

# CMOS 4-BIT SINGLE CHIP MICROCOMPUTER **E0C6S27 DEVELOPMENT TOOL MANUAL**



**SEIKO EPSON CORPORATION** 

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## E0C6S27 Development Tool Manual

## PREFACE

This manual mainly explains the outline of the development support tool for the 4-bit Single Chip Microcomputer E0C6S27.

Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for the details (common to all models) of each development support tool. Manuals for hardware development tools are separate, so you should also refer to the below manuals.

Development tools	Ð	E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual EVA6S27 Manual ICE6200 Hardware Manual
Development procedure	æ	E0C62 Family Technical Guide
Device (E0C6S27)	æ	E0C6S27 Technical Manual
Instructions	¢\$	E0C6200/6200A Core CPU Manual

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## 1 COMPOSITION OF DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT TOOL

Here we will explain the composition of the software for the development support tools, developmental envilonment and how to generate the execution disk.

## 1.1 Configuration of DEV6S27

The below software are included in the product of the E0C6S27 development support tool DEV6S27.

- 1. Development Tool Management System DMS6200 ..... Menu selection for each software / start-up software
- 2. Cross Assembler ASM6S27 ..... Cross assembler for program preparation
- 3. Function Option Generator FOG6S27 ...... Function option data preparation program
- 4. Segment Option Generator SOG6S27 ...... Segment option data preparation program
- 5. ICE Control Software ICS6S27 ..... ICE control program
- 6. Mask Data Checker MDC6S27 ...... Mask data preparation program

## 1.2 Developmental Environment

The software product of the development support tool DEV6S27 operates on the following host systems:

- IBM PC/AT (at least PC-DOS Ver. 2.0)
- NEC PC-9801 Series (at least MS-DOS Ver. 3.1)

When developing the E0C6S27, the above-mentioned host computer, editor, P-ROM writer, printer, etc. must be prepared by the user in addition to the development tool which is normally supported by Seiko Epson.

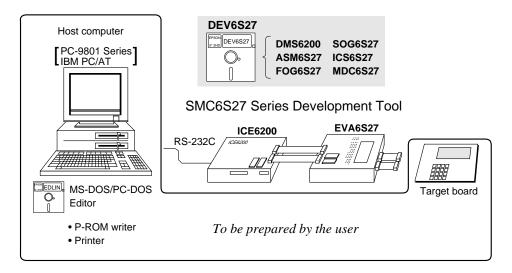
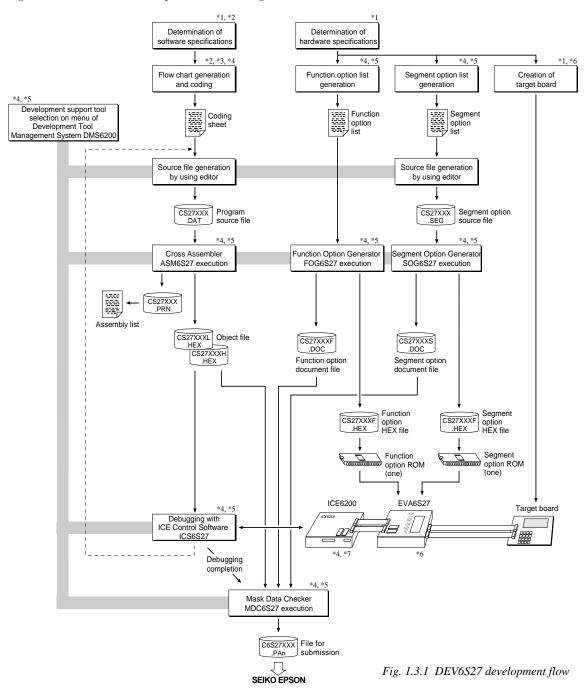


Fig. 1.2.1 System configuration

Note The DEV6S27 system requires a host computer with a RAM capacity of about 140K bytes. Since the ICE6200 is connected to the host computer with a RS-232C serial interface, adapter board for asynchronous communication will be required depending on the host computer used.

## 1.3 Development Flow

Figure 1.3.1 shows the development flow through the DEV6S27.



#### **Concerning file names**

All the input-output file name for the each development support tool commonly use "CS27XXX". In principle each file should be produced in this manner. Seiko Epson will designate the "XXX" for each customer.

#### Reference Manual

- \*1 E0C6S27 Technical Hardware Manual
- \*2 E0C6S27 Technical Software Manual
- \*3 E0C6200/6200A Core CPU Manual
- \*4 E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual
- \*5 E0C6S27 Development Tool Manual (this manual)
- \*6 EVA6S27 Manual
- \*7 ICE6200 Hardware Manual

## 1.4 Production of Execution Disk

Execution files for each software development support tool and batch and parameter files for the ICE6200 are recorded in the DEV6S27 floppy disk.

The content of the files contained in the DEV6S27 floppy disk are shown below.

PC-DOS version	MS-DOS version	Contents
ASM6S27.EXE	ASM6S27.EXE	Cross Assembler execution file
DMS6200.EXE	DMS6200.EXE	Development Tool Management System execution file
FOG6S27.EXE	FOG6S27.EXE	Function Option Generator execution file
ICS6S27B.BAT	ICS6S27.BAT	ICE Control Software batch file
ICS6S27W.EXE	ICS6S27J.EXE	ICE Control Software execution file
ICS6S27P.PAR	ICS6S27P.PAR	ICE Control Software parameter file
MDC6S27.EXE	MDC6S27.EXE	Mask Data Checker execution file
SOG6S27.EXE	SOG6S27.EXE	Segment Option Generator execution file

First copy the entire content of this disk using commands such as DISKCOPY then make the execution disk. Carefully conserve the original floppy disk for storage purposes.
 When copying into a hard disk, make a sub-directory with an appropriate name (DEV6S27, etc.) then copy the content of the floppy disk into that subdirectory using the COPY command.

Next make a CONFIG.SYS file using Editor or the like.

When a CONFIG.SYS has previously been made using a hard disk system, check the setting of the FILES within it. (If there is none add it.) Set the number of files to be described in CONFIG.SYS at 10 or more, so that the Mask Data Checker MDC6S27 will handle many files.

Note The driver for the RS-232C must be included in CONFIG.SYS by the host computer.

- It is a good idea to copy the editor into the disk to be copied and the subdirectory so you can also select the editor from the DMS6200 menu.
- In "ICS6S27(B).BAT" the batch process is indicated such that the ICS6S27J(W).EXE is executed after the execution of the command for the setting of the RS-232C communication parameters. When first executing the ICE Control Software after resetting the host computer, select then activate this batch file from the DMS6200 menu.

#### Example:

*Copying into a floppy disk* Insert the original disk into the A drive and the formatted disk to be copied into B drive, then execute the DISKCOPY command.

A>DISKCOPY A: B:

*Copying into a hard disk (C drive)* Make a subdirectory (DEV6S27), then insert the original disk into the A drive and execute the COPY command.

C\>MD DEV6S27

C\>CD DEV6S27

C\DEV6S27\>COPY A:\*.\* J

#### Example:

Setting of FILES (CONFIG.SYS) C\>TYPE CONFIG.SYS

FILES=20

*RS-232C Setting (PC-DOS version)* MODE COM1: 4800, n, 8, 1, p

RS-232C Setting (MS-DOS version) SPEED R0 9600 B8 PN S1

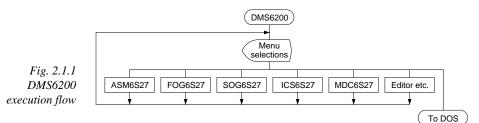
The SPEED (MS-DOS) or MODE (PC-DOS) command is used for setting the RS-232C, so you should copy these commands into the disk to be executed or specify a disk or directory with the command using the PATH command.

Note The DMS6200 prepares a menu from files that are in the current directory. Consequently, be sure to arrange the above mentioned files in the same disk or the same directory.

## 2 DEVELOPMENT TOOL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM DMS6200

## 2.1 DMS6200 Outline

The DMS6200 (Development Tool Management System) is a software which selects the DEV6S27 software development support tool and the program such as an editor in menu form and starts it. In this way the various software frequently executed during debugging can be effectively activated.



Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for detailes of the operation.

## 2.2 DMS6200 Quick Reference

#### Starting command

Execution file: DMS6200.EXE

Starting command: DMS6200

□ indicates the Return key.

#### Display examples

*** E0C62	00 Development	tool N	lanageme	ent Syst	em	Ver 1.0	***
EEEEEEEEE	PPPPPPPP	SSSS	SSSS	0000	0000	NNN	NNN
EEEEEEEEE	PPPPPPPPPP	SSS	SSSS	000	000	NNNN	NNN
EEE	PPP PPP	SSS	SSS	000	000	NNNNN	NNN
EEE	PPP PPP	SSS		000	000	NNNNNN	NNN
EEEEEEEEE	PPPPPPPPPP	SSSS	SSS	000	000	NNN NNI	N NNN
EEEEEEEEE	PPPPPPPP	5	SSSS	000	000	NNN NI	NNNNN
EEE	PPP		SSS	000	000	NNN I	NNNNN
EEE	PPP	SSS	SSS	000	000	NNN	NNNN
EEEEEEEEE	PPP	SSSS	SSS	000	000	NNN	NNN
EEEEEEEEE	PPP	SSSS	SSSS	0000	0000	NNN	NN
(C) Copyright 1990 SEIKO EPSON CORP.							
	STRIKE ANY KEY.						

DMS6200 Version	1.0	Copyright(C)	SEIKO	EPSON	CORP.	1990.	
1) ASM6527 .EXE 2) FOG6527 .EXE 3) ICS65278.BAT 4) ICS65278.EXE 5) MDC6527 .EXE 6) SOG6527 .EXE Input Number ? [1]							
							-

DMS6200 Version 1.0 Copyright(C) SEIKO EPSON CORP. 1990. 1) CS27XXX .DAT 2) CS27XXX .PRN 3) CS27XXX .SEG : 10) C6S27XXX.PAO Input Number ? [1 ] Edit > [ASM6S27 CS27XXX ]

### Start message

When DMS6200 is started, the following message is displayed. For "STRIKE ANY KEY.", press any key to advance the program execution. To suspend execution, press the "CTRL" and

"C" keys together: the sequence returns to the DOS command level.

#### Menu screen (PC-DOS Version)

A list of all executable files will appear on this menu screen. Input the number of the development support

tool you wish to start and then press the "RETURN" key. To return to DOS at this point, press the "ESC" key.

#### Source file selection screen

To starting ASM6S27, select the source file on this screen. When the source file is selected by number, the edit line enclosed in [] will appear; enter the option parameter if necessary. Press the "RETURN" key when input is completed. When starting, press the "RETURN" key twice particularly for the support tools which do not require source files. To return to DOS at this point, press the "ESC" key.

# 3 CROSS ASSEMBLER ASM6S27

## 3.1 ASM6S27 Outline

The ASM6S27 cross assembler is an assembler program for generating the machine code used by the E0C6S27 4-bit, singlechip microcomputers. The Cross Assembler ASM6S27 will assemble the program source files which have been input by the user's editor and will generate an object file in Intel-Hex format and assembly list file.

In this assembler, program modularization has been made possible through macro definition functions and programming independent of the ROM page structure has been made possible through the auto page set function. In addition, consideration has also been given to precise error checks for program capacity (ROM capacity) overflows, undefined codes and the like, and for debugging of such things as label tables for assembly list files and cross reference table supplements.

The format of the source file and its operating method are same as for the E0C62 Family. Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for details.

