers
		#BRR [ ]	Breakpoint is canceled
		#BM [ ]	Combined break conditions set for program data RAM address and registers
		#BMR [ ]	Cancel combined break conditions for program data ROM address and registers
		#BRES [ ]	All break conditions canceled
		#BC [ ]	Break condition displayed
		#BE [ ]	Enter break enable mode
		#BSYN [ ]	Enter break disable mode
		#BT [ ]	Set break stop/trace modes
		#BRKSEL,REM [ ]	Set BA condition clear/remain modes
8	Move	#MP,a1,a2,a3 [ ]	Contents of program area addresses a1 to a2 are moved to addresses a3 and after
		#MD,a1,a2,a3 [ ]	Contents of data area addresses a1 to a2 are moved to addresses a3 and after
9	Data Set	#SP,a [ ]	Data from program area address "a" are written to memory
		#SD,a [ ]	Data from data area address "a" are written to memory
10	Change CPU Internal Registers	#DR [ ]	Display EVA6247 CPU internal registers
		#SR [ ]	Set EVA6247 CPU internal registers
		#I [ ]	Reset EVA6247 CPU
		#DXY [ ]	Display X, Y, MX and MY
		#SXY [ ]	Set data for X and Y display and MX, MY

Item No.	Function	Command Format	Outline of Operation
11	History	#H,p1,p2 ↴	Display history data for pointer 1 and pointer 2
		#HB ↴	Display upstream history data
		#HG ↴	Display 21 line history data
		#HP ↴	Display history pointer
		#HPS,a ↴	Set history pointer
		#HC,S/C/E ↴	Sets up the history information acquisition before (S), before/after (C) and after (E)
		#HA,a1,a2 ↴	Sets up the history information acquisition from program area a1 to a2
		#HAR,a1,a2 ↴	Sets up the prohibition of the history information acquisition from program area a1 to a2
		#HAD ↴	Indicates history acquisition program area
		#HS,a ↴	Retrieves and indicates the history information which executed a program address "a"
12	File	#RF,file ↴	Move program file to memory
		#RFD,file ↴	Move data file to memory
		#VF,file ↴	Compare program file and contents of memory
		#VFD,file ↴	Compare data file and contents of memory
		#WF,file ↴	Save contents of memory to program file
		#WFD,file ↴	Save contents of memory to data file
		#CL,file ↴	Load ICE6200 set condition from file
		#CS,file ↴	Save ICE6200 set condition to file
		#OPTLD,1,file ↴	Load function option data from file
13	Coverage	#CVD ↴	Indicates coverage information
		#CVR ↴	Clears coverage information
14	ROM Access	#RP ↴	Move contents of ROM to program memory
		#VP ↴	Compare contents of ROM with contents of program memory
		#ROM ↴	Set ROM type
15	Terminate ICE	#Q ↴	Terminate ICE and return to operating system control
16	Command Display	#HELP ↴	Display ICE6200 instruction
17	Self Diagnosis	#CHK ↴	Report results of ICE6200 self diagnostic test

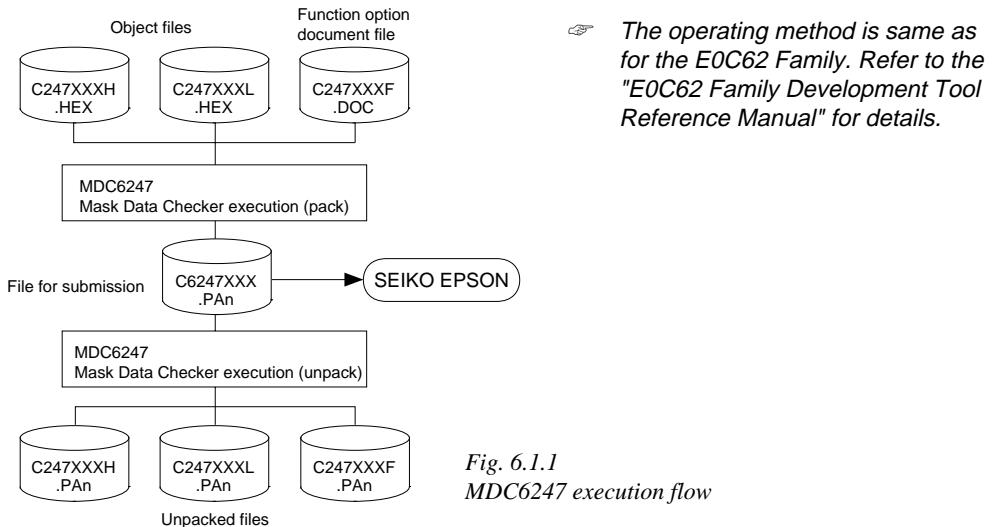
↳ means press the RETURN key.

# 6 MASK DATA CHECKER MDC6247

## 6.1 MDC6247 Outline

The Mask Data Checker MDC6247 is a software tool which checks the program data (C247XXXH.HEX and C247XXXL.HEX) and option data (C247XXXF.DOC) created by the user and creates the data file (C6247XXX.PAn) for generating mask patterns. The user must send the file generated through this software tool to Seiko Epson.

Moreover, MDC6247 has the capability to restore the generated data file (C6247XXX.PA0) to the original file format.



The operating method is same as for the E0C62 Family. Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for details.

## 6.2 MDC6247 Quick Reference

### ■ Starting command and input/output files

**Execution file:** MDC6247.EXE

**Starting command:** **MDC6247** ↴

↳ indicates the Return key.

**Input file:**

- C247XXXL.HEX (Object file, low-order)
- C247XXXH.HEX (Object file, high-order)
- C247XXXF.DOC (Function option document file)
- C6247XXX.PAn (Packed file)

When packing

When unpacking

**Output file:**

- C6247XXX.PAn (Packed file)
- C247XXXL.PAn (Object file, low-order)
- C247XXXH.PAn (Object file, high-order)
- C247XXXF.PAn (Function option document file)

When packing

When unpacking

## ■ Display examples

```
*** E0C6247 PACK / UNPACK PROGRAM Ver 2.001 ***
EEEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPP SSSSSSSS OOOOOOOO NNN NNN
EEEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPPSSS SSSSSS OOO OOO NNNNNN NNNN
EEE PPP PPP SSS SSS 000 000 NNNNNN NNNN
EEE PPP PPP SSS 000 000 NNNNNNNN NNNN
EEEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPPSSS SSSSSS 000 000 NNN NNNNNNNN
EEE PPP SSS SSS 000 000 NNN NNNNNN
EEE PPP SSS SSS 000 000 NNN NNNNNN
EEEEEEEEEE PPP PPP SSSSSSSS 00000000 NNN NNN
EEEEEEEEEE PPP PPP SSSSSSSS 00000000 NNN NNN

(C) COPYRIGHT 1991 SEIKO EPSON CORP.

--- OPERATION MENU ---

1. PACK
2. UNPACK

PLEASE SELECT NO.?
```

### Start-up message

When MDC6247 is started, the start-up message and operation menu are displayed. Here, the user is prompted to select operation options.

```
--- OPERATION MENU ---

1. PACK
2. UNPACK

PLEASE SELECT NO. ? 1 ... (1)

C247XXXH.HEX -----+
| C247XXXL.HEX -----+ C247XXX.PAn (PACK FILE)
| C247XXXF.DOC -----+

PLEASE INPUT PACK FILE NAME (C6247XXX.PAn) ? C62470A0.PA0 ... (2)

C2470A0H.HEX -----+
| C2470A0L.HEX -----+ C2470A0.PA0
| C2470A0F.DOC -----+
```

### Packing of data

- (1) Select "1" in the operation menu.
- (2) Enter the file name.

After submitting the data to Seiko Epson and there is a need to re-submit the data, increase the numeric value of "n" by one when the input is made. (Example: When re-submitting data after "C6247XXX.PA0" has been submitted, the pack file name should be entered as "C6247XXX.PA1".)

With this, the mask file (C6247XXX.PAn) is generated, and the MDC6247 program will be terminated.

Submit this file to Seiko Epson.

**Note** Don't use the data generated with the -N option of the Cross Assembler (ASM6247) as program data. If the program data generated with the -N option of the Cross Assembler is packed, following message is displayed.

HEX DATA ERROR : DATA (NO FFh)

```
--- OPERATION MENU ---

1. PACK
2. UNPACK

PLEASE SELECT NO. ? 2 ... (1)

PLEASE INPUT PACKED FILE NAME (C6247XXX.PAn) ? C62470A0.PA0 ... (2)

+----- C2470A0H.PA0
| C62470A0.PA0 -----+----- C2470A0L.PA0
| +----- C2470A0F.PA0
```

### Unpacking of data

- (1) Select "2" in the operation menu.
- (2) Enter the packed file name.