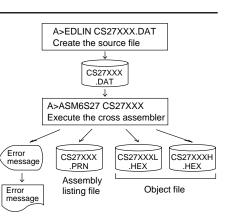


Fig. 3.1.1 ASM6S27 execution flow

## 3.2 E0C6S27 Restrictions

Note the following when generating a program by the E0C6S27:

•	The capacity of the E0C6S27 ROM is 1 536 steps (0000H to	<i>Significani</i> ORG PAGE	Only t spec pse pse pse		n: 0000H n: 00H to	)H
-	<ul> <li>RAM area</li> <li>The capacity of the E0C6S27</li> <li>RAM is 132 words (000H to 0FFH, 4 bits/word). The following memory access is invalid when the unused area of the index register is specified.</li> <li>050H–08FH, 0B0H–0DFH, 0E1H, 0 0F0H–0F2H, 0F4H, 0F5H, 0F7H, 0</li> </ul>		LD H,	х,050н Ү,0С7н	unused are memory ac (MX) is in C7H is loa unused are	ded into the IY register, but an a has been specified so that the ccessible with the IY register
-	<b>Undefined codes</b> The following instructions have not been defined in the E0C6S27 instruction sets.	SLP PUSH POP LD LD		XP XP XP,r r,XP	PUSH POP LD LD	YP YP YP,r r,YP

## 3.3 ASM6S27 Quick Reference

	Starting co		ad and input/output files ASM6S27.EXE	_ indicates a blank. indicates the Return key. A parameter enclosed by [ ] can be omitted.		
	Starting comm	nand:	ASM6S27_ [drive-name:] source-file-name [.shp]_ [-N] I			
	<ul> <li>h Specifies the drive to which the object file is</li> <li>p Specifies the drive to which the assembly list</li> <li>@: Current drive, Z: File is not generated</li> </ul>		Specifies the file I/O drives. Specifies the drive from which the source file is to Specifies the drive to which the object file is to be Specifies the drive to which the assembly listing fi @: Current drive, Z: File is not generated The code (FFH) in the undefined area of prog	output. (A–P, @, Z) ile is to be output. (A–P, @, Z)		
			CS27XXX.DAT (Source file)			
	Output file:		CS27XXXL.HEX (Object file, low-order) CS27XXXH.HEX (Object file, high-order) CS27XXX.PRN (Assembly listing file)			

#### Display example

*	** E0C6S27 CROS	SS ASSEMBLER.	Ver	2.00 ***			
EEEEEEEEE	PPPPPPPP	SSSSSSS	0000	00000	NNN	NNN	
EEEEEEEEE	PPPPPPPPPP	SSS SSSS	000	000	NNNN	NNN	
EEE	PPP PPP	SSS SSS	000	000	NNNNN	NNN	
EEE	PPP PPP	SSS	000	000	NNNNN	NNN	
EEEEEEEEE	PPPPPPPPPP	SSSSSS	000	000	NNN NNN	NNN	
EEEEEEEEE	PPPPPPPP	SSSS	000	000		NNNN	
EEE	PPP	SSS	000	000		NNNN	
EEE	PPP	SSS SSS		000		NNNN	
EEEEEEEE	PPP	SSSS SSS	000	000	NNN	NNN	
EEEEEEEEE	PPP	SSSSSSS	0000	00000	NNN	NN	
-	<ul> <li>(C) COPYRIGHT 1988 SEIKO EPSON CORP.</li> <li>SOURCE FILE NAME IS " CS27XXX.DAT "</li> <li>THIS SOFTWARE MAKES NEXT FILES.</li> <li>CS27XXX.H.HEX HIGH BYTE OBJECT FILE.</li> <li>CS27XXX.HEX LOW BYTE OBJECT FILE.</li> <li>CS27XXX.PRN ASSEMBLY LIST FILE.</li> </ul>						
DO YOU NEEL	AUTO PAGE SET	? (Y/N) Y				. (1)	
DO YOU NEEL	CROSS REFERENC	CE TABLE? (Y)	N) Y			. (2)	

When ASM6S27 is started, the start-up message is displayed.

At (1), select whether or not the auto-pageset function will be used.

Use ......Y Not use ......N If the assembly listing file output is specified, message (2) is displayed. At this stage, cross-reference table generation may be selected.

Generating ......Y 🖵

Not generating ...... N When the above operation is completed, ASM6S27 assembles the source file. To suspend execution, press the "CTRL" and "C" keys together at stage (1) or (2).

#### Operators

Arithmetic operators		Logical operators	
+a	Monadic positive	a_AND_b	Logical product
-a	Monadic negative	a_OR_b	Logical sum
a+b	Addition	a_XOR_b	Exclusive logical sum
a-b	Subtraction	NOT_a	Logical negation
a*b	Multiplication	Relational operators	
a/b	Division	a_EQ_b	True when a is equal to b
a_MOD_b	Remainder of a/b	a_NE_b	True when a is not equal to b
a_SHL_b	Shifts a b bits to the left	a_LT_b	True when a is less than b
a_SHR_b	Shifts a b bits to the right	a_LE_b	True when a is less than or equal to b
HIGH_a	Separates the high-order eight bits from a	a_GT_b	True when a is greater than b
LOW_a	Separates the low-order eight bits from a	a_GE_b	True when a is greater than or equal to b

#### Pseudo-instruction Meaning Example of Use EQU (Equation) To allocate data to label ABC EQU 9 BCD EQU ABC+1 SET (Set) To allocate data to label ABC SET 0001H (data can be changed) ABC SET 0002H DW (Define Word) To define ROM data ABC DW 'AB ' BCD DW OFFBH ORG (Origin) To define location counter ORG 100H ORG 256 PAGE (Page) To define boundary of page PAGE 1н PAGE 3 SECTION (Section) To define boundary of section SECTION END (End) To terminate assembly END MACRO (Macro) To define macro DATA CHECK MACRO LOCAL LOOP MX,DATA LOOP CP LOCAL (Local) To make local specification of label JP NZ,LOOP during macro definition ENDM ENDM (End Macro) To end macro definition CHECK 1

#### Pseudo-instructions

#### Error messages

Error message	Explanation
S (Syntax Error)	An unrecoverable syntax error was encountered.
U (Undefined Error)	The label or symbol of the operand has not been defined.
M (Missing Label)	The label field has been omitted.
O (Operand Error)	A syntax error was encountered in the operand, or the operand could
	not be evaluated.
P (Phase Error)	The same label or symbol was defined more than once.
R (Range Error)	• The location counter value exceeded the upper limit of the program
	memory, or a location exceeding the upper limit was specified.
	• A value greater than that which the number of significant digits of the
	operand will accommodate was specified.
! (Warning)	Memory areas overlapped because of a "PAGE" or "ORG" pseudo-
	instruction or both.
FILE NAME ERROR	The source file name was longer than 8 characters.
FILE NOT PRESENT	The specified source file was not found.
DIRECTORY FULL	No space was left in the directory of the specified disk.
FATAL DISK WRITE ERROR	The file could not be written to the disk.
LABEL TABLE OVERFLOW	The number of defined labels and symbols exceeded the label table
	capacity (4000).
CROSS REFERENCE TABLE OVERF	LOW The label/symbol reference count exceeded the cross-reference table
	capacity (only when the cross-reference table is generated).

## 4 FUNCTION OPTION GENERATOR FOG6S27

## 4.1 FOG6S27 Outline

With the 4-bit single-chip E0C6S27 microcomputers, the customer may select 11 hardware options. By modifying the mask patterns of the E0C6S27 according to the selected options, the system can be customized to meet the specifications of the target system.

The Function Option Generator FOG6S27 is a software tool for generating data files used to generate mask patterns. It enables the customer to interactively select and specify pertinent items for each hardware option. From the data file created with FOG6S27, the E0C6S27 mask pattern is automatically generated by a general purpose computer. The HEX file for the evaluation board (EVA6S27) hardware option ROM is simultaneously generated with the data file.

The operating method is same as for the E0C62 Family. Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for details.

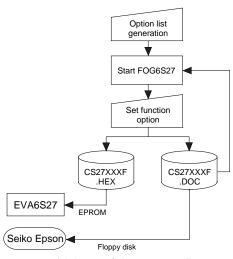


Fig. 4.1.1 FOG6S27 execution flow

## 4.2 E0C6S27 Option List

Multiple specifications are available in each option item as indicated in the Option List. Using "4.3 Option Specifications and Selection Message" as reference, select the specifications that meet the target system. Be sure to record the specifications for unused ports too, according to the instructions provided.

#### 1. DEVICE TYPE, LCD VOLTAGE REGULATOR AND LCD VOLTAGE

□ 1. E0C6S27	(Normal Type)	LCD Voltage Regurator	Use	LCD 3 V
□ 2. E0C6S27	(Normal Type)	LCD Voltage Regurator	Not Use	LCD 3 V
□ 3. E0C6SA27	(High Speed Type)	LCD Voltage Regurator	Use	LCD 3 V
□ 4. E0C6SA27	(High Speed Type)	LCD Voltage Regurator	Not Use	LCD 3 V
□ 5. E0C6SA27	(High Speed Type)	LCD Voltage Regurator	Not Use	LCD 4.5 V
□ 6. E0C6SB27	(Wide Range Type)	LCD Voltage Regurator	Use	LCD 3 V
□ 7. E0C6SL27	(Low Power Type)	LCD Voltage Regurator	Use	LCD 3 V
□ 8. E0C6SL27	(Low Power Type)	LCD Voltage Regurator	Not Use	LCD 3 V

#### 2. MULTIPLE KEY ENTRY RESET

۷.	MOLTIFLE RETENTRI RESET
	KEY COMBINATION□ 1. Not Use
	□ 2. Use K00, K01
	🗆 3. Use K00, K01, K02
	□ 4. Use K00, K01, K02, K03
	• INPUT TIME
	2 [sec]
	3. 62.5 [msec]
	4. 250 [msec]
3.	INTERRUPT NOISE REJECTOR

• K00–K03..... 🗆 1. Use

#### 🗆 2. Not Use

#### 4. INPUT PORT PULL DOWN RESISTOR

- K00
   □ 1. With Resistor
   □ 2. Gate Direct

   K01
   □ 1. With Resistor
   □ 2. Gate Direct

   K02
   □ 1. With Resistor
   □ 2. Gate Direct
- K03 ..... 1. With Resistor 2. Gate Direct
- 8

#### 5. R00 SPECIFICATION

J. NOU DI LOII IOATION		
OUTPUT TYPE	<ul> <li>DC Output</li> <li>2. Buzzer Inverted Out</li> <li>3. Buzzer Inverted Out</li> <li>4. FOUT Output</li> </ul>	
• FOUT OUTPUT SPACIFICATION	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
OUTPUT SPECIFICATION		$\Box$ 2. Pch-Open Drain
<ul> <li>6. R01 SPECIFICATION <ul> <li>OUTPUT TYPE</li> <li>OUTPUT SPECIFICATION</li> </ul> </li> <li>7. OUTPUT SPECIFICATION (R02, 100) <ul> <li>R02</li></ul></li></ul>	□ 1. Complementary <b>R03)</b> □ 1. Complementary	<ul> <li>2. Buzzer Output</li> <li>2. Pch-Open Drain</li> <li>2. Pch-Open Drain</li> <li>2. Pch-Open Drain</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>8. I/O PORT SPECIFICATION <ul> <li>P00</li> <li>P01</li> <li>P02</li> <li>P03</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	$\Box$ 1. Complementary $\Box$ 1. Complementary	<ul> <li>2. Pch-Open Drain</li> <li>2. Pch-Open Drain</li> <li>2. Pch-Open Drain</li> <li>2. Pch-Open Drain</li> </ul>
9. LCD COMMON DUTY AND BIAS	□ 1. 1/4 Duty 1/3 Bias □ 2. 1/3 Duty 1/3 Bias □ 3. 1/2 Duty 1/3 Bias □ 4. 1/4 Duty 1/2 Bias □ 5. 1/3 Duty 1/2 Bias □ 6. 1/2 Duty 1/2 Bias	

#### **10.OSC1 SYSTEM CLOCK**

 $\Box$  1. Crystal  $\Box$  2. CR

#### **11. STEPPING MOTOR PF PULSE WIDTH**

1.46[msec]	□ 13.	4.39[msec]
1.71[msec]	$\Box$ 14.	4.64[msec]
1.95[msec]	□ 15.	4.88[msec]
2.20[msec]	□ 16.	5.13[msec]
2.44[msec]	□ 17.	5.37[msec]
2.69[msec]	$\Box$ 18.	5.61[msec]
2.93[msec]	□ 19.	5.86[msec]
3.17[msec]	$\Box$ 20.	6.10[msec]
3.42[msec]	□ 21.	6.35[msec]
3.66[msec]	□ 22.	6.59[msec]
3.91[msec]	□ 23.	6.83[msec]
4.15[msec]	$\Box$ 24.	7.08[msec]
	1.71[msec] 1.95[msec] 2.20[msec] 2.44[msec] 2.69[msec] 3.17[msec] 3.42[msec] 3.66[msec] 3.91[msec]	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

## 4.3 Option Specifications and Selection Message

Screen that can be selected as function options set on the E0C6S27 are shown below, and their specifications are also described.

#### 1 Device type, LCD voltage regulator and LCD voltage

*** OPTION NO.1 ***								
DEVICE TYPE & LCD	I	POWER VREG	3					
2 3 4 5 6 7 7	•	E0C6S27 E0C6S27 E0C6SA27 E0C6SA27 E0C6SA27 E0C6SA27 E0C6SB27 E0C6SL27 E0C6SL27	VREG VREG VREG VREG VREG	NOT USE NOT NOT USE USE	USE USE USE	LCD LCD LCD LCD LCD	3V 3V 3V 4.5V 3V 3V 3V	
PLEASE SELECT NO.(1)	?	2 🖵						
2		E0C6S27	VREG	NOT	USE	LCD	3V	SELECTED

#### SMC6S27, SMC6SA27, SMC6SL27, SMC6SB27

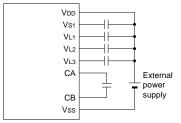


Fig. 4.3.1 External elements when LCD system voltage regulator is used

Select the chip specification.

There are four models: E0C6S27 (3 V supply voltage), E0C6SA27 (3 V supply voltage, high speed specification), E0C6SL27 (1.5 V supply voltage, lowpower specification) and E0C6SB27 (0.9 to 3.6 V supply voltage, wide range specification). The other specifications of the E0C6SB27 are same as the E0C6S27.

In the E0C6S27, the E0C6SA27 and the E0C6SL27, select either "Use" or "Not use" for the LCD system voltage regulator. The E0C6SB27 always uses the LCD system voltage regulator.

When the LCD system voltage regulator is not used in the E0C6S27, the E0C6SA27 or the E0C6SL27, the external capacitors can be minimized. However, the display quality of the LCD panel when the supply voltage drops is inferior to when the LCD system voltage regulator is used.

Moreover, when the LCD system voltage regulator is not used in the E0C6S27. the E0C6SA27 or the E0C6SL27, select the LCD drive voltage (3 V or 4.5 V) according to the LCD panel to be used. When the LCD system voltage regulator is used, the LCD drive voltage is fixed at 3 V.

Figure 4.3.1 shows the external elements when the LCD system voltage regulator is used.

Figure 4.3.2 shows the external elements when the LCD system voltage regulator is not used.

3 V

1.5 V

-

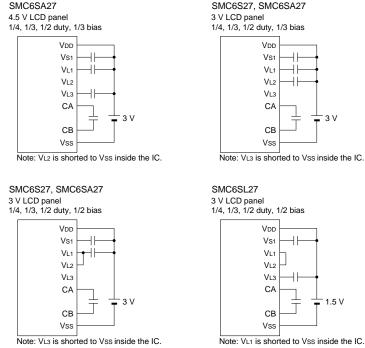


Fig. 4.3.2 External elements when LCD system voltage regulator is not used

### 2 Multiple key entry reset

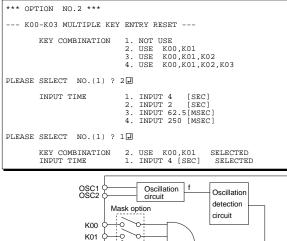


Fig. 4 System

## 3 Interrupt noise rejector

K02

K03

RESET

-0

\*\*\* OPTION NO.3 \*\*\* --- INTERRUPT NOISE REJECTOR ---K00-K03 1. USE 2. NOT USE PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1 K00-K03 1. USE SELECTED

## 4 Input ports pull down resistor

*** OPTION NO.4 ***								
INPUT PORT PULL DOWN RESISTOR								
	WITH RESISTOR GATE DIRECT							
PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1								
	WITH RESISTOR GATE DIRECT							
PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1								
	WITH RESISTOR GATE DIRECT							
PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1								
	WITH RESISTOR GATE DIRECT							
PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1								
K01 1. K02 1.	WITH RESISTOR SELECTED WITH RESISTOR SELECTED WITH RESISTOR SELECTED WITH RESISTOR SELECTED							

The reset function is set when K00 through K03 are entered.

When "NOT USE" is selected, the reset function is not activated even if K00 through K03 are entered. When "USE K00, K01" is selected, the system is reset immediately the K00 and K01 inputs go high at the same time. Similarly, the system is reset as soon as the K00 through K02 inputs or the K00 through K03 inputs go high.

When items 2, 3 or 4 are selected for KEY COMBINATION, the simultaneous high input time for system reset can be selected from 4 sec, 2 sec, 62.5 msec and 250 msec.

The system reset circuit is shown in Figure 4.3.3.

Fig. 4.3.3 System reset circuit

Select whether noise rejector will be supplemented to the input interrupter of K00–K03. When "USE" is selected, the entry signal will pass the noise rejector, and occurrence of interrupt errors due to noise or chattering can be avoided. Note, however, that because the noise rejector performs entry signal sampling at 4 kHz, "NOT USE" should be selected when high speed response is required.

Select whether input ports (K00–K03) will each be supplemented with pull down resistors or not. When "GATE DIRECT" is selected, see to it that entry floating state does not occur. Select "WITH RESISTOR" pull down resistor for unused ports. Moreover, the input port status is changed from "H" level (VDD) to "L" level (VSS) with pull down resistors, a delay of approximately 1 msec in waveform fall time will occur depending on the pull down resistor and entry load time constant. Because of this, when input reading is to be conducted, ensure the appropriate wait time with the program. The configuration of the pull down resistor circuit is shown in Figure 4.3.4.

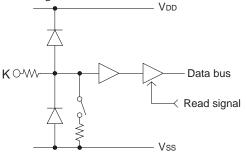


Fig. 4.3.4 Configuration of pull down resistor

### 5 R00 specification

F1	1.	256	[HZ]
	2.	512	[HZ]
	4.	512 1024 2048 4096	[HZ]
PLEASE SELECT NO.(4) ? 4 🗐	5.	1050	[ 112 ]
F2	1	512	[HZ]
	2.	512 1024 2048	[HZ]
	4. 5	4096 8192	[HZ]
PLEASE SELECT NO.(4) ? 41	5.	0192	[]
F3	1.	1024	[HZ]
	2.	2048 4096	[HZ]
	4.	8192 16384	[HZ]
PLEASE SELECT NO.(4) ? 4 🖵			
F4	1.	2048 4096	[HZ]
	3.	8192	[HZ]
		16384 32768	
PLEASE SELECT NO.(4) ? 4			
OUTPUT SPECIFICATION	1. 2.	COMPLE PCH-OF	CMENTARY PENDRAIN
PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1			
OUTPUT TYPE F1			SELECTED [HZ] SELECTED
F2 F3	4. 4	4096	[HZ] SELECTED [HZ] SELECTED [HZ] SELECTED [HZ] SELECTED
F4 OUTPUT SPECIFICATION	4.	16384 COMPLE	[HZ] SELECTED MENTARY SELECTED

R00 register 0 1 Vss

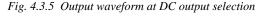




Fig. 4.3.6 Output waveform at buzzer inverted output selection

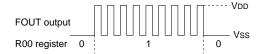
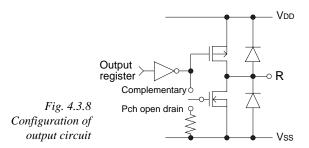


Fig. 4.3.7 Output waveform at FOUT output selection



Select the output specification for the R00 terminal. Either complementary output or Pch open drain output may be selected.

When "D.C." (DC output) is selected, R00 becomes a regular output port.

When "/BZ R00" (buzzer inverted output, R00 control) is selected, by writing "1" to the R00 register, clock with frequency specified through the software is generated from the R00 terminal. When "/BZ R01" (buzzer inverted output, R01 control) is selected, by writing "1" to the R01 register, clock with frequency specified through the software is generated from the R00 terminal.

When FOUT is selected, clock with frequency selected from the R10 terminal is generated by writing "1" to the R10 register.

When the DC output or buzzer inverted output is selected as the output type, the FOUT frequencies cannot be selected.

- When DC output is selected When the R00 register is set to "1", the R00 terminal output goes high (VDD), and goes low (Vss) when set to "0". Output waveform is shown in Figure 4.3.5.
- When buzzer inverted output (R00 control) is selected

When the R00 register is set to "1", 50% duty and VDD–VSS amplitude square wave is generated at the specified frequency by the software. When set to "0", the R00 terminal goes low (VSS). The clock phase when buzzer drive signal is output from R00 terminal is antiphase to that of the R01 terminal. Output waveform is shown in Figure 4.3.6.

• When buzzer inverted output (R01 control) is selected

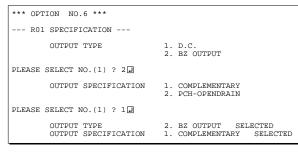
When the R01 register is set to "1", 50% duty and VDD–VSS amplitude square wave is generated at the specified frequency by the software. When set to "0", the R00 terminal goes low (VSS). The clock phase when buzzer drive signal is output from the R00 terminal is antiphase to that of the R01 terminal. Output waveform is shown in Figure 4.3.6.

• When FOUT output is selected When the R00 register is set to "1", 50% duty and VDD-Vss amplitude square wave is generated at the specified frequency. When set to "0", the FOUT terminal goes low (Vss). The F1 to F4 FOUT frequencies are set by mask option. One of them is used by the software. FOUT output is normally utilized to provide clock to other devices but since hazard occurs at the square wave breaks, great caution must be observed when using it.

Output waveform is shown in Figure 4.3.7.

The output circuit configuration is shown in Figure 4.3.8.

### 6 R01 specification



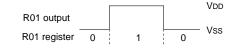
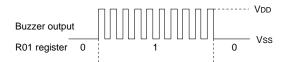
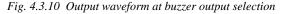


Fig. 4.3.9 Output waveform at DC output selection





Select the output specification for the R01 terminal. Either complementary output or Pch open drain output may be selected.

When "D.C." (DC output) is selected, R01 becomes a regular output port.

When "BZ OUTPUT" (buzzer output) is selected, by writing "1" to the R01 register, clock with frequency specified through the software is generated from the R01 terminal.

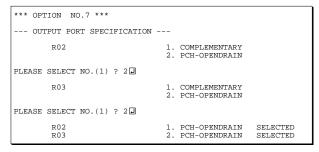
 When DC output is selected When the R01 register is set to "1", the R01 terminal output goes high (VDD), and goes low (VSS) when set to "0". Output waveform is shown in Figure 4.3.9.

#### When buzzer output is selected

When the R01 register is set to "1", 50% duty and VDD-VSS amplitude square wave is generated at the specified frequency by the software. When set to "0", the R01 terminal goes low (Vss). The clock phase when buzzer drive signal is output from the R01 terminal is antiphase to that of the R00 terminal.

Output waveform is shown in Figure 4.3.10.