With this, the mask data file (C6247XXX.PAn) is restored to the original file format, and the MDC6247 program will be terminated.

Since the extension of the file name remains as "PA0", it must be renamed back to its original form ("HEX" and "DOC") in order to re-debug or modify the restored file.

## ■ Error messages

### Program data error

Error Message	Explanation
1. HEX DATA ERROR : NOT COLON.	There is no colon.
2. HEX DATA ERROR : DATA LENGTH. (NOT 00–20h)	The data length of 1 line is not in the 00–20H range.
3. HEX DATA ERROR : ADDRESS.	The address is beyond the valid range of the program ROM.
4. HEX DATA ERROR : RECORD TYPE. (NOT 00)	The record type of 1 line is not 00.
5. HEX DATA ERROR : DATA. (NOT 00–FFh)	The data is not in the range between 00H and OFFH.
6. HEX DATA ERROR : TOO MANY DATA IN ONE LINE.	There are too many data in 1 line.
7. HEX DATA ERROR : CHECK SUM.	The checksum is not correct.
8. HEX DATA ERROR : END MARK.	The end mark is not : 00000001FF.
9. HEX DATA ERROR : DUPLICATE.	There is duplicate definition of data in the same address.
10. HEX DATA ERROR : DATA (NO FFh)	There is an undefined field in the HEX data.

### Function option data error

Error Message	Explanation
1. OPTION DATA ERROR : START MARK.	The start mark is not "\OPTION". (during unpacking) *
2. OPTION DATA ERROR : OPTION NUMBER.	The option number is not correct.
3. OPTION DATA ERROR : SELECT NUMBER.	The option selection number is not correct.
4. OPTION DATA ERROR : END MARK.	The end mark is not "\\END" (packing) or "\\END" (unpacking).*

### File error

Error Message	Explanation
1. <File_name> FILE IS NOT FOUND.	The file is not found or the file number set in CONFIG.SYS is less than 10.
2. PACK FILE NAME (File_name) ERROR.	The packed input format for the file name is wrong.
3. PACKED FILE NAME (File_name) ERROR.	The unpacked input format for the file name is wrong.
4. VERSION NUMBER ERROR : X.DOC	FOG6247 different from the version No. has been used.

### System error

Error Message	Explanation
1. DIRECTORY FULL.	The directory is full.
2. DISK WRITE ERROR.	Writing on the disk is failed.

\* \ sometimes appears as ¥, depending on the personal computer being used.

# APPENDIX A. E0C6247 INSTRUCTION SET

Classification	Mne-monic	Operand	Operation Code					Flag I D Z C	Clock	Operation							
			B	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
Branch instructions	PSET	p	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	p4	p3	p2	p1	p0		5	NBP $\leftarrow$ p4, NPP $\leftarrow$ p3~p0
		s	0	0	0	0	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		5	PCB $\leftarrow$ NBP, PCP $\leftarrow$ NPP, PCS $\leftarrow$ s7~s0
		C, s	0	0	1	0	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		5	PCB $\leftarrow$ NBP, PCP $\leftarrow$ NPP, PCS $\leftarrow$ s7~s0 if C=1
		NC, s	0	0	1	1	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		5	PCB $\leftarrow$ NBP, PCP $\leftarrow$ NPP, PCS $\leftarrow$ s7~s0 if C=0
		Z, s	0	1	1	0	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		5	PCB $\leftarrow$ NBP, PCP $\leftarrow$ NPP, PCS $\leftarrow$ s7~s0 if Z=1
		NZ, s	0	1	1	1	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		5	PCB $\leftarrow$ NBP, PCP $\leftarrow$ NPP, PCS $\leftarrow$ s7~s0 if Z=0
	JPBA		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		5	PCB $\leftarrow$ NBP, PCP $\leftarrow$ NPP, PCSH $\leftarrow$ B, PCSL $\leftarrow$ A
		CALL	0	1	0	0	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		7	M(SP-1) $\leftarrow$ PCP, M(SP-2) $\leftarrow$ PCSH, M(SP-3) $\leftarrow$ PCSL+1 SP $\leftarrow$ SP-3, PCP $\leftarrow$ NPP, PCS $\leftarrow$ s7~s0
	CALZ	s	0	1	0	1	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		7	M(SP-1) $\leftarrow$ PCP, M(SP-2) $\leftarrow$ PCSH, M(SP-3) $\leftarrow$ PCSL+1 SP $\leftarrow$ SP-3, PCP $\leftarrow$ 0, PCS $\leftarrow$ s7~s0
	RET		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1		7	PCSL $\leftarrow$ M(SP), PCSH $\leftarrow$ M(SP+1), PCP $\leftarrow$ M(SP+2) SP $\leftarrow$ SP+3
	RETS		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0		12	PCSL $\leftarrow$ M(SP), PCSH $\leftarrow$ M(SP+1), PCP $\leftarrow$ M(SP+2) SP $\leftarrow$ SP+3, PC $\leftarrow$ PC+1
	RETD	l	0	0	0	1	l7	l6	l5	l4	l3	l2	l1	l0		12	PCSL $\leftarrow$ M(SP), PCSH $\leftarrow$ M(SP+1), PCP $\leftarrow$ M(SP+2) SP $\leftarrow$ SP+3, M(X) $\leftarrow$ l3~l0, M(X+1) $\leftarrow$ l7~l4, X $\leftarrow$ X+2
System control instructions	NOP5		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1			5	No operation (5 clock cycles)
	NOP7		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			7	No operation (7 clock cycles)
	HALT		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0			5	Halt (stop clock)
Index operation instructions	INC	X	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0		5	X $\leftarrow$ X+1
		Y	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0		5	Y $\leftarrow$ Y+1
	LD	X, x	1	0	1	1	x7	x6	x5	x4	x3	x2	x1	x0		5	XH $\leftarrow$ x7~x4, XL $\leftarrow$ x3~x0
		Y, y	1	0	0	0	y7	y6	y5	y4	y3	y2	y1	y0		5	YH $\leftarrow$ y7~y4, YL $\leftarrow$ y3~y0
		XP, r	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	r1	r0			5	XP $\leftarrow$ r
		XH, r	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	r1	r0			5	XH $\leftarrow$ r
		XL, r	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	r1	r0			5	XL $\leftarrow$ r
		YP, r	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	r1	r0			5	YP $\leftarrow$ r
		YH, r	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	r1	r0			5	YH $\leftarrow$ r
		YL, r	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	r1	r0			5	YL $\leftarrow$ r
		r, XP	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	r1	r0			5	r $\leftarrow$ XP
		r, XH	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	r1	r0			5	r $\leftarrow$ XH
		r, XL	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	r1	r0			5	r $\leftarrow$ XL
		r, YP	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	r1	r0			5	r $\leftarrow$ YP
		r, YH	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	r1	r0			5	r $\leftarrow$ YH
		r, YL	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	r1	r0			5	r $\leftarrow$ YL
	ADC	XH, i	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow\downarrow$	7	XH $\leftarrow$ XH+i3~i0+C
		XL, i	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow\downarrow$	7	XL $\leftarrow$ XL+i3~i0+C
		YH, i	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow\downarrow$	7	YH $\leftarrow$ YH+i3~i0+C
		YL, i	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow\downarrow$	7	YL $\leftarrow$ YL+i3~i0+C