### 7 Output port output specification (R02, R03)



Select the output specification for the R02 and R03 output ports.

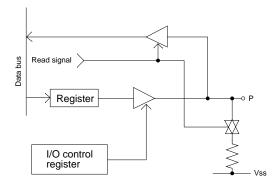
Either complementary output or Pch open drain output may be selected.

When output port is to be used on key matrix configuration, select Pch open drain output. For unused output ports, select complementary output.

The circuit configuration is the same as that of output ports (R00 shown in Figure 4.3.8).

### 8 I/O port specification

*** OPTION NO.8 ***									
I/O PORT OUTPUT SPH	I/O PORT OUTPUT SPECIFICATION								
P00	1. COMPLEMENTARY 2. PCH-OPENDRAIN								
PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ?	1.								
P01	1. COMPLEMENTARY 2. PCH-OPENDRAIN								
PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ?	1.								
P02	1. COMPLEMENTARY 2. PCH-OPENDRAIN								
PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ?	1.								
P03	1. COMPLEMENTARY 2. PCH-OPENDRAIN								
PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ?	1.								
P00 P01 P02 P03	1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED 1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED 1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED 1. COMPLEMENTARY SELECTED								



Select the output specification to be used during I/O ports (P00–P03) output mode selection. Either complementary output or Pch open drain output may be selected.

The circuit configuration of the output driver is the same as that of output ports (R00 shown in Figure 4.3.8).

Select complementary output for unused ports. The I/O ports can control the input/output direction according to the IOC bit (FC address, D0 bit); at "1" and "0" settings, it is set to output port and input port, respectively.

The pull down resistor of this port is turned on by the read signal and is normally turned off to minimize leak current. Because of this, when the port is set for input, take care that a floating state does not occur in the terminal.

The circuit configuration of the I/O port. is shown in Figure 4.3.11.

Fig. 4.3.11 Configuration of I/O port

#### 9 LCD common duty and bias

*** OPTION NO.9 ***	
LCD COMMON DUTY & F	BIAS
	1. 1/4 DUTY 1/3 BIAS 2. 1/3 DUTY 1/3 BIAS 3. 1/2 DUTY 1/3 BIAS 4. 1/4 DUTY 1/2 BIAS 5. 1/3 DUTY 1/2 BIAS 6. 1/2 DUTY 1/2 BIAS
PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ?	1.
	1. 1/4 DUTY 1/3 BIAS SELECTED

#### Table 4.3.1 Common duty selection standard

Number of segments	Common duty
1–52	1/2
53-78	1/3
79–104	1/4

Select the common (drive) duty and bias. When 1/2 duty is selected, up to 52 segments of LCD panel can be driven with 2 COM terminals and 26 SEG terminals. When 1/3 duty is selected, up to 78 segments can be driven with 3 COM terminals, and when 1/4 duty is selected, up to 104 segments with 4 COM terminals.

When 1/2 duty is selected, the COM0 and COM1 terminals are effective for COM output and the COM2 and COM3 terminals always output an off signal. When 1/3 duty is selected, the COM0 to COM2 terminals are effective and the COM3 terminal always outputs an off signal. Refer to Table 4.3.1 for common duty selection.

For the LCD drive bias, either 1/3 bias (drives LCD with 4 levels, VDD, VL1, VL2 and VL3) or 1/2 bias (drives LCD with 3 levels, VDD, VL1=VL2 and VL3) can be selected.

By selecting 1/2 bias, external elements can be minimized (see Figure 4.3.2). However, it is limited when the LCD system voltage regulator is not used. Furthermore, when 1/2 bias is selected, be sure to short between the VL1 terminal and the VL2 terminal outside the IC.

Figures 4.3.12 and 4.3.13 show the drive waveforms of 1/3 bias driving and 1/2 bias driving, respectively.

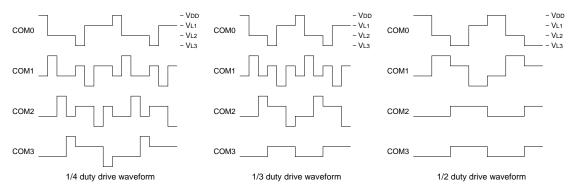


Fig. 4.3.12 Drive waveform from COM terminals (1/3 bias)

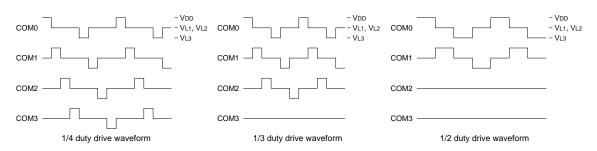


Fig. 4.3.13 Drive waveform from COM terminals (1/2 bias)

## 10 OSC1 system clock

```
*** OPTION NO.10 ***
--- OSC1 SYSTEM CLOCK ---
1. CRYSTAL
2. CR
PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ? 1
1. CRYSTAL SELECTED
```

Select oscillation circuit that uses OSC1 and OSC2. To minimize external components, CR oscillation circuit would be suitable; to obtain a stable oscillation frequency, crystal oscillation circuit would be suitable.

When CR oscillation circuit is selected, only resistors are needed as external components since capacities are built-in.

On the other hand, when crystal oscillation circuit is selected, crystal oscillator and trimmer capacitor are needed as external components. Although when crystal oscillation circuit is selected, it is fixed at 32.768 kHz, when CR oscillation circuit is selected, frequency may be modified to a certain extent depending on the resistance of external components.

## 11 Stepping motor PF pulse width

*** OPTION NO.11 ***		
PLEASE SELECT NO.(1) ?	1. 1.46 [MSEC] 2. 1.71 [MSEC] 3. 1.95 [MSEC] 4. 2.20 [MSEC] 5. 2.44 [MSEC] 6. 2.69 [MSEC] 7. 2.93 [MSEC] 10. 3.66 [MSEC] 11. 3.91 [MSEC] 12. 4.15 [MSEC] 13. 4.39 [MSEC] 14. 4.64 [MSEC] 15. 4.88 [MSEC] 16. 5.13 [MSEC] 17. 5.37 [MSEC] 18. 5.61 [MSEC] 20. 6.10 [MSEC] 21. 6.35 [MSEC] 22. 6.59 [MSEC] 23. 6.83 [MSEC] 24. 7.08 [MSEC] 24. 7.08 [MSEC] 25. 150]	
THERE SELECT NO. (1) :	15. 4.88 [MSEC]	SELECTED

Selects a drive pulse width of the sutepping motor for PF pulse.

When the FTRG register (0FEH•D1)is set to "1", either the A01 or the A02 terminal outputs a drive pulse and an interrupt occurs after the output sequence has finished. Next by writing "1" to the register outputs a drive pulse from the other terminal. By repeating this sequence using the interrupt, drive pulses are alternately output from the A01 and A02 terminals.

At the first writing of "1" to the register after system reset, the A01 terminal outputs a drive pulse.

## 4.4 FOG6S27 Quick Reference

#### Starting command and input/output files

Execution file:	FOG6S27.EXE	
Starting command:	FOG6S27 🚽	J indicates the Return key.
Input file:	CS27XXXF.DOC (Function option document file	e, when modifying)
Output file:	CS27XXXF.DOC (Function option document file)	e)

#### Display example

Γ	* * *	E0C6S27	FUNCTION	OPTION	GENER	ATOR	- Ver	3.14 ***	
	EEEEEEEE	E PPPP	PPPP	SSSS	SSS	0000	00000	NNN	NNN
	EEEEEEEEE	E PPPP	PPPPPP	SSS	SSSS	000	000	NNNN	NNN
	EEE	PPP	PPP	SSS	SSS	000	000	NNNNN	NNN
	EEE	PPP	PPP	SSS		000	000	NNNNN	NNN
	EEEEEEEEE	E PPPP	PPPPPP	SSSS	SS	000	000	NNN NNN	I NNN
	EEEEEEEEE	E PPPP	PPPP	S	SSS	000	000	NNN NN	INNNN
	EEE	PPP			SSS	000	000	NNN N	INNNN
	EEE	PPP		SSS	SSS	000	000	NNN	NNNN
	EEEEEEEE	E PPP		SSSS	SSS	000	000	NNN	NNN
	EEEEEEEE	E PPP		SSSS	SSS	0000	00000	NNN	NN
		(C)	COPYRIGH		SEIKO		CORP.		
	1	THIS SOF	TWARE MAKI	ES NEXT	FILES	•			
	CS27XXXF.HEX FUNCTION OPTION HEX FILE. CS27XXXF.DOC FUNCTION OPTION DOCUMENT FILE.								
	STRIKE ANY KEY.								

\*\*\* E0C6S27 USER'S OPTION SETTING. --- Ver 3.14 \*\*\* CURRENT DATE IS 95/12/26 PLEASE INPUT NEW DATE : 95/12/28

I	*** OPERA	TION SELECT	MENU *	**
I				
1	1	. INPUT NEW	FILE	
1	2	. EDIT FILE		
1	3	RETURN TO	DOS	
1				
1	PLEASE SE	FOT NO 2		
Į	I DEMOD DE.	LICI NO		

*** OPERATION SELECT MENU ***	
1. INPUT NEW FILE 2. EDIT FILE 3. RETURN TO DOS	
PLEASE SELECT NO.? 1 PLEASE INPUT FILE NAME? CS270A0 PLEASE INPUT USER'S NAME? SEIKO EPSON CORP. PLEASE INPUT ANY COMMENT (ONE LINE IS 50 CHR)? FUJIMI PLANT ? 281 FUJIMI SUWA-GUN NAGANO-KEN 33 ? TEL 0266-61-1211 ? FAX 0266-61-1273 ? 2	(1) (2) (3) 99-02 JAPAN

PLEASE INPUT FILE NAME? CS270A0 EXISTS OVERWRITE(Y/N)? N. PLEASE INPUT FILE NAME? CS270B0 PLEASE INPUT USER'S NAME?

#### Start-up message

When FOG6S27 is started, the start-up message is displayed. For "STRIKE ANY KEY.", press any key to advance the program execution.

To suspend execution, press the "CTRL" and "C" keys together: the sequence returns to the DOS command level.

#### Date input

Enter the 2-digit year, month, and day of the month by delimiting them with a slash ("/"). When not modifying the date, press the RETURN key " []" to continue.

#### **Operation selection menu**

Enter a number from 1 to 3 to select a subsequent operation.

- 1. To set new function options.
- 2. To modify the document file.
- 3. To terminate FOG6S27.

#### Setting new function options

Select "1" on the operation selection menu. (1) Enter the file name.

- (2) Enter the customer's company name.
- (3) Enter any comment.

(Within 50 characters x 10 lines) Next, start function option setting from option No. 1.

In case a function option document file with the same name as the file name specified in the current drive exists, the user is asked whether overwrition is desired. Enter "Y" or "N" accordingly.

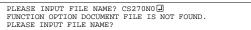
*** OPERATION SEI	LECT MENU ***		
1. INPUT 2. EDIT F 3. RETURN			
PLEASE SELECT NO	.? 24		
*** SOURCE FILE(S	S) ***		
CS270A0 0	CS270B0	CS270C0	(1)
PLEASE INPUT FIL PLEASE INPUT USE PLEASE INPUT ANY (ONE LINE IS 50 (		(2) (3) (4)	
PLEASE INPUT EDIT			(5)
(Modifying function	option settings)		
PLEASE INPUT EDI	T NO.? E		

In step (1), if no modifiable source exists, the following message is displayed and the sequence returns to the operation selection menu.

\*\*\* SOURCE FILE(S) \*\*\* FUNCTION OPTION DOCUMENT FILE IS NOT FOUND.

In step (2), if the function option document file is not in the current drive,

the following message is displayed, prompting entry of other file name.