Classification	Mne- monic	Operand	Operation Code							Flag I D Z C	Clock	Operation					
			B	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
Index operation instructions	CP	XH, i	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	i3	i2	i1	i0	↑↑	7	XH-i3~i0
		XL, i	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	i3	i2	i1	i0	↑↑	7	XL-i3~i0
		YH, i	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	i3	i2	i1	i0	↑↑	7	YH-i3~i0
		YL, i	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	i3	i2	i1	i0	↑↑	7	YL-i3~i0
Data transfer instructions	LD	r, i	1	1	1	0	0	0	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0		5	r←i3~i0
		r, q	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	r1	r0	q1	q0		5	r←q
		A, Mn	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	n3	n2	n1	n0		5	A←M(n3~n0)
		B, Mn	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	n3	n2	n1	n0		5	B←M(n3~n0)
		Mn, A	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	n3	n2	n1	n0		5	M(n3~n0)←A
		Mn, B	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	n3	n2	n1	n0		5	M(n3~n0)←B
	LDPX	MX, i	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	i3	i2	i1	i0		5	M(X)←i3~i0, X←X+1
		r, q	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	r1	r0	q1	q0		5	r←q, X←X+1
	LDPY	MY, i	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	i3	i2	i1	i0		5	M(Y)←i3~i0, Y←Y+1
		r, q	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	r1	r0	q1	q0		5	r←q, Y←Y+1
	LBPX	MX, l	1	0	0	1	17	16	15	14	i3	i2	i1	i0		5	M(X)←l3~l0, M(X+1)←l7~l4, X←X+2
Flag operation instructions	SET	F, i	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	i3	i2	i1	i0	↑↑↑↑↑	7	F←FVi3~i0
	RST	F, i	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	i3	i2	i1	i0	↓↓↓↓	7	F←F&i3~i0
	SCF		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	↑	7	C←1
	RCF		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	↓	7	C←0
	SZF		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	↑	7	Z←1
	RZF		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	↓	7	Z←0
	SDF		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	↑	7	D←1 (Decimal Adjuster ON)
	RDF		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	↓	7	D←0 (Decimal Adjuster OFF)
	EI		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	↑	7	I←1 (Enables Interrupt)
	DI		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	↓	7	I←0 (Disables Interrupt)
Stack operation instructions	INC	SP	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1		5	SP←SP+1
	DEC	SP	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1		5	SP←SP-1
	PUSH	r	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	r1	r0		5	SP←SP-1, M(SP)←r
		XP	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0		5	SP←SP-1, M(SP)←XP
		XH	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1		5	SP←SP-1, M(SP)←XH
		XL	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0		5	SP←SP-1, M(SP)←XL
		YP	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1		5	SP←SP-1, M(SP)←YP
		YH	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0		5	SP←SP-1, M(SP)←YH
		YL	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1		5	SP←SP-1, M(SP)←YL
		F	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0		5	SP←SP-1, M(SP)←F
	POP	r	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	r1	r0		5	r←M(SP), SP←SP+1
		XP	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0		5	XP←M(SP), SP←SP+1
		XH	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1		5	XH←M(SP), SP←SP+1
		XL	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0		5	XL←M(SP), SP←SP+1
		YP	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1		5	YP←M(SP), SP←SP+1

Classification	Mne-monic	Operand	Operation Code						Flag I D Z C	Clock	Operation						
			B	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
Stack operation instructions	POP	YH	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0		5	YH← M(SP), SP← SP+1
		YL	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1		5	YL← M(SP), SP← SP+1
		F	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	5	F← M(SP), SP← SP+1
	LD	SPH, r	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	r1	r0		5	SPH← r
		SPL, r	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	r1	r0		5	SPL← r
		r, SPH	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	r1	r0		5	r← SPH
		r, SPL	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	r1	r0		5	r← SPL
Arithmetic instructions	ADD	r, i	1	1	0	0	0	0	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	★↑↑↑↑	7	r← r+i3~i0
		r, q	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	r1	r0	q1	q0	★↑↑↑↑	7	r← r+q
	ADC	r, i	1	1	0	0	0	1	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	★↑↑↑↑	7	r← r+i3~i0+C
		r, q	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	r1	r0	q1	q0	★↑↑↑↑	7	r← r+q+C
	SUB	r, q	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	r1	r0	q1	q0	★↑↑↑↑	7	r← r-q
		SBC	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	r1	r0	q1	q0	★↑↑↑↑	7	r← r-i3~i0-C
	AND	r, i	1	1	0	1	0	1	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	r← r^i3~i0
		r, q	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	r1	r0	q1	q0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	r← r^q	
	OR	r, i	1	1	0	0	1	1	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	r← rVi3~i0
		r, q	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	r1	r0	q1	q0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	r← rVq	
	XOR	r, i	1	1	0	1	0	0	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	r← rVVi3~i0
		r, q	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	r1	r0	q1	q0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	r← rVq
	CP	r, i	1	1	0	1	1	1	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	r-i3~i0
		r, q	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	r1	r0	q1	q0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	r-q
	FAN	r, i	1	1	0	1	1	0	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	rAi3~i0
		r, q	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	r1	r0	q1	q0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	r^q
	RLC	r	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	r1	r0	r1	r0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	d3←d2, d2←d1, d1←d0, d0←C, C←d3
		RRC	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	r1	r0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	5	d3←C, d2←d3, d1←d2, d0←d1, C←d0
	INC	Mn	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	n3	n2	n1	n0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	M(n3~n0)←M(n3~n0)+1
	DEC	Mn	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	n3	n2	n1	n0	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	M(n3~n0)←M(n3~n0)-1
	ACPX	MX, r	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	r1	r0		★↑↑↑↑	7	M(X)←M(X)+r+C, X←X+1
	ACPY	MY, r	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	r1	r0		★↑↑↑↑	7	M(Y)←M(Y)+r+C, Y←Y+1
	SCPX	MX, r	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	r1	r0		★↑↑↑↑	7	M(X)←M(X)-r-C, X←X+1
	SCPY	MY, r	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	r1	r0		★↑↑↑↑	7	M(Y)←M(Y)-r-C, Y←Y+1
	NOT	r	1	1	0	1	0	0	r1	r0	1	1	1	1	↑↑↑↑↑↑	7	r←r̄

Abbreviations used in the explanations have the following meanings.

#### *Symbols associated with registers and memory*

<b>A</b>	A register
<b>B</b>	B register
<b>X</b>	XHL register (low order eight bits of index register IX)
<b>Y</b>	YHL register (low order eight bits of index register IY)
<b>XH</b>	XH register (high order four bits of XHL register)
<b>XL</b>	XL register (low order four bits of XHL register)
<b>YH</b>	YH register (high order four bits of YHL register)
<b>YL</b>	YL register (low order four bits of YHL register)
<b>XP</b>	XP register (high order four bits of index register IX)
<b>YP</b>	YP register (high order four bits of index register IY)
<b>SP</b>	Stack pointer SP
<b>SPH</b>	High-order four bits of stack pointer SP
<b>SPL</b>	Low-order four bits of stack pointer SP
<b>MX, M(X)</b>	Data memory whose address is specified with index register IX
<b>MY, M(Y)</b>	Data memory whose address is specified with index register IY
<b>Mn, M(n)</b>	Data memory address 000H–00FH (address specified with immediate data n of 00H–0FH)
<b>M(SP)</b>	Data memory whose address is specified with stack pointer SP
<b>r, q</b>	Two-bit register code r, q is two-bit immediate data; according to the contents of these bits, they indicate registers A, B, and MX and MY (data memory whose addresses are specified with index registers IX and IY)

<b>r</b>		<b>q</b>		Register specified
r1	r0	q1	q0	
0	0	0	0	A
0	1	0	1	B
1	0	1	0	MX
1	1	1	1	MY

#### *Symbols associated with program counter*

<b>NBP</b>	New bank pointer
<b>NPP</b>	New page pointer
<b>PCB</b>	Program counter bank
<b>PCP</b>	Program counter page
<b>PCS</b>	Program counter step
<b>PCSH</b>	Four high order bits of PCS
<b>PCSL</b>	Four low order bits of PCS

#### *Symbols associated with flags*

<b>F</b>	Flag register (I, D, Z, C)
<b>C</b>	Carry flag
<b>Z</b>	Zero flag
<b>D</b>	Decimal flag
<b>I</b>	Interrupt flag
↓	Flag reset
↑	Flag set
◊	Flag set or reset

#### *Associated with immediate data*

<b>p</b>	Five-bit immediate data or label 00H–1FH
<b>s</b>	Eight-bit immediate data or label 00H–0FFH
<b>l</b>	Eight-bit immediate data 00H–0FFH
<b>i</b>	Four-bit immediate data 00H–0FH

#### *Associated with arithmetic and other operations*

<b>+</b>	Add
<b>-</b>	Subtract
<b>^</b>	Logical AND
<b>∨</b>	Logical OR
<b>▽</b>	Exclusive-OR
<b>★</b>	Add-subtract instruction for decimal operation when the D flag is set

# **APPENDIX B. E0C6247 RAM MAP**

*RAM map - I (000H–07FH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	0	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
1	1	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
2	2	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
3	3	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
4	4	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
5	5	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
6	6	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
7	7	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		

*RAM map - 2 (100H–17FH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	0	NAME MSB		LSB																
1	NAME MSB			LSB																
2	NAME MSB			LSB																
3	NAME MSB			LSB																
4	NAME MSB			LSB																
5	NAME MSB			LSB																
6	NAME MSB			LSB																
7	NAME MSB			LSB																
				LSB																

*RAM map - 3 (200H–27FH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
2	0	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
1	1	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
2	2	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
3	3	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
4	4	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
5	5	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
6	6	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
7	7	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		

*RAM map - 4 (300H–37FH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
3	0	NAME MSB		LSB																
1	NAME MSB			LSB																
2	NAME MSB			LSB																
3	NAME MSB			LSB																
4	NAME MSB			LSB																
5	NAME MSB			LSB																
6	NAME MSB			LSB																
7	NAME MSB			LSB																

*RAM map - 5 (400H–47FH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
4	0	NAME MSB		LSB																
1	1	NAME MSB		LSB																
2	2	NAME MSB		LSB																
3	3	NAME MSB		LSB																
4	4	NAME MSB		LSB																
5	5	NAME MSB		LSB																
6	6	NAME MSB		LSB																
7	7	NAME MSB		LSB																

*RAM map - 6 (480H–4FFH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		RAM map - 6 (480H–4FFH)																
P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
4	8	NAME MSB																
		LSB																
9	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																
A	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																
B	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																
C	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																
D	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																
E	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																
F	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																

*RAM map - 7 (500H–57FH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
5	NAME MSB																			
	LSB																			
1	NAME MSB																			
	LSB																			
2	NAME MSB																			
	LSB																			
3	NAME MSB																			
	LSB																			
4	NAME MSB																			
	LSB																			
5	NAME MSB																			
	LSB																			
6	NAME MSB																			
	LSB																			
7	NAME MSB																			
	LSB																			

### *RAM map - 8 (580H-5FFH)*

*RAM map - 9 (600H–67FH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
6	0	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
1	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
2	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
3	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
4	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
5	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
6	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
7	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		

*RAM map - 10 (680H–6FFH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
6	8	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
9		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
A		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
B		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
C		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
D		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
E		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
F		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		

*RAM map - 11 (700H–77FH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
7	0	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
1	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
2	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
3	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
4	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
5	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
6	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
7	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		

*RAM map - I2 (780H–7FFH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
7	8	NAME MSB	LSB																	
9		NAME MSB	LSB																	
		NAME MSB	LSB																	
A		NAME MSB	LSB																	
B		NAME MSB	LSB																	
C		NAME MSB	LSB																	
D		NAME MSB	LSB																	
E		NAME MSB	LSB																	
F		NAME MSB	LSB																	
			LSB																	

*RAM map - I3 (800H–87FH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
8	0	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
1	1	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
2	2	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
3	3	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
4	4	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
5	5	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
6	6	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
7	7	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		

*RAM map - 14 (880H–8FFH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
8	8	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
9	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
A	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
B	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
C	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
D	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
E	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
F	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		

*External memory access area (900H–97FH)*

PROGRAM NAME:																		
P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
9	0	NAME MSB																
		LSB																
1	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																
2	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																
3	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																
4	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																
5	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																
6	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																
7	NAME MSB																	
		LSB																

*External memory access area (980H–9FFH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
9	8	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
9		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
A		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
B		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
C		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
D		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
E		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
F		NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		

*Display memory (A00H–A7FH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
A	0	NAME	MSB																	
		LSB																		
1	NAME	MSB																		
		LSB																		
2	NAME	MSB																		
		LSB																		
3	NAME	MSB																		
		LSB																		
4	NAME	MSB																		
		LSB																		
5	NAME	MSB																		
		LSB																		
6	NAME	MSB																		
		LSB																		
7	NAME	MSB																		
		LSB																		

*Display memory (A80H-AFFH)*

PROGRAM NAME:		P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
A	8	NAME MSB																		
		LSB																		
9	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
A	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
B	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
C	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
D	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
E	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		
F	NAME MSB																			
		LSB																		

*I/O memory (page 0 to 3, 80H–FFH)*

PROGRAM NAME:																		
P	H	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	8	NAME	MSB	SVDS3	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CLKCHG	FOUTE	0	0	TM3	—
1	1	—	—	VCSEL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	OSCC	0	0	TM7	—	
2	2	LSB	SVDS2	0	—	VDSEL	—	—	—	—	—	PRSM1	VDC1	FOFQ1	0	TM6	—	
3	9	NAME	SVDS1	SVDDT	—	HLON	—	—	—	—	—	PRSM0	VDC0	WDRST	TMRST	TM5	—	
		LSB	SVDS0	SVDON	—	DBON	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TM4	—	
3	9	NAME	MSB	SIK03	K03	KCP03	—	SIK13	K13	KCP13	—	EXTMF	HZCS	A03	A07	A11	A15	—
		LSB	SIK02	K02	K02	KCP02	—	SIK12	K12	KCP12	—	0	HZBUS	A02	A06	A10	A14	—
			SIK01	K01	K01	KCP01	—	SIK11	K11	KCP11	—	MEMS1	ADINC	A01	A05	A09	A13	—
			LSB	SIK00	K00	KCP00	—	SIK10	K10	KCP10	—	MEMS0	PICON	A00	A04	A08	A12	A16
A	NAME	MSB	0	R03	0	R13	0	R23	R33HZ	R33	R43HZ	R43	SELR43	—	—	—	—	—
		0	R02	0	R12	0	R22	R32HZ	R32	R42HZ	R42	SELR42	—	—	—	—	—	—
		0	R01	0	R11	0	R21	R31HZ	R31	R41HZ	R41	0	—	—	—	—	—	—
		LSB	R0HZ	R0	R1HZ	R10	R2HZ	R20	R30HZ	R30	R40HZ	R40	—	—	—	—	—	—
B	NAME	MSB	IOC03	PUL03	P03D03	—	—	IOC13	PUL13	P13D07	—	IOC23	P23IC3	—	—	IOC33	PUL33	SELP33
		0	IOC02	PUL02	P02D02	—	—	IOC12	PUL12	P12D06	—	IOC22	P22IC2	—	—	IOC32	PUL32	SELP32
		0	IOC01	PUL01	P01D01	—	—	IOC11	PUL11	P11D05	—	IOC21	P21IC1	—	—	IOC31	PUL31	SELP31
		LSB	IOC00	PUL00	P00D00	—	—	IOC10	PUL10	P10D04	—	IOC20	P20IC0	—	—	IOC30	PUL30	SELP30
C	NAME	MSB	IOC43	PUL43	P43	—	—	—	—	—	0	EPR	RXTRG	0	TRXD3	TRXD7	—	—
		0	IOC42	PUL42	P42	—	—	—	—	—	SMD1	PMD	FER	PER	TRXD2	TRXD6	—	—
		LSB	IOC41	PUL41	P41	—	—	—	—	—	SCS1	TXTRG	PER	TRXD1	TRXD5	—	—	
			IOC40	PUL40	P40	—	—	—	—	—	ESIF	SCS0	OER	TRXD0	TRXD4	—	—	
D	NAME	MSB	LDUTY	0	LC3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		0	VCCHG	ALOFF	LC2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		—	LPWR	ALON	LC1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		LSB	LPAGE	LC0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
E	NAME	MSB	ENRTM	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	0	PNRFS	RD3	RD7	PT3	PT7	—	—
		0	ENRST	BZSTP	BZFOQ2	BDTY2	—	—	—	—	0	PTOE	RD2	RD6	PT2	PT6	—	—
		0	ENON	BZSHT	BZFOQ1	BDTY1	—	—	—	—	0	PTRUN	RD1	RD5	PT1	PT5	—	—
		LSB	BZE	SHTPW	BZFOQ0	BDTY0	—	—	—	—	0	PTPC0	PTTRST	RD0	RD4	PT0	PT4	—
F	NAME	MSB	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	0	0	0	0	IT3	—	—	—
		0	EISIFE	0	0	0	EIT3	—	—	—	0	0	0	0	IT2	—	—	—
		0	EISIFT	0	0	0	EIT2	—	—	—	0	0	0	0	IT1	—	—	—
		LSB	EIPT	EISIFR	EIK1	EIK0	EIT1	—	—	—	0	0	0	0	IT0	IK0	—	—

# APPENDIX C. E0C6247 I/O MEMORY MAP

I/O memory map (80H–8EH)