*** OPT	TION NO.2 ***	
K00	-K03 MULTIPLE KEY ENTH	RY RESET
	3. t	NOT USE JSE K00,K01 JSE K00,K01,K02 JSE K00,K01,K02,K03
PLEASE	SELECT NO.(1) ? 24	
	2. 3. 3.	INPUT 4 [SEC] INPUT 2 [SEC] INPUT 62.5[MSEC] INPUT 250 [MSEC]
PLEASE	SELECT NO.(1) ? 14	
		JSE K00,K01 SELECTED INPUT 4 [SEC] SELECTED

END OF OPTION SETTING. DO YOU MAKE HEX FILE (Y/N) ? Y	(1)
*** OPTION EPROM SELECT MENU ***	
1. 27C64 2. 27C128 3. 27C226 4. 27C512	
PLEASE SELECT NO.? 2.	(2)
2. 27C128 SELECTED	
MAKING FILE(S) IS COMPLETED.	
*** OPERATION SELECT MENU ***	
1. INPUT NEW FILE 2. EDIT FILE 3. RETURN TO DOS	
PLEASE SELECT NO.?	

#### Modifying function option settings

Select "2" on the operation selection menu.

- (1) Will display the files on the current drive.
- (2) Enter the file name.
- (3) Enter the customer's company name.
- (4) Enter any comment.Previously entered data can be used by pressing the RETURN key "□" at (3) and (4).
- (5) Enter the number of the function option to be modified. When selection of one option is complete, the system prompts entry of another function option number. Repeat selection until all options to be modified are selected. Enter "E..." to end option setting. Then, move to the confirmation procedure for HEX file generation.

#### **Option** selection

The selections for each option correspond one to one to the option list. Enter the selection number. The value in parentheses () indicates the default value, and is set when only the RETURN key "]" is pressed.

In return, the confirmation is displayed.

When you wish to modify previously set function options in the new setting process, enter "B $\blacksquare$ " to return 1 step back to the previous function option setting operation.

#### EPROM selection

When setting function options setting is completed, the following message is output to ask the operator whether to generate the HEX file.

- When debugging the program with EVA6S27, HEX file is needed, so enter "Y.I". If "N.I" is entered, no HEX file is generated and only document file is generated.
- (2) For the option ROM selection menu displayed when "Y I" is entered in Step (1), select the EPROM to be used for setting EVA6S27 options.

When a series of operations are complete, the sequence returns to the operation selection menu.

## 4.5 Sample File

```
Example of function option document file
      * E0C6S27 FUNCTION OPTION DOCUMENT V 3.14
      * FILE NAME
                    CS270A0F DOC
      * USER'S NAME SEIKO EPSON CORP.
      * INPUT DATE 1995/08/28
      * COMMENT
                   FULTIMI PLANT
      +
                    281 FUJIMI SUWA-GUN NAGANO-KEN 399-02 JAPAN
      *
                    TEL 0266-61-1211
      *
                    FAX 0266-61-1273
      * OPTION NO.1
      * < DEVICE TYPE & LCD POWER VREG >
                                  E0C6SL27 VREG NOT USE LCD 3V -- SELECTED
      OPT0101 02
      * OPTION NO.2
      * < K00-K03 MULTIPLE KEY ENTRY RESET >
           KEY COMBINATION USE K00,K01 ----- SELECTED
                                  INPUT 4 (SEC) ----- SELECTED
           INPUT TIME
      OPT0201 02
      OPT0202 01
      * OPTION NO.3
      * < INTERRUPT NOISE REJECTOR >
      *
          к00-к03
                                 USE ----- SELECTED
      OPT0301 01
      *
      * OPTION NO.4
      * < INPUT PORT PULL DOWN RESISTOR >
           K00
                                  WITH RESISTOR
                                                 ----- SELECTED
                                  WITH RESISTOR ----- SELECTED
           K01
           K02
                                  WITH RESISTOR ----- SELECTED
      +
                                  WITH RESISTOR ----- SELECTED
           K03
      OPT0401 01
      OPT0402 01
      OPT0403 01
      OPT0404 01
      * OPTION NO.5
      * < R00 SPECIFICATION >
           OUTPUT TYPE
                                 FOUT ----- SELECTED

        FOUT FREQUENCY (F1)
        2048 (HZ)
        SELECTED

        FOUT FREQUENCY (F2)
        4096 (HZ)
        SELECTED

        FOUT FREQUENCY (F3)
        8192 (HZ)
        SELECTED

        FOUT FREQUENCY (F4)
        16384 (HZ)
        SELECTED

      *
           OUTPUT SPECIFICATION COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
      OPT0501 04
      OPT0502 04
      OPT0503 04
      OPT0504 04
      OPT0505 04
      OPT0506 01
      * OPTION NO.6
      * < R01 SPECIFICATION >
      +
           OUTPUT TYPE
                                  BZ OUTPUT ----- SELECTED
            OUTPUT SPECIFICATION COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
      OPT0601 02
      OPT0602 01
      * OPTION NO.7
      * < R02,R03 OUTPUT PSPECIFICATION >
           R02
                                P-CH OPEN DRAIN ----- SELECTED
           R03
                                  P-CH OPEN DRAIN ----- SELECTED
      OPT0701 02
```

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```
OPT0702 02
* OPTION NO.8
* < I/O PORT OUTPUT SPECIFICATION(P00-P03) >
*
                         COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
     P00
                                        --- Selected
*
     P01
                          COMPLEMENTARY
                                        -----
     P02
                           COMPLEMENTARY
                                                          SELECTED
                          COMPLEMENTARY ----- SELECTED
     P03
OPT0801 01
OPT0802 01
OPT0803 01
OPT0804 01
* OPTION NO.9
* < LCD COMMON DUTY & BIAS >
+
                          1/4 DUTY 1/3 BIAS ----- SELECTED
OPT0901 01
* OPTION NO.10
* < OSC1 SYSTEM CLOCK >
                          CRYSTAL ----- SELECTED
OPT1001 01
+
* OPTION NO.11
* < PF PULSE WIDTH >
                          4.88 (MSEC) ----- SELECTED
OPT1101 15
* SEIKO EPSON'S AREA
* OPTION NO.12
OPT1201 01
* OPTION NO.13
OPT1301 01
* OPTION NO.14
OPT1401 01
+
* OPTION NO.15
OPT1501 01
OPT1502 01
OPT1503 01
OPT1504 01
* OPTION NO.16
OPT1601 01
OPT1602 01
OPT1603 01
OPT1604 01
* OPTION NO.17
OPT1701 01
OPT1702 01
* OPTION NO.18
OPT1801 01
OPT1802 01
*
* OPTION NO.19
OPT1901 02
* OPTION NO.20
OPT2001 01
* OPTION NO.21
                      Note End mark "¥¥END" may be used instead of "\\END" depending
OPT2101
                            on the PC used. (The code of \ and ¥ is 5CH.)
\ \ END
```

```
20
```

## 5 SEGMENT OPTION GENERATOR SOG6S27

## 5.1 SOG6S27 Outline

With the 4-bit single-chip E0C6S27 microcomputers, the customer may select the LCD segment options. By modifying the mask patterns of the E0C6S27 according to the selected options, the system can be customized to meet the specifications of the target system.

The Segment Option Generator SOG6S27 is a software tool for generating data file used to generate mask patterns. From the data file created with SOG6S27, the E0C6S27 mask pattern is automatically generated by a general purpose computer. The HEX file for the evaluation board (EVA6S27) segment option ROM is simultaneously generated with the data file.

The operating method is same as for the E0C62 Family. Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for details.

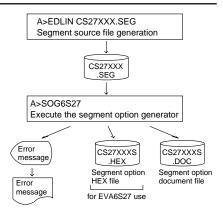


Fig. 5.1.1 SOG6S27 execution flow

TERMINAL	ADDRESS												
NAME	COM0			COM1		COM2		COM3		3	OUTPUT SPECIFICATION		
NAME	Н	L	D	Н	L	D	Н	L	D	Н	L	D	
SEG0													SEG output
SEG1													DC output 🛛 C 🛛 P
SEG2													SEG output
SEG3													DC output 🛛 C 🛛 P
SEG4													SEG output
SEG5													DC output 🗌 C 🗌 P
SEG6													SEG output
SEG7													DC output 🛛 C 🔤 P
SEG8													SEG output
SEG9													DC output 🗌 C 🗌 P
SEG10													SEG output
SEG11													DC output 🗌 C 🗌 P
SEG12													SEG output
SEG13													DC output 🗌 C 🗌 P
SEG14													SEG output
SEG15													DC output 🛛 C 🛛 P
SEG16													SEG output
SEG17													DC output 🛛 C 🛛 P
SEG18													SEG output
SEG19													DC output 🗌 C 🗌 P
SEG20													SEG output
SEG21													DC output 🗌 C 🔤 P
SEG22													SEG output
SEG23													DC output 🗌 C 🗌 P
SEG24													SEG output
SEG25													DC output 🛛 C 🛛 P
Legend:	</td <td>ADD</td> <td>RES</td> <td>S&gt;</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><output specification=""></output></td>	ADD	RES	S>									<output specification=""></output>
		H: I	High	orde	r add	ress,	L: L	ow c	order	addr	ess		C: Complementary output
H: High order address, L: Low order address D: Data bit									P: Pch open drain output				

## 5.2 Option List

Note:

<sup>1.</sup> Even if there are unused areas, set "---" (hyphens) such that there are no blank columns.

<sup>2.</sup> When DC output is selected, the display memory of the COM0 column becomes effective.

## 5.3 Segment Ports Output Specifications

For the output specification of the segment output ports SEG0–SEG25, segment output and DC output can be selected in units of two terminals. When used for liquid crystal panel drives, select segment output; when used as regular output port, select DC output. When DC output is selected, either complementary output or Pch open drain output may further be selected.

However, for segment output ports that will not be used, select segment output.

Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for the segment option source file creation.

### When segment output is selected

The segment output port has a segment decoder built-in, and the data bit of the optional address in the segment memory area (090H–0AFH) can be allocated to the optional segment. With this, up to 104 segments (78 segments when 1/3 duty is selected or 52 segments when 1/2 duty is selected) of liquid crystal panel could be driven.

The segment memory may be allocated only one segment and multiple setting is not possible. The allocated segment displays when the bit for this segment memory is set to "1", and goes out when bit is set to "0".

Segment allocation is set to H for high address (9–A), to L for low address (0–F), and to D for data bit (0–3) and are recorded in their respective column in the option list. For segment ports that will not be used, write "---" (hyphen) in the H, L, and D columns of COM0–COM3.

#### Examples

- When 1/4 duty is selected
- 0 900 901 902 903 S 1 910 911 912 913 S
- When 1/3 duty is selected

0 900 901 902 --- S 1 910 911 912 --- S

• When 1/2 duty is selected

0 900 901 --- S 1 910 911 --- S

#### When DC output is selected

The DC output can be selected in units of two terminals and up to 26 terminals may be allocated for DC output. Also, either complementary output or Pch open drain output is likewise selected in units of two terminals. When the bit for the selected segment memory is set to "1", the segment output port goes high (VDD), and goes low (Vss) when set to "0". Segment allocation is the same as when segment output is selected but for the while the segment memory allocated to COM1–COM3 becomes ineffective. Write three hyphens ("---") in the COM1–COM3 columns in the option list.

#### Example

• When complementary output is set to SEG22 and SEG23, and Pch open drain output is set to SEG24 and SEG25.

22	A00	 	 С
23	A10	 	 С
24	A21	 	 Ρ
25	A31	 	 Ρ

## 5.4 SOG6S27 Quick Reference

#### Starting command and input/output files \_ indicates a blank. SOG6S27.EXE **Execution file:** [] indicates the Return key. A parameter enclosed by [] can be omitted. SOG6S27\_ [-H] 🖵 Starting command: **Option:** -H: Specifies the segment option document file for input file of SOG6S27. Input file: CS27XXX.SEG (Segment option source file) CS27XXXS.DOC (Segment option document file, when -H option use) **Output file:** CS27XXXS.DOC (Segment option document file) CS27XXXS.HEX (Segment option HEX file)

#### Display example

*** E(	C6S27 SEGMEN	r option gen	IERATOR	Ver 3.	00 ***					
EEEEEEEEE	PPPPPPPP	SSSSSS	S 00	000000	NNN	NNN				
EEEEEEEEE	PPPPPPPPPP	SSS SS	SSS 000	000	NNNN	NNN				
EEE	PPP PPP	SSS S	SSS 000	000	NNNNN	NNN				
EEE	PPP PPP	SSS	000	000	NNNNN	NNN				
EEEEEEEEE	PPPPPPPPPP	SSSSSS	000	000	NNN NNI	NNNN				
REFERENCES	PPPPPPPP	SSS	3 000	000	NNN NI	NNNN				
EEE	PPP	S	SS 000	000	NNN 1	NNNN				
EEE	PPP		SSS 000	000	NNN	NNNN				
EFFEFFFFFFF	PPP		SSS 000		NNN	NNN				
EFFEFEFEFE	PPP	SSSSSS		000000	NNN	NN				
		0000000		000000						
	(C) COPYRI	GHT 1994 SH	IKO EPSON	CORP.						
SEC	GMENT OPTION :	SOURCE FILE	NAME IS "	CS27XXX.	SEG "					
THI	THIS SOFTWARE MAKES NEXT FILES.									
CS27XXXS.HEX SEGMENT OPTION HEX FILE. CS27XXXS.DOC SEGMENT OPTION DOCUMENT FILE.										
	STRIKE ANY KEY.									



*** SOURCE FILE(S) ***
CS270A0 CS270B0 CS270C0(1)
PLEASE INPUT SEGMENT OPTION FILE NAME? CS270A0      (2)         PLEASE INPUT USER'S NAME? SEIKO EPSON CORP.      (3)         PLEASE INPUT ANY COMMENT      (4)         (ONE LINE IS 50 CH?)? FUJIMI PLANT      (4)         ? 281 FUJIMI SUWA-GUN NAGANO-KEN 399-02 JAPAN       ? TEL 0266-61-1211         ? FAX 0266-61-1273       ?
*** SOURCE FILE(S) ***
SEGMENT OPTION SOURCE FILE IS NOT FOUND(5) -H option not use
*** SOURCE FILE(S) ***
SEGMENT OPTION DOCUMENT FILE IS NOT FOUND(6) -H option use
PLEASE INPUT SEGMENT OPTION SOURCE FILE NAME? CS270NO
PLEASE INPUT SEGMENT OPTION DOCUMENT FILE NAME? CS270N0 🖵
SEGMENT OPTION DOCUMENT FILE IS NOT FOUND(8) -H option use

#### Start-up message

When SOG6S27 is started, the start-up message is displayed. For "STRIKE ANY KEY.", press any key to advance the program execution.

To suspend execution, press the "CTRL" and "C" keys together: the sequence returns to the DOS command level.

#### Date input

Enter the 2-digit year, month, and day of the month by delimiting them with a slash ("/"). When not modifying the date, press the RETURN key " []" to continue.

#### Input file selection

- (1) Will display the files on the current drive.
- (2) Enter the file name.
- (3) Enter the customer's company name.

(4) Enter any comment. (Within 50 characters x 10 lines)Then, move to the confirmation procedure for HEX file generation.

In step (1), if no modifiable source exists, an error message (5) or (6) will be displayed and the program will be terminated. In step (2), if the specified file name is not found in the current drive, an error message (7) or (8) is displayed, prompting entry of other file name.

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END OF OPTION SETTING. DO YOU MAKE HEX FILE (Y/N) ? Y.	(1)
*** OPTION EPROM SELECT MENU ***	
1. 27C64 2. 27C128 3. 27C226 4. 27C512	
PLEASE SELECT NO.? 2-	(2)
2. 27C128 SELECTED	
MAKING FILE IS COMPLETED.	

#### EPROM selection

When selecting file is completed, the following message is output to ask the operator whether to generate the HEX file.

- (1) When debugging the program with EVA6S27, HEX file is needed, so enter "Y.". If "N." is entered, no HEX file is generated and only document file is generated.
- (2) For the option ROM selection menu displayed when "Y I" is entered in Step (1), select the EPROM to be used for setting EVA6S27 options.

When a series of operations are complete, the SOG6S27 generates files. If no error is committed while setting segment options, "MAKING FILE IS COMPLETED" will be displayed and the SOG6S27 program will be terminated.

#### Error messages

	Error message	Explanation
S	(Syntax Error)	The data was written in an invalid format.
Ν	(Segment No. Select Error)	The segment number outside the specificable range was specified.
R	(RAM Address Select Error)	The segment memory address or data bit outside the specificable range was specified.
D	(Duprication Error)	The same data (SEG port No., segment memory address, or data bit) was specified
		more then once.
Out Port Set Error		The output specifications were not set in units of two ports.

## 5.5 Sample Files

Exa		e of s				sou	rce fi	le			
		270A0. A6S27				ODE	TABLI	C			
	; 0 1 2 3	912	900 911 920	910 921	922	S		;1st	DIG1	ſΤ	
	5 4 5 6 7	941 952 953 AC1	940 951 960	972 950 961	AE1 963 962	S S S		2nd	l DIGI	ΓT	
	8 9 10 11	981 992 993 AC2	980 991 9A0 982	9B2 990 9A1 9B0	AE2 9A3 9A2 9B1	S S S		3rd	l DIGI	ΓT	
	12 13 14 15	9C1 9D2 9D3 AC3	9C0 9D1	9F2 9D0	AE3 9E3	S S	i	;4th	1 DIGI	ΓT	
	16 17 18 19	A01 A12 A13 AD0	A00 A11 A20	A32 A10 A21	AF0 A23 A22	S S S		;5th	1 DIGI	ΙT	
	20 21 22 23	A41 A52 A53	A40 A51 A60	A72 A50 A61	AF1 A63 A62	S S S		6th	1 DIGI	ΙT	
	24 25	AD1 AD3 AF3					i	; DC	OUTPU	JT	
Exa	-	e of s	-	-							
	* US * IN	LE NAM ER'S N PUT DA MMENT	AME S TE S	SEIKO 95/12, FUJIM	EPSO /26 I PLA JJIMI 266-6	N C( NT SU( 1-12	WA-GUI 211	N NA	GANO-	-KEN 39	9-02 JAPAN
	*	TION N									
	* < : *	LCD SE	GMENT	DECOI	DE TA	BLE	>				
	*	G COMO					EC				
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	913	911 920		AE0 923 922 931 963 962 962 962 962 9A2 9A2 9A2 9B1 9E3 9E2 9F1 AF0						
	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 \\EN	A12 A13 AD0 A41 A52 A53 AD1 AD3 AF3 D	A11 A20 A02 A40 A51 A60 A42 A80 A91	A10 A21 A30 A72 A50 A61 A70 AB2 A90	A23 A22 A31 AF1 A63 A62 A71 AF2 AA3	S S S S S S S C C				Note	End mark "¥ of "\\END" d (The code o

Note End mark "¥¥END" may be used instead of "\\END" depending on the PC used. (The code of \ and ¥ is 5CH.)

# 6 ICE CONTROL SOFTWARE ICS6S27

## 6.1 ICS6S27 Outline

The In-circuit Emulator ICE6200 connects the target board produced by the user via the EVA6S27 and performs real time target system evaluation and debugging by passing through the RS-232C from the host computer and controlling it. The operation on the host computer side and ICE6200 control is done through the ICE Control Software ICS6S27.

The ICS6S27 has a set of numerous and highly functional emulation commands which provide sophisticated break function, on-the-fly data display, history display, etc., and so perform a higher level of debugging.

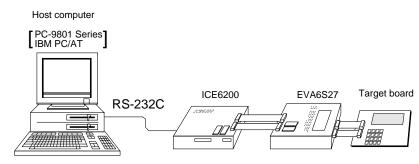


Fig. 6.1.1 Debugging system using ICE6200

The functions of the ICE6200 and commands are same as for the E0C62 Family. Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for details.

## 6.2 ICS6S27 Restrictions

Take the following precautions when using the ICS6S27.

#### ROM Area

The ROM area is limited to a maximum address of 5FFH. Assigning data above the 5FFH address causes an error.