Address *7	Register				Name	Init *1	Comment	
	D3	D2	D1	D0			1	0
80H	SVDS3 SVDS2 SVDS1 SVDS0	R/W	R/W	R/W	SVDS3	0	SVD criteria voltage setting	SVDS Voltage [3][2][1][0] (V) 0 1 1 1 1.60 0 1 1 0 1.40 0 1 0 1 1.30 0 1 0 0 1.25 0 0 1 1 1.20 0 0 1 0 1.15 0 0 0 1 1.10 0 0 0 0 1.05
					SVDS2	0		
					SVDS1	0		
					SVDS0	0		
81H	0 0	SVDDT R	SVDON R/W	R/W	0 *5 0 *5	– *2 – *2	Unused Unused SVD detection data SVD circuit On/Off	UnUnused UnUnused SVD detection data SVD circuit On/Off
					SVDDT SVDON	0 0		
	VCSEL VDSEL HLON DBON	R/W	R/W	R/W	VCSEL VDSEL HLON DBON	0 0 0 0	VD2 VDD On On	Power selection for LCD system voltage circuit Power selection for oscillation system regulated voltage circuit Halver On/Off Dobler On/Off
					PRSM1 PRSM0	0 *5 0 *5 0 0	– *2 – *2	PRSM[1][0] fosc1 (kHz) 1 1 76.8 Unused 1 0 50.0 OSC1 0 1 38.4 prescaler selection 0 0 32.768
89H	CLKCHG OSCC VDC1 VDC0	R/W	R/W	R/W	CLKCHG OSCC VDC1 VDC0	0 0 0 0	OSC3 On Off	CPU system clock switch OSC3 oscillation On/Off
								CPU VDC [1][0] VDI Oscillation circuit operating 1 * 2.1 V OSC3 (1 MHz) voltage switch 0 1 1.4 V OSC3 (200 kHz) 0 0 1.2 V OSC1
					FOUTE FOFQ1 FOFQ0	0 0 0	OSC1 Enable Disable	
					R/W R R/W	– *2 – *2 – *2		
8AH	FOUTE R/W	0 R	0 R/W	WDRST W	FOFQ1 FOFQ0	0 0		FOUT output enable Unused FOFQ[1][0] FOUT frequency 1 1 fosc3 1 0 fosc1 0 1 fosc1/8 (fosc1/16) 0 0 fosc1/64 (fosc1/128) (In case of fosc1 = 76.8 kHz)
							Reset	
							Reset	
							–	
8BH	0 R	0 R/W	0 W	WDRST W	0 *5 0 *5 0 *5 WDRST	– *2 – *2 – *2 Reset	Unused Unused Unused Watchdog timer reset	Unused Unused Unused Watchdog timer reset
							Reset	
							–	
8CH	0 R	0 R/W	0 W	TMRUN TMRST TMRUN TMRST	0 *5 0 *5 0 *5 Reset	– *2 – *2 – *2 Run	Stop –	Unused Unused Clock timer Run/Stop Clock timer reset
							Reset	
							–	
8DH	TM3 R	TM2 TM1 TM0	TM1 TM0	TMRST TM3 TM2 TM1 TM0	TM3 TM2 TM1 TM0	0 0 0 0	Clock timer data (16 Hz) fosc1 (12.5 Hz) Clock timer data (32 Hz) = 50 kHz (25 Hz) Clock timer data (64 Hz) → (50 Hz) Clock timer data (128 Hz) (100 Hz)	Clock timer data (16 Hz) fosc1 (12.5 Hz) Clock timer data (32 Hz) = 50 kHz (25 Hz) Clock timer data (64 Hz) → (50 Hz) Clock timer data (128 Hz) (100 Hz)
							Reset	
							–	
8EH	TM7 R	TM6 TM5 TM4	TM5 TM4	TM4	TM7 TM6 TM5 TM4	0 0 0 0	Clock timer data (1 Hz) Clock timer data (2 Hz) Clock timer data (4 Hz) Clock timer data (8 Hz)	Clock timer data (1 Hz) Clock timer data (2 Hz) Clock timer data (4 Hz) Clock timer data (8 Hz)
							Reset	
							–	

**Remarks**

\*1 Initial value at the time of initial reset

\*2 Not set in the circuit

\*3 Undefined

\*4 Reset (0) immediately after being read

\*5 Constantly "0" when being read

\*6 Refer to main manual

\*7 Page switching in I/O memory is not necessary

## I/O memory map (90H–9EH)

Address *7	Register				Name	Init *1	1	0	Comment
	D3	D2	D1	D0					
90H	SIK03	SIK02	SIK01	SIK00	SIK03	0	Enable	Disable	K00–K03 interrupt selection register
					SIK02	0	Enable	Disable	
	R/W				SIK01	0	Enable	Disable	
					SIK00	0	Enable	Disable	
91H	K03	K02	K01	K00	K03	– *2	High	Low	K00–K03 input port data
					K02	– *2	High	Low	
	R				K01	– *2	High	Low	
					K00	– *2	High	Low	
92H	KCP03	KCP02	KCP01	KCP00	KCP03	1	↓	↑	K00–K03 input comparison register
					KCP02	1	↓	↑	
	R/W				KCP01	1	↓	↑	
					KCP00	1	↓	↑	
94H	SIK13	SIK12	SIK11	SIK10	SIK13	0	Enable	Disable	K10–K13 interrupt selection register
					SIK12	0	Enable	Disable	
	R/W				SIK11	0	Enable	Disable	
					SIK10	0	Enable	Disable	
95H	K13	K12	K11	K10	K13	– *2	High	Low	K10–K13 input port data
					K12	– *2	High	Low	
	R				K11	– *2	High	Low	
					K10	– *2	High	Low	
96H	KCP13	KCP12	KCP11	KCP10	KCP13	1	↓	↑	K10–K13 input comparison register
					KCP12	1	↓	↑	
	R/W				KCP11	1	↓	↑	
					KCP10	1	↓	↑	
98H	EXTMF	0	MEMS1	MEMS0	EXTMF	0	On	Off	External memory access function control
					0 *5	– *2			
	R/W				MEMS1	0			
					MEMS0	0			
99H	HZCS	HZBUS	ADINC	PICON	HZCS	0	High-Z	Output	CS0–CS3 output high-impedance control
					HZBUS	0	High-Z	Output	
	R/W				ADINC	0	Increment	–	
					PICON	0	Auto inc.	Normal	
9AH	A03	A02	A01	A00	A03	– *2	1	0	Address bus, RD/WR high-impedance control
					A02	– *2	1	0	
	R/W				A01	– *2	1	0	
					A00	– *2	1	0	
9BH	A07	A06	A05	A04	A07	– *2	1	0	External memory address A00–A03 (EXTMF = 1)
					A06	– *2	1	0	
	R/W				A05	– *2	1	0	
					A04	– *2	1	0	
9CH	A11	A10	A09	A08	A07	– *2	1	0	Functions as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 0.
					A06	– *2	1	0	
	R/W				A05	– *2	1	0	
					A04	– *2	1	0	
9DH	A15	A14	A13	A12	A11	– *2	1	0	External memory address A08–A11 (EXTMF = 1)
					A10	– *2	1	0	
	R/W				A09	– *2	1	0	
					A08	– *2	1	0	
9EH	0	0	0	A16	A15	– *2	1	0	External memory address A12–A15 (EXTMF = 1)
					A14	– *2	1	0	
	R				A13	– *2	1	0	
					A12	– *2	1	0	
9EH	R/W				0 *5	– *2			Bits that are not used as an address for external memory access can also be used as a general-purpose register.
					0 *5	– *2			
	R/W				0 *5	– *2			
					A16	– *2	1	0	

\*8 When other than EXTMF = 1 and a memory less than 1M bits are used, it functions as a general-purpose register.

## I/O memory map (A0H–AAH)

Address *7	Register				Name	Init *1	1	0	Comment
	D3	D2	D1	D0					
A0H	0	0	0	R0HIZ	0 *5	– *2	High-Z	Output	Unused
	R			R/W	0 *5	– *2			Unused * R0HIZ functions as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 1.
	R/W			R0HIZ	0 *5	– *2			R0 output high-impedance control (EXTMF = 0)
A1H	R03	R02	R01	R00	R03	1	High	Low	R00–R03 output port data (EXTMF = 0) Functions as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 1.
	R/W			R02	1	High	Low		
	R/W			R01	1	High	Low		
	R/W			R00	1	High	Low		
A2H	0	0	0	R1HIZ	0 *5	– *2	High-Z	Output	Unused
	R			R1HIZ	0 *5	– *2			Unused * R1HIZ functions as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 1.
	R/W			R1HIZ	0 *5	– *2			R1 output high-impedance control (EXTMF = 0)
A3H	R13	R12	R11	R10	R13	1	High	Low	R10–R13 output port data (EXTMF = 0) Functions as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 1.
	R/W			R12	1	High	Low		
	R/W			R11	1	High	Low		
	R/W			R10	1	High	Low		
A4H	0	0	0	R2HIZ	0 *5	– *2	High-Z	Output	Unused
	R			R2HIZ	0 *5	– *2			Unused * R2HIZ functions as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 1.
	R/W			R2HIZ	0 *5	– *2			R2 output high-impedance control (EXTMF = 0)
A5H	R23	R22	R21	R20	R23	1	High	Low	R20–R23 output port data (EXTMF = 0) Functions as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 1.
	R/W			R22	1	High	Low		
	R/W			R21	1	High	Low		
	R/W			R20	1	High	Low		
A6H	R33HIZ	R32HIZ	R31HIZ	R30HIZ	R33HIZ	0	High-Z	Output	R30–R33 output high-impedance control Bit corresponding to the address bus for external memory can be used as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 1.
	R/W			R32HIZ	0	High-Z	Output		
	R/W			R31HIZ	0	High-Z	Output		
	R/W			R30HIZ	0	High-Z	Output		
A7H	R33	R32	R31	R30	R33	1	High	Low	R30–R33 output port data Bit corresponding to the address bus for external memory can be used as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 1.
	R/W			R32	1	High	Low		
	R/W			R31	1	High	Low		
	R/W			R30	1	High	Low		
A8H	R43HIZ	R42HIZ	R41HIZ	R40HIZ	R43HIZ	0	High-Z	Output	R43 output high-impedance control R42 output high-impedance control R41 output high-impedance control (EXTMF = 0) (General-purpose register when EXTMF = 1) R40 output high-impedance control (EXTMF = 0) (General-purpose register when EXTMF = 1)
	R/W			R42HIZ	0	High-Z	Output		
	R/W			R41HIZ	0	High-Z	Output		
	R/W			R40HIZ	0	High-Z	Output		
A9H	R43	R42	R41	R40	R43	0	High	Low	R43 output port data (SELR43 = 0) (General-purpose register when BZ output is selected) R42 output port data (SELR42 = 0) (General-purpose register when B̄Z output is selected) R41 output port data (EXTMF = 0) (General-purpose register when EXTMF = 1) R40 output port data (EXTMF = 0) (General-purpose register when EXTMF = 1)
	R/W			R42	0	High	Low		
	R/W			R41	1	High	Low		
	R/W			R40	1	High	Low		
AAH	SELR43	SELR42	0	0	SELR43	0	BZ	Normal	R43 function selection register (BZ or general-purpose output) R42 function selection register (B̄Z or general-purpose output) Unused Unused
	R/W		R		SELR42	0	BZ	Normal	
	R/W		R		0 *5	– *2			
	R/W		R		0 *5	– *2			

*I/O memory map (B0H–BAH)*

Address *7	Register				Name	Init *1	1	0	Comment
	D3	D2	D1	D0					
B0H	IOC03	IOC02	IOC01	IOC00	IOC03	0	Output	Input	P00–P03 I/O control register (EXTMF = 0) Functions as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 1.
					IOC02	0	Output	Input	
					IOC01	0	Output	Input	
					IOC00	0	Output	Input	
B1H	R/W				PUL03	1	On	Off	P00–P03 pull up control register (EXTMF = 0) Functions as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 1.
	PUL02	PUL01	PUL00		PUL02	1	On	Off	
					PUL01	1	On	Off	
					PUL00	1	On	Off	
B2H	P03	P02	P01	P00	P03	– *2	High	Low	P00–P03 I/O port data (EXTMF = 0)
	D03	D02	D01	D00	P02	– *2	High	Low	
					P01	– *2	High	Low	
					P00	– *2	High	Low	
					D03	– *2	1	0	External memory data D00–D03 (EXTMF = 1)
					D02	– *2	1	0	
					D01	– *2	1	0	
					D00	– *2	1	0	
B4H	R/W				PUL13	1	On	Off	P10–P13 I/O control register (EXTMF = 0) Functions as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 1.
	PUL12	PUL11	PUL10		PUL12	1	On	Off	
					PUL11	1	On	Off	
					PUL10	1	On	Off	
B5H	P13	P12	P11	P10	P13	– *2	High	Low	P10–P13 I/O port data (EXTMF = 0)
	D07	D06	D05	D04	P12	– *2	High	Low	
					P11	– *2	High	Low	
					P10	– *2	High	Low	
					D07	– *2	1	0	External memory data D04–D07 (EXTMF = 1)
					D06	– *2	1	0	
					D05	– *2	1	0	
					D04	– *2	1	0	
B8H	IOC23	IOC22	IOC21	IOC20	IOC23	0	Output	Input	P20–P23 I/O control register (EXTMF = 0) Functions as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 1.
					IOC22	0	Output	Input	
					IOC21	0	Output	Input	
					IOC20	0	Output	Input	
B9H	PUL23	PUL22	PUL21	PUL20	PUL23	1	On	Off	P20–P23 pull up control register (EXTMF = 0) Functions as a general-purpose register when EXTMF = 1.
					PUL22	1	On	Off	
					PUL21	1	On	Off	
					PUL20	1	On	Off	
BAH	P23	P22	P21	P20	P23	– *2	High	Low	P20–P23 I/O port data (EXTMF = 0)
	CS3	CS2	CS1	CS0	P22	– *2	High	Low	
					P21	– *2	High	Low	
					P20	– *2	High	Low	
					CS3	– *2	Disable	Active	Chip select CS0–CS3 active standby (EXTMF = 1)
					CS2	– *2	Disable	Active	
					CS1	– *2	Disable	Active	
					CS0	– *2	Disable	Active	

*I/O memory map (BCH–C2H)*

Address *7	Register				Name	Init *1	1	0	Comment			
	D3	D2	D1	D0								
BCH	IOC33	IOC32	IOC31	IOC30	IOC33	0	Output	Input	P33 I/O control register (SELP33 = 0) (General-purpose register when FOUT output is selected)			
					IOC32	0	Output	Input	P32 I/O control register (SELP32 = 0) (General-purpose register when PTOVF output is selected)			
	R/W				IOC31	0	Output	Input	P31 I/O control register (SELP31 = 0) (General-purpose register when FR output is selected)			
	R/W				IOC30	0	Output	Input	P30 I/O control register (SELP30 = 0) (General-purpose register when CL output is selected)			
	R/W											
BDH	PUL33	PUL32	PUL31	PUL30	PUL33	1	On	Off	P33 pull up control register (SELP33 = 0) (General-purpose register when FOUT output is selected)			
					PUL32	1	On	Off	P32 pull up control register (SELP32 = 0) (General-purpose register when PTOVF output is selected)			
	R/W				PUL31	1	On	Off	P31 pull up control register (SELP31 = 0) (General-purpose register when FR output is selected)			
	R/W				PUL30	1	On	Off	P30 pull up control register (SELP30 = 0) (General-purpose register when CL output is selected)			
	R/W											
BEH	P33	P32	P31	P30	P33	– *2	High	Low	P33 I/O port data (SELP33 = 0) (General-purpose register when FOUT output is selected)			
					P32	– *2	High	Low	P32 I/O port data (SELP32 = 0) (General-purpose register when PTOVF output is selected)			
	R/W				P31	– *2	High	Low	P31 I/O port data (SELP31 = 0) (General-purpose register when FR output is selected)			
	R/W				P30	– *2	High	Low	P30 I/O port data (SELP30 = 0) (General-purpose register when CL output is selected)			
	R/W											
BFH	SELP33	SELP32	SELP31	SELP30	SELP33	0	FOUT	I/O	P33 function selection register (FOUT output or I/O)			
					SELP32	0	PTOVF	I/O	P32 function selection register (PTOVF output or I/O)			
	R/W				SELP31	0	FR	I/O	P31 function selection register (FR output or I/O)			
	R/W				SELP30	0	CL	I/O	P30 function selection register (CL output or I/O)			
	R/W											
C0H	IOC43	IOC42	IOC41	IOC40	IOC43	0	Output	Input	P43 I/O control register (General-purpose register when SI/F (sync. slave) is selected)			
					IOC42	0	Output	Input	P42 I/O control register (General-purpose register when SI/F (sync.) is selected)			
	R/W				IOC41	0	Output	Input	P41 I/O control register (ESIF = 0) (General-purpose register when SI/F is selected)			
	R/W				IOC40	0	Output	Input	P40 I/O control register (ESIF = 0) (General-purpose register when SI/F is selected)			
	R/W											
C1H	PUL43	PUL42	PUL41	PUL40	PUL43	1	On	Off	P43 pull up control register (General-purpose register when SI/F (sync. slave) is selected)			
					PUL42	1	On	Off	P42 pull up control register (General-purpose register when SI/F (sync. master) is selected)			
	R/W				PUL41	1	On	Off	P41 pull up control register (ESIF = 0) (General-purpose register when SI/F is selected)			
	R/W				PUL40	1	On	Off	P40 pull up control register (ESIF = 0) SIN pull up control register (ESIF = 1)			
	R/W											
C2H	P43	P42	P41	P40	P43	– *2	High	Low	P43 I/O port data (General-purpose register when SI/F (sync. slave) is selected)			
					P42	– *2	High	Low	P42 I/O port data (General-purpose register when SI/F (sync.) is selected)			
	R/W				P41	– *2	High	Low	P41 I/O port data (ESIF = 0) (General-purpose register when SI/F is selected)			
	R/W				P40	– *2	High	Low	P40 I/O port data (ESIF = 0) (General-purpose register when SI/F is selected)			
	R/W											