#### RAM Area

The RAM area is limited to a maximum address of 0FFH. However, as the following addresses are in the unused area, designation of this area with the ICE commands produces an error.

Unused area: 050H-08FH, 0B0H-0DFH, 0E1H, 0E5H-0E7H, 0F0H-0F2H, 0F4H, 0F5H, 0F7H, 0F8H, 0FFH

(Refer to the "E0C6S27 Technical Manual" for details.)

#### Undefined Code

The instructions below are not specified for the E0C6S27 and so cannot be used.

SLP							
PUSH	XP	POP	XP	LD	XP,r	LD	r,XP
PUSH	YP	POP	YP	LD	YP,r	LD	r,YP

#### OPTLD Command

In the ICS6S27, OPTLD command can be used. This command is used to load HEX files (function option and segment option data for LCD) in the EVA6S27 memory with the ICE6200.

Load of function option data: #OPTLD, 1, CS27XXX Load of segment option data: #OPTLD, 2, CS27XXX

OPTLD	READ HEXA DATA FILE
Format	#OPTLD, 1, <file name=""> I      (1)         #OPTLD, 2, <file name=""> I      (2)</file></file>
Function	<ol> <li>Load function option HEX file in the EVA6S27 function option data memory. It is HEX file output by the function option generator and has intel HEX format.</li> <li>Load segment option HEX file in the EVA6S27 segment option data memory. It is HEX file output by the segment option generator and has intel HEX format.</li> </ol>
Examples	#OPTLD,1,CS27XXXII CS27XXXF.HEX file is loaded in the function option data memory. #OPTLD,2,CS27XXXII CS27XXXS.HEX file is loaded in the segment option data memory.

## 6.3 ICS6S27 Quick Reference

Starting comman	↓ indicates		
Execution file:	ICS6S27.BAT ICS6S27B.BAT	(ICS6S27J.EXE) (ICS6S27W.EXE)	for MS-DOS
Starting command:	ICS6S27 (ICS6S ICS6S27B (ICS6	,	for MS-DOS
Input file:		· /	,
Output file:		· · · ·	/

#### Display example

*	** E0C6S27 ICE	CONTROL SOF	TWARE	Ver 3.0	01 ***	
EEEEEEEEEE	PPPPPPPP PPPPPPPPP	SSSSSSSS SSS SSS		00000	NNN NNNN	NNN NNN
EEE	PPP PPP PPP PPP	SSS SS SSS		000	NNNNN	NNN
EEEEEEEEE	PPPPPPPPP	SSSSSS	000	000	NNN NNN	I NNN
EEEEEEEEE EEE	PPPPPPPP PPP	SSSS SSS	000	000	NNN N	INNNN INNNN
EEE EEEEEEEEE	PPP PPP	SSS SS SSSS SSS	S 000 000	000	NNN NNN	NNNN NNN
EEEEEEEEE	PPP	SSSSSSS	0000	00000	NNN	NN
	(C) COPYRIG	HT 1991 SEIK	O EPSON CO	DRP.		
* ICE POWER * DIAGNOSTI #						

#### Start-up message

When ICS6S27 is started, the start-up message is displayed, and a self-test is automatically performed. ICS6S27 commands are awaited when the program is properly loaded and the # mark is displayed.

Debugging can be done by entering command after the # mark. The ICS6S27 program is terminated by entering the Q (Quit) command.

Note Confirm that the cables connected properly, then operate the ICS6S27.

#### Error messages

Error message	Meaning	Recover procedure	
* COMMUNICATION ERROR	ICE6200 is disconnected	Switch OFF the host power supply, connect cable,	
OR ICE NOT READY *	or power is OFF.	and reapply power. Or switch ON power to ICE6200.	
* TARGET DOWN (1) *	Evaluation board is disconnected.	Switch OFF power to ICE, and connect the evaluation	
	(Check at power ON)	board. Then, apply power to ICE6200.	
* TARGET DOWN (2) *	Evaluation board is disconnected.	Switch OFF power to ICE, and connect the evaluation	
	(Check at command execution)	board. Then, apply power to ICE6200.	
* UNDEFINED PROGRAM	Undefined code is detected in the	Convert ROM and FD data with the cross assembler,	
CODE EXIST *	program loaded from ROM or FD.	then restart the ICE6200.	
* COMMAND ERROR *	A miss occurs by command input.	Reenter the proper command.	
(No response after power on)	The ICE-to-HOST cable is	Switch OFF the host power supply, connect cable,	
	disconnected on the host side.	and reapply power.	

↓ indicates the Return key.

### ■ ICE6200 commands

Item No.	Function	Command Format	Outline of Operation	
1	Assemble	#A,a 🖵	Assemble command mnemonic code and store at address "a"	
2	Disassemble	#L,a1,a2 🖵	Contents of addresses a1 to a2 are disassembled and displayed	
3	Dump	#DP,a1,a2 🖵	Contents of program area a1 to a2 are displayed	
		#DD,a1,a2 🖵	Content of data area a1 to a2 are displayed	
4	Fill	#FP,a1,a2,d 🖵	Data d is set in addresses a1 to a2 (program area)	
		#FD,a1,a2,d 🖵	Data d is set in addresses a1 to a2 (data area)	
5	Set	#G,aJ	Program is executed from the "a" address	
	Run Mode	#TIM 🖵	Execution time and step counter selection	
		#OTF 🖵	On-the-fly display selection	
6	Trace	#T,a,n 🖵	Executes program while displaying results of step instruction	
			from "a" address	
		#U,a,n 🖵	Displays only the final step of #T,a,n	
7	Break	#BA,a 🖵	Sets Break at program address "a"	
		#BAR,a 🖵	Breakpoint is canceled	
		#BD J	Break condition is set for data RAM	
		#BDR 🖵	Breakpoint is canceled	
		#BR J	Break condition is set for EVA6S27 CPU internal registers	
		#BRR J	Breakpoint is canceled	
		#BM 🖵	Combined break conditions set for program data RAM address	
			and registers	
		#BMR J	Cancel combined break conditions for program data ROM	
			address and registers	
		#BRES J	All break conditions canceled	
		#BC J	Break condition displayed	
		#BE J	Enter break enable mode	
		#BSYN J	Enter break disable mode	
		#BT 🕽	Set break stop/trace modes	
		#BRKSEL,REM 🖵	Set BA condition clear/remain modes	
8	Move	#MP,a1,a2,a3	Contents of program area addresses a1 to a2 are moved to	
			addresses a3 and after	
		#MD,a1,a2,a3 🖵	Contents of data area addresses a1 to a2 are moved to addresses	
			a3 and after	
9	Data Set	#SP,a 🖵	Data from program area address "a" are written to memory	
		#SD,aJ	Data from data area address "a" are written to memory	
10	Change CPU	#DR J	Display EVA6S27 CPU internal registers	
	Internal	#SR J	Set EVA6S27 CPU internal registers	
	Registers	#I 🖵	Reset EVA6S27 CPU	
	-	#DXY J	Display X, Y, MX and MY	
		#SXY J	Set data for X and Y display and MX, MY	

Item No.	Function	Command Format	Outline of Operation
11	History	#H,p1,p2 🖵	Display history data for pointer 1 and pointer 2
		#HB ┛	Display upstream history data
		#HG 🖵	Display 21 line history data
		#HP J	Display history pointer
		#HPS,a J	Set history pointer
		#HC,S/C/EJ	Sets up the history information acquisition before (S),
			before/after (C) and after (E)
		#HA,a1,a2 🖵	Sets up the history information acquisition from program area
			a1 to a2
		#HAR,a1,a2 🖵	Sets up the prohibition of the history information acquisition
			from program area a1 to a2
		#HAD J	Indicates history acquisition program area
		#HS,a 🖵	Retrieves and indicates the history information which executed
			a program address "a"
		#HSW,a 🖵	Retrieves and indicates the history information which wrote or
		#HSR,a J	read the data area address "a"
12	File	#RF,file 🖵	Move program file to memory
		#RFD,file 🖵	Move data file to memory
		#VF,file 🖵	Compare program file and contents of memory
		#VFD,file 🖵	Compare data file and contents of memory
		#WF,file 🖵	Save contents of memory to program file
		#WFD,file 🖵	Save contents of memory to data file
		#CL,file 🖵	Load ICE6200 set condition from file
		#CS,file 🖵	Save ICE6200 set condition to file
		#OPTLD,1,file	Load function option data from file
		#OPTLD,2,file	Load segment option data from file
13	Coverage	#CVDJ	Indicates coverage information
		#CVR J	Clears coverage information
14	ROM Access	#RP J	Move contents of ROM to program memory
		#VPJ	Compare contents of ROM with contents of program memory
		#ROM 🖵	Set ROM type
15	Terminate	#Q_	Terminate ICE and return to operating system control
	ICE		
16	Command	#HELP 🖵	Display ICE6200 instruction
	Display		
17	Self	#CHK J	Report results of ICE6200 self diagnostic test
	Diagnosis		

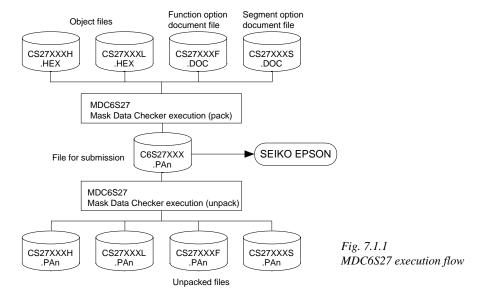
I means press the RETURN key.

# 7 MASK DATA CHECKER MDC6S27

## 7.1 MDC6S27 Outline

The Mask Data Checker MDC6S27 is a software tool which checks the program data (CS27XXXH.HEX and CS27XXXL.HEX) and option data (CS27XXXF.DOC and CS27XXXS.DOC) created by the user and creates the data file (C6S27XXX.PAn) for generating mask patterns. The user must send the file generated through this software tool to Seiko Epson.

Moreover, MDC6S27 has the capability to restore the generated data file (C6S27XXX.PA0) to the original file format.



The operating method is same as for the E0C62 Family. Refer to the "E0C62 Family Development Tool Reference Manual" for details.

## 7.2 MDC6S27 Quick Reference

#### Starting command and input/output files

Execution file:	MDC6S27.EXE	
Starting command:	MDC6S27	J indicates the Return key.
Input file:	CS27XXXL.HEX (Object file, low-order) CS27XXXH.HEX (Object file, high-order) CS27XXXF.DOC (Function option document file) CS27XXXS.DOC (Segment option document file) C6S27XXX.PAn (Packed file)	When packing When unpacking
Output file:	C6S27XXX.PAn (Packed file) CS27XXXL.PAn (Object file, low-order) CS27XXXH.PAn (Object file, high-order) CS27XXXF.PAn (Function option document file) CS27XXXS.PAn (Segment option document file)	When packing When unpacking

#### Display examples \*\*\* E0C6S27 PACK / UNPACK PROGRAM Ver 2.000 \*\*\* EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPP SSSSSSS 00000000 NNN NNN PPPPPPPPPP REFERENCES SSS SSSS 000 000 NNNN NNN SSS EEE PPP PPP PPP SSS 000 000 NNNNN NNN SSS EEE ppp 000 000 NNNNN NNN SSSSSS EEEEEEEEE PPPPPPPPP 000 000 NNN NNN NNN EEEEEEEEE PDDDDDDD SSSS 000 000 NNN NNNNNN SSS 000 EEE PPP 000 NNN NNNNN SSS SSS EEE PPP 000 000 NNN NNNN EEEEEEEEE SSS 000 PPP SSSS 000 NNN NNN SSSSSSS 00000000 EEEEEEEEE PPP NNN NN (C) COPYRIGHT 1993 SEIKO EPSON CORP. --- OPERATION MENU ---1. PACK 2. UNPACK PLEASE SELECT NO.? --- OPERATION MENU --- PACK UNPACK PLEASE SELECT NO.? 1 ...(1) CS27XXXH.HEX ----+ CS27XXXL.HEX ---------- C6S27XXX.PAn (PACK FILE) CS27XXXF.DOC -----CS27XXXS DOC -----PLEASE INPUT PACK FILE NAME (C6S27XXX, PAn) ? C6S270A0, PA0 ...(2) CS270A0H.HEX ----+ CS270A01, HEX ---------- C6S270A0.PA0 CS270A0F DOC -----CS270A0S.DOC ----+

#### Start-up message

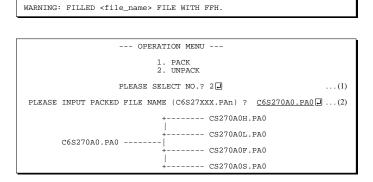
When MDC6S27 is started, the start-up message and operation menu are displayed. Here, the user is prompted to select operation options.

#### Packing of data

- (1) Select "1" in the operation menu.
- (2) Enter the file name. After submitting the data to Seiko Epson and there is a need to re-submit the data, increase the numeric value of "n" by one when the input is made. (Example: When re-submitting data after "C6S27XXX.PA0" has been submitted, the pack file name should be entered as "C6S27XXX.PA1".)

With this, the mask file (C6S27XXX.PAn) is generated, and the MDC6S27 program will be terminated. Submit this file to Seiko Epson.

Note Don't use the data generated with the -N option of the Cross Assembler (ASM6S27) as program data. If the program data generated with the -N option of the Cross Assembler is packed, undefined program area is filled with FFH code. In this case, following message is displayed.



#### Unpacking of data

(1) Select "2" in the operation menu.
 (2) Enter the packed file name.

With this, the mask data file (C6S27XXX.PAn) is restored to the original file format, and the MDC6S27 program will be terminated.

Since the extension of the file name remains as "PAn", it must be renamed back to its original form ("HEX" and "DOC") in order to re-debug or modify the restored file.

# Error messages

# Program data error

	E	Error Message	Explanation
1.	HEX DATA ERROR	: NOT COLON.	There is no colon.
2.	HEX DATA ERROR	: DATA LENGTH. (NOT 00-20h)	The data length of 1 line is not in the 00–20H range.
3.	HEX DATA ERROR	: ADDRESS.	The address is beyond the valid range of the program ROM.
4.	HEX DATA ERROR	: RECORD TYPE. (NOT 00)	The record type of 1 line is not 00.
5.	HEX DATA ERROR	: DATA. (NOT 00-FFh)	The data is not in the range between 00H and 0FFH.
б.	HEX DATA ERROR	: TOO MANY DATA IN ONE LINE.	There are too many data in 1 line.
7.	HEX DATA ERROR	: CHECK SUM.	The checksum is not correct.
8.	HEX DATA ERROR	: END MARK.	The end mark is not : 00000001FF.
9.	HEX DATA ERROR	: DUPLICATE.	There is duplicate definition of data in the same address.

# Function option data error

	Error Message	Explanation