## I/O memory map (C8H–D2H)

Address *7	Register				Name	Init *1	Comment	
	D3	D2	D1	D0			1	0
C8H	0	SMD1	SMD0	ESIF	0 *5	– *2	Unused	Serial I/F mode selection SMD[1][0] Mode 1 1 Asynchronous 8-bit 1 0 Asynchronous 7-bit 0 1 Clock synchronous slave 0 0 Clock synchronous master  Serial I/F enable (P4 port function selection)
	R	R/W			SMD1	0		
					SMD0	0		
					ESIF	0	SI/F	I/O
C9H	EPR	PMD	SCS1	SCS0	EPR	0	WithParity	Parity enable (only for asynchronous mode)
		R/W			PMD	0	Odd	Parity mode selection
					SCS1	0	Even	SCS [1][0] Clock source
					SCS0	0		1 1 PT × 1/2 1 0 CPU clock × 1/4 0 1 CPU clock × 1/8 0 0 CPU clock × 1/16
								Clock source selection
CAH	RXTRG	RXEN	TXTRG	TXEN	RXTRG(R)	0	Run	Receive status (when reading)
		R/W			RXTRG(W)	0	Trigger	Receive trigger (when writing)
					RXEN	0	Enable	Receive enable
					TXTRG(R)	0	Run	Transmit status (when reading)
					TXTRG(W)	0	Trigger	Transmit trigger (when writing)
					TXEN	0	Enable	Transmit enable
CBH	0	FER	PER	OER	0 *5	– *2	Error	Unused
	R	R/W			FER(R)	0	NoError	Framing error flag (when reading)
					FER(W)	–	–	flag reset (when writing)
					PER(R)	0	Error	Parity error flag (when reading)
					PER(W)	–	NoError	flag reset (when writing)
					OER(R)	0	Error	Overrun error flag (when reading)
					OER(W)	–	Reset	flag reset (when writing)
CCH	TRXD3	TRXD2	TRXD1	TRXD0	TRXD3	– *2	High	Low
		R/W			TRXD2	– *2	High	Low
					TRXD1	– *2	High	Low
					TRXD0	– *2	High	Low
CDH	TRXD7	TRXD6	TRXD5	TRXD4	TRXD7	– *2	High	Low
		R/W			TRXD6	– *2	High	Low
					TRXD5	– *2	High	Low
					TRXD4	– *2	High	Low
D0H	LDUTY	VCCHG	0	LPWR	LDUTY	0	1/8	LCD drive duty switch
		R/W			VCCHG	0	VC2	LCD regulated voltage switch
					0 *5	– *2	On	Unused
					LPWR	0	Off	LCD power On/Off
D1H	0	ALOFF	ALON	LPAGE	0 *5	– *2	AllOff	Unused
	R	R/W			ALOFF	1	AllOn	All LCD dots fade out control
					ALON	0	Normal	All LCD dots displayed control
					LPAGE	0	A80-AFF	Display memory area selection (when 1/8 duty is selected) (General-purpose register when 1/6 duty is selected)
D2H	LC3	LC2	LC1	LC0	LC3	– *2	LCD contrast adjustment LC3–LC0 = 0 Light LC3–LC0 = 15 Dark	
		R/W			LC2	– *2		
					LC1	– *2		
					LC0	– *2		

## I/O memory map (EOH–EEH)

Address *7	Register				Name	Init *1	Comment		
	D3	D2	D1	D0			1	0	
EOH	ENRTM	ENRST	ENON	BZE	ENRTM *5	0	1 sec	0.5 sec	Envelope attenuation time selection
	R/W	W	R/W		ENRST *5	– *2	Reset	–	Envelope reset
					ENON	0	On	Off	Envelope On/Off
					BZE	0	Enable	Disable	BZ output enable
E1H	0	BZSTP	BZSHT	SHTPW	0 *5	– *2	Unused		
					BZSTP *5	– *2	One-shot buzzer stop		
					BZSHT(W)	– *2	One-shot buzzer trigger (when writing)		
	R	W	R/W		BZSHT(R)	0	Busy	Ready	One-shot buzzer status (when reading)
E2H	0	BZFQ2	BZFQ1	BZFQ0	0 *5	– *2	( In case of fosc1 = 50 kHz, they are 160/40 msec)		
					BZFQ2	0			
					BZFQ1	0			
	R	R/W			BZFQ0	0			
E3H	0	BDTY2	BDTY1	BDTY0	0 *5	– *2	Unused		
	R	R/W			BDTY2 *6	0			
					BDTY1	0			
					BDTY0	0			
E8H	0	0	PTPS1	PTPS0	0 *5	– *2	Unused	PTPS [1][0]	Dividing ratio
					0 *5	– *2	Unused	1 1	1/256
					PTPS1	0			
					PTPS0	0			
E9H	0	0	PTPC1	PTPC0	0 *5	– *2	Unused	PTPC [1][0]	CLK
					0 *5	– *2	Unused	1 1	OSC3
					PTPC1	0			
					PTPC0	0			
EAH	PNRFS	PTOE	PTRUN	PTRST	PNRFS	0	1024 Hz	256 Hz	Noise rejector clock frequency selection
		R/W		W	PTOE	0	Enable	Disable	PTOVF output enable
					PTRUN *5	0	Run	Stop	Programmable timer Run/Stop
					PTRST	– *2	Rst (reload)	–	Programmable timer reset (reload)
EBH	RD3	RD2	RD1	RD0	RD3	0			MSB
		R/W			RD2	0			Programmable timer reload data
					RD1	0			(low-order 4 bits)
					RD0	0			LSB
ECH	RD7	RD6	RD5	RD4	RD7	0			MSB
		R/W			RD6	0			Programmable timer reload data
					RD5	0			(high-order 4 bits)
					RD4	0			LSB
EDH	PT3	PT2	PT1	PT0	PT3	0			MSB
		R			PT2	0			Programmable timer data
					PT1	0			(low-order 4 bits)
					PT0	0			LSB
EEH	PT7	PT6	PT5	PT4	PT7	0			MSB
		R			PT6	0			Programmable timer data
					PT5	0			(high-order 4 bits)
					PT4	0			LSB

*I/O memory map (F0H–FCH)*

Address *7	Register				Name	Init *1	1	0	Comment
	D3	D2	D1	D0					
F0H	0	0	0	EIPT	0 *5	– *2	Enable	Mask	Unused
	R			R/W	0 *5	– *2			Unused
	R			R/W	0 *5	– *2			Unused
	R			R/W	EIPT	0			Interrupt mask register (programmable timer)
F1H	0	EISIFE	EISIFT	EISIFR	0 *5	– *2	Enable	Mask	Unused
	R			R/W	EISIFE	0			Interrupt mask register (serial I/F error)
	R			R/W	EISIFT	0			Interrupt mask register (serial I/F transmitting)
	R			R/W	EISIFR	0			Interrupt mask register (serial I/F receiving)
F2H	0	0	0	EIK1	0 *5	– *2	Enable	Mask	Unused
	R			R/W	0 *5	– *2			Unused
	R			R/W	0 *5	– *2			Unused
	R			R/W	EIK1	0			Interrupt mask register (K10–K13)
F3H	0	0	0	EIK0	0 *5	– *2	Enable	Mask	Unused
	R			R/W	0 *5	– *2			Unused
	R			R/W	0 *5	– *2			Unused
	R			R/W	EIK0	0			Interrupt mask register (K00–K03)
F4H	EIT3	EIT2	EIT1	EIT0	EIT3	0	Enable	Mask	Interrupt mask register (clock timer 1 Hz)
	R			R/W	EIT2	0	Enable	Mask	Interrupt mask register (clock timer 2 Hz)
	R			R/W	EIT1	0	Enable	Mask	Interrupt mask register (clock timer 8 Hz)
	R			R/W	EIT0	0	Enable	Mask	Interrupt mask register (clock timer 16 Hz) * When fosc1 = 50 kHz: 16 Hz → 12.5 Hz
F8H	0	0	0	IPT	0 *5	– *2	Yes	No	Unused
	R			R/W	0 *5	– *2			Unused
	R			R/W	0 *5	– *2			Unused
	R			R/W	IPT *4	0			Interrupt factor flag (programmable timer)
F9H	0	ISIFE	ISIFT	ISIFR	0 *5	– *2	Yes	No	Unused
	R			R/W	ISIFE *4	0			Interrupt factor flag (serial I/F error)
	R			R/W	ISIFT *4	0			Interrupt factor flag (serial I/F transmitting)
	R			R/W	ISIFR *4	0			Interrupt factor flag (serial I/F receiving)
FAH	0	0	0	IK1	0 *5	– *2	Yes	No	Unused
	R			R/W	0 *5	– *2			Unused
	R			R/W	0 *5	– *2			Unused
	R			R/W	IK1 *4	0			Interrupt factor flag (K10–K13)
FBH	0	0	0	IK0	0 *5	– *2	Yes	No	Unused
	R			R/W	0 *5	– *2			Unused
	R			R/W	0 *5	– *2			Unused
	R			R/W	IK0 *4	0			Interrupt factor flag (K00–K03)
FCH	IT3	IT2	IT1	IT0	IT3 *4	0	Yes	No	Interrupt factor flag (clock timer 1 Hz)
	R			R/W	IT2 *4	0	Yes	No	Interrupt factor flag (clock timer 2 Hz)
	R			R/W	IT1 *4	0	Yes	No	Interrupt factor flag (clock timer 8 Hz)
	R			R/W	IT0 *4	0	Yes	No	Interrupt factor flag (clock timer 16 Hz) * When fosc1 = 50 kHz: 16 Hz → 12.5 Hz

# APPENDIX D. TROUBLESHOOTING

Tool	Problem	Remedy measures
ICE6200	Nothing appears on the screen, or nothing works, after activation.	<p>Check the following and remedy if necessary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Is the RS-232C cable connected correctly?</li> <li>• Is the RS-232C driver installed?</li> <li>• Is SPEED.COM or MODE.COM on the disk?</li> <li>• Is the execution file correct?            MS-DOS ICS6247J.EXE            PC-DOS ICS6247W.EXE         </li> <li>• Is the DOS version correct?            MS-DOS Ver. 3.1 or later            PC-DOS Ver. 2.1 or later         </li> <li>• Is the DIP switches that set the baud rate of the main ICE6200 unit set correctly?</li> <li>• Is the breaker of the ICE6200 set to ON?</li> </ul>
	The ICE6200 breaker tripped immediately after activation.	<p>Check the following and remedy if necessary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Are connectors F1 and F5 connected to the EVA6247 correctly?</li> <li>• Is the target board power short-circuiting?</li> </ul>
	<ILLEGAL VERSION ICE6200> appears on the screen immediately after activation.	The wrong version of ICE6200 is being used. Use the latest version.
	<ILLEGAL VERSION PARAMETER FILE> appears on the screen immediately after activation.	The wrong version of ICS6247P.PAR is being used. Use the latest version.
	Immediate values A (10) and B (11) cannot be entered correctly with the A command.	<p>The A and B registers are reserved for the entry of A and B. Write 0A and 0B when entering A (10) and B (11).</p> <p><i>Example:</i> LD A, B Data in the B register is loaded into the A register.            LD B, 0A Immediate value A is loaded into the B register.</p>
	<UNUSED AREA> is displayed by the SD command.	This message is output when the address following one in which data is written is unused. It does not indicate a problem. Data is correctly set in areas other than the read-only area.
	You can not do a real-time run in break-trace mode.	Since the CPU stops temporarily when breaking conditions are met, executing in a real-time is not performed.
	Output from the EVA is impossible when data is written to the I/O memory for Buzzer and Fout output with the ICE command.	Output is possible only in the real-time run mode.

Tool	Problem	Remedy measures
ASM6247	An R error occurs although the final page is passed.	The cross assembler is designed to output "R error" every time the page is changed. Use a pseudo-instruction to set the memory, such as ORG or PAGE, to change the page. See "Memory setting pseudo-instructions" in the cross assembler manual.
MDC6247	Activation is impossible.	Check the following and remedy if necessary: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Is the number of files set at ten or more in OS environment file CONFIG.SYS?</li></ul>
EVA6247	The EVA6247 does not work when it is used independently.	Check the following and remedy if necessary: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Has the EPROM for F.HEX been replaced by the EPROM for the target?</li><li>• Is the EPROM for F.HEX installed correctly?</li><li>• Is the appropriate voltage being supplied? (5V DC, 3A, or more)</li><li>• Are the program ROMs (H and L) installed correctly?</li><li>• Is data written from address 4000H? (When the 27C256 is used as the program ROM)</li><li>• Is the EN/DIS switch on the EVA6247 set to EN?</li></ul>

**AMERICA****S-MOS SYSTEMS, INC.**

150 River Oaks Parkway  
San Jose, CA 95134, U.S.A.  
Phone: +1-408-922-0200 Fax: +1-408-922-0238  
Telex: 176079 SMOS SNJUD

**S-MOS SYSTEMS, INC.**

**EASTERN AREA SALES AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER**  
301 Edgewater Place, Suite 120  
Wakefield, MA 01880, U.S.A.  
Phone: +1-617-246-3600 Fax: +1-617-246-5443

**S-MOS SYSTEMS, INC.**

**SOUTH EASTERN AREA SALES AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER**  
4300 Six Forks Road, Suite 430  
Raleigh, NC 27609, U.S.A.  
Phone: +1-919-781-7667 Fax: +1-919-781-6778

**S-MOS SYSTEMS, INC.**

**CENTRAL AREA SALES AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER**  
1450 E.American Lane, Suite 1550  
Schaumburg, IL 60173, U.S.A.  
Phone: +1-847-517-7667 Fax: +1-847-517-7601

**EUROPE****- HEADQUARTERS -**

**EPSON EUROPE ELECTRONICS GmbH**  
Riesstrasse 15  
80992 Muenchen, GERMANY  
Phone : +49-(0)89-14005-0 Fax : +49-(0)89-14005-110

**- GERMANY -**

**EPSON EUROPE ELECTRONICS GmbH**  
**SALES OFFICE**  
Breidenbachstrasse 46  
D-51373 Leverkusen, GERMANY  
Phone : +49-(0)214-83070-0 Fax : +49-(0)214-83070-10

**- UNITED KINGDOM -**

**EPSON EUROPE ELECTRONICS GmbH**  
**UK BRANCH OFFICE**  
G6 Doncastle House, Doncastle Road  
Bracknell, Berkshire RG12 8PE, ENGLAND  
Phone: +44-(0)1344-381700 Fax: +44-(0)1344-381701

**- FRANCE -**

**EPSON EUROPE ELECTRONICS GmbH**  
**FRENCH BRANCH OFFICE**  
1 Avenue de l' Atlantique, LP 915 Les Conquerants  
Z.A. de Courtaboeuf 2, F-91976 Les Ulis Cedex, FRANCE  
Phone: +33-(0)1-64862350 Fax: +33-(0)1-64862355

**ASIA****- HONG KONG, CHINA -**

**EPSON HONG KONG LTD.**  
20/F, Harbour Centre, 25 Harbour Road  
Wanchai, HONG KONG  
Phone: +852-2585-4600 Fax: +852-2827-4346  
Telex: 65542 EPSCO HX

**- CHINA -**

**SHANGHAI EPSON ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.**  
4F, Bldg., 27, No. 69, Gui Jing Road  
Caohejing, Shanghai, CHINA  
Phone: 21-6485-5552 Fax: 21-6485-0775

**- TAIWAN, R.O.C. -**

**EPSON TAIWAN TECHNOLOGY & TRADING LTD.**  
10F, No. 287,Nanking East Road, Sec. 3  
Taipei, TAIWAN, R.O.C.  
Phone: 02-2717-7360 Fax: 02-2712-9164  
Telex: 24444 EPSONTB

**EPSON TAIWAN TECHNOLOGY & TRADING LTD.**  
**HSINCHU OFFICE**

13F-3,No.295,Kuang-Fu Road,Sec.2  
HsinChu 300,TAIWAN,R.O.C.  
Phone: 03-573-9900 Fax: 03-573-9169

**- SINGAPORE -**

**EPSON SINGAPORE PTE., LTD.**  
No. 1 Temasek Avenue, #36-00  
Millenia Tower, SINGAPORE 039192  
Phone: +65-337-7911 Fax: +65-334-2716

**- KOREA -**

**SEIKO EPSON CORPORATION**  
**KOREA OFFICE**  
10F, KLI 63 Bldg., 60 Yido-Dong  
Youngdeungpo-Ku, Seoul, 150-010, KOREA  
Phone: 02-784-6027 Fax: 02-767-3677

**- JAPAN -**

**SEIKO EPSON CORPORATION**  
**ELECTRONIC DEVICES MARKETING DIVISION**

**Electronic Device Marketing Department**  
**IC Marketing & Engineering Group**

421-8, Hino, Hino-shi, Tokyo 191-8501, JAPAN  
Phone: +81-(0)42-587-5816 Fax: +81-(0)42-587-5624

**ED International Marketing Department I**  
**(Europe & U.S.A.)**

421-8, Hino, Hino-shi, Tokyo 191-8501, JAPAN  
Phone: +81-(0)42-587-5812 Fax: +81-(0)42-587-5564

**ED International Marketing Department II (Asia)**  
421-8, Hino, Hino-shi, Tokyo 191-8501, JAPAN  
Phone: +81-(0)42-587-5814 Fax: +81-(0)42-587-5110



In pursuit of “**Saving**” **Technology**, Epson electronic devices.  
Our lineup of semiconductors, liquid crystal displays and quartz devices  
assists in creating the products of our customers’ dreams.  
**Epson IS energy savings.**

**EPSON**

**SEIKO EPSON CORPORATION**  
**ELECTRONIC DEVICES MARKETING DIVISION**

- Electronic devices information on the Epson WWW server

<http://www.epson.co.jp>