1.	OPTION DATA ERROR : START MARK.	The start mark is not "\OPTION". (during unpacking) *
2.	OPTION DATA ERROR : OPTION NUMBER.	The option number is not correct.
3.	OPTION DATA ERROR : SELECT NUMBER.	The option selection number is not correct.
4.	OPTION DATA ERROR : END MARK.	The end mark is not "\\END" (packing) or "\END" (unpacking).*

# Segment option data error

		Error M	essage	Explanation				
1.	SEGMENT DATA	ERROR	: START MARK.	The start mark is not "\SEGMENT". (during unpacking) *				
2.	SEGMENT DATA	ERROR	: DATA.	The segment data is not correct.				
3.	SEGMENT DATA	ERROR	: SEGMENT NUMBER.	The SEG No. is not correct.				
4.	SEGMENT DATA	ERROR	: SPEC.	The output specification of the SEG terminal is not correct.				
5.	SEGMENT DATA	ERROR	: END MARK.	The end mark is not "\\END" (packing) or "\END" (unpacking).*				

### File error

	Error Message	Explanation
1.	<file_name> FILE IS NOT FOUND.</file_name>	The file is not found or the file number set in CONFIG.SYS
		is less than 10.
2.	PACK FILE NAME (File_name) ERROR.	The packed input format for the file name is wrong.
3.	PACKED FILE NAME (File_name) ERROR.	The unpacked input format for the file name is wrong.

## System error

Error Message	Explanation
1. DIRECTORY FULL.	The directory is full.
2. DISK WRITE ERROR.	Writing on the disk is failed.

\* \ sometimes appears as ¥, depending on the personal computer being used.

# APPENDIX A. E0C6S27 INSTRUCTION SET

Oleasification	Mne-	Onerered					Оре	eratio	n Co	ode					Flag	Class	. Oraștin	
Classification	monic	Operand	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	IDZC	Cloc	C Operation	
Branch	PSET	р	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	p4	p3	p2	p1 ]	p0		5	NBP $\leftarrow$ p4, NPP $\leftarrow$ p3~p0	
instructions	JP	S	0	0	0	0	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		5	$PCB \leftarrow NBP, PCP \leftarrow NPP, PCS \leftarrow s7 \sim s0$	
		C, s	0	0	1	0	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		5	PCB ← NBP, PCP ← NPP, PCS ← $s7$ ~ $s0$ if C=1	
		NC, s	0	0	1	1	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		5	PCB $\leftarrow$ NBP, PCP $\leftarrow$ NPP, PCS $\leftarrow$ s7~s0 if C=0	
		Z, s	0	1	1	0	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		5	PCB $\leftarrow$ NBP, PCP $\leftarrow$ NPP, PCS $\leftarrow$ s7~s0 if Z=1	
		NZ, s	0	1	1	1	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		5	PCB $\leftarrow$ NBP, PCP $\leftarrow$ NPP, PCS $\leftarrow$ s7~s0 if Z=0	
	JPBA		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0		5	$PCB \leftarrow NBP, PCP \leftarrow NPP, PCSH \leftarrow B, PCSL \leftarrow A$	
	CALL	S	0	1	0	0	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		7	$M(SP-1) \leftarrow PCP, M(SP-2) \leftarrow PCSH, M(SP-3) \leftarrow PCSL+1$	
																	$SP \leftarrow SP-3$ , $PCP \leftarrow NPP$ , $PCS \leftarrow s7 \sim s0$	
	CALZ	S	0	1	0	1	s7	s6	s5	s4	s3	s2	s1	s0		7	$M(SP-1) \leftarrow PCP, M(SP-2) \leftarrow PCSH, M(SP-3) \leftarrow PCSL+1$	
																	$SP \leftarrow SP-3, PCP \leftarrow 0, PCS \leftarrow s7 \sim s0$	
	RET		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1		7	$PCSL \leftarrow M(SP), PCSH \leftarrow M(SP+1), PCP \leftarrow M(SP+2)$	
																	SP ← SP+3	
	RETS		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0		12	2 PCSL $\leftarrow$ M(SP), PCSH $\leftarrow$ M(SP+1), PCP $\leftarrow$ M(SP+2)	
																	$SP \leftarrow SP+3, PC \leftarrow PC+1$	
	RETD	l	0	0	0	1	17	<i>l</i> 6	<i>l</i> 5	<i>l</i> 4	13	12	<i>l</i> 1	<i>l</i> 0		12	$PCSL \leftarrow M(SP), PCSH \leftarrow M(SP+1), PCP \leftarrow M(SP+2)$	
																	$SP \leftarrow SP+3, M(X) \leftarrow l3 \sim l0, M(X+1) \leftarrow l7 \sim l4, X \leftarrow X+2$	
System	NOP5		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1		5	No operation (5 clock cycles)	
control	NOP7		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		7	No operation (7 clock cycles)	
instructions	HALT		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0		5	Halt (stop clock)	
Index	INC	Х	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0		5	$X \leftarrow X+1$	
operation		Y	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0		5	$Y \leftarrow Y+1$	
instructions	LD	X, x	1	0	1	1	x7	x6	x5	x4	x3	x2	x1 :	x0		5	$XH \leftarrow x7 \sim x4, XL \leftarrow x3 \sim x0$	
		Y, y	1	0	0	0	y7	yб	y5	y4	y3	y2	y1	y0		5	YH←y7~y4, YL←y3~y0	
		XH, r	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	r1	r0		5	XH←r	
		XL, r	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	r1	r0		5	XL←r	
		YH, r	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	r1	r0		5	YH←r	
		YL, r	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	r1	r0		5	YL←r	
		r, XH	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	r1	r0		5	r←XH	
		r, XL	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	r1	r0		5	r←XL	
		r, YH	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	r1	r0		5	r←YH	
		r, YL	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	r1	r0		5	r←YL	
	ADC	XH, i	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow \uparrow$	7	XH←XH+i3~i0+C	
		XL, i	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow \uparrow$	7	XL ← XL+i3~i0+C	
		YH, i	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow \uparrow$	7	YH←YH+i3~i0+C	
		YL, i	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow \uparrow$	7	YL←YL+i3~i0+C	

Classification	Mne-	Operand	Operation Code					Flag			Clock	Operation									
CidSSilication	monic	Operatio	В	А	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	IDZ	С	ľ	JUCK	Operation		
Index	СР	XH, i	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	i3	i2	il	i0	\$	$\uparrow$		7	XH-i3~i0		
operation		XL, i	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow$	↕		7	XL-i3~i0		
instructions		YH, i	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	i3	i2	i1	i0	\$	↕		7	YH-i3~i0		
		YL, i	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$		7	YL-i3~i0		
Data	LD	r, i	1	1	1	0	0	0	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0				5	r←i3~i0		
transfer		r, q	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	r1	r0	ql	q0				5	r←q		
instructions		A, Mn	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	n3	n2	n1	n0				5	$A \leftarrow M(n3 \sim n0)$		
		B, Mn	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	n3	n2	n1	n0				5	$B \leftarrow M(n3 \sim n0)$		
		Mn, A	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	n3	n2	nl	n0				5	$M(n3 \sim n0) \leftarrow A$		
		Mn, B	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	n3	n2	nl	n0				5	$M(n3 \sim n0) \leftarrow B$		
	LDPX	MX, i	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	i3	i2	i1	i0				5	$M(X) \leftarrow i3 \sim i0, X \leftarrow X+1$		
		r, q	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	r1	r0	ql	q0				5	$r \leftarrow q, X \leftarrow X+1$		
	LDPY	MY, i	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	i3	i2	i1	i0				5	$M(Y) \leftarrow i3 \sim i0, Y \leftarrow Y+1$		
		r, q	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	r1	r0	ql	q0				5	$r \leftarrow q, Y \leftarrow Y+1$		
	LBPX	MX, <i>l</i>	1	0	0	1	17	16	15	l4	13	12	<i>l</i> 1	10				5	$M(X) \leftarrow l3 \sim l0, M(X+1) \leftarrow l7 \sim l4, X \leftarrow X+2$		
Flag	SET	F, i	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$	1		7	F←F∀i3~i0		
operation	RST	F, i	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$	$\downarrow$		7	F←F∧i3~i0		
instructions	SCF		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1		1		7	C←1		
	RCF		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0		$\downarrow$		7	C←0		
	SZF		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	↑			7	Z←1		
	RZF		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	$\downarrow$			7	Z←0		
	SDF		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	Ŷ			7	D←1 (Decimal Adjuster ON)		
	RDF		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	$\downarrow$			7	D←0 (Decimal Adjuster OFF)		
	EI		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1			7	$I \leftarrow 1$ (Enables Interrupt)		
	DI		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	$\downarrow$			7	$I \leftarrow 0$ (Disables Interrupt)		
Stack	INC	SP	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1				5	$SP \leftarrow SP + 1$		
operation	DEC	SP	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1				5	SP← SP-1		
instructions	PUSH	r	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	r1	r0				5	$SP \leftarrow SP-1, M(SP) \leftarrow r$		
		XH	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1				5	$SP \leftarrow SP-1, M(SP) \leftarrow XH$		
		XL	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0				5	$SP \leftarrow SP-1, M(SP) \leftarrow XL$		
		YH	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0				5	$SP \leftarrow SP-1, M(SP) \leftarrow YH$		
		YL	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1				5	$SP \leftarrow SP-1, M(SP) \leftarrow YL$		
		F	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0				5	$SP \leftarrow SP-1, M(SP) \leftarrow F$		
	POP	r	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	r1	r0				5	$r \leftarrow M(SP), SP \leftarrow SP+1$		
		XH	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1				5	$XH \leftarrow M(SP), SP \leftarrow SP+1$		
		XL	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0				5	$XL \leftarrow M(SP), SP \leftarrow SP+1$		

0	Mne-						Оре	ratio	n Co	ode					Flag	0	
Classification	assification monic Operand B A 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2		2	1	0	IDZC	Clock	c Operation									
Stack	POP	YH	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0		5	$YH \leftarrow M(SP), SP \leftarrow SP+1$
operation		YL	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1		5	$YL \leftarrow M(SP), SP \leftarrow SP+1$
instructions		F	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	$\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$	5	$F \leftarrow M(SP), SP \leftarrow SP+1$
	LD	SPH, r	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	r1	r0		5	SPH← r
		SPL, r	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	r1	r0		5	$SPL \leftarrow r$
		r, SPH	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	r1	r0		5	r←SPH
		r, SPL	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	r1	r0		5	r←SPL
Arithmetic	ADD	r, i	1	1	0	0	0	0	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	★ ↓ ↓	7	r←r+i3~i0
instructions		r, q	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	r1	r0	q1	q0	★ ↓ ↓	7	r←r+q
	ADC	r, i	1	1	0	0	0	1 :	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	<b>★</b> ↓ ↓	7	r←r+i3~i0+C
		r, q	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	r1	r0	q1	q0	★ ↓ ↓	7	r←r+q+C
	SUB	r, q	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	r1	r0	q1	q0	★ ↓ ↓	7	r←r-q
	SBC	r, i	1	1	0	1	0	1	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	★ ↓ ↓	7	r←r-i3~i0-C
		r, q	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	r1	r0	q1	q0	★ ↓ ↓	7	r←r-q-C
	AND	r, i	1	1	0	0	1	0	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow$	7	r ← r∧i3~i0
		r, q	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	r1	r0	q1	q0	$\uparrow$	7	$r \leftarrow r \land q$
	OR	r, i	1	1	0	0	1	1 :	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow$	7	r←r√i3~i0
		r, q	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	r1	r0	q1	q0	$\uparrow$	7	r←r∨q
	XOR	r, i	1	1	0	1	0	0	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow$	7	r←r∀i3~i0
		r, q	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	r1	r0	q1	q0	$\uparrow$	7	$r \leftarrow r \forall q$
	СР	r, i	1	1	0	1	1	1 :	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow \uparrow$	7	r-i3~i0
		r, q	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	r1	r0	q1	q0	$\uparrow \uparrow$	7	r-q
	FAN	r, i	1	1	0	1	1	0	r1	r0	i3	i2	i1	i0	$\uparrow$	7	r∧i3~i0
		r, q	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	r1	r0	q1	q0	$\uparrow$	7	r\q
	RLC	r	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	r1	r0	r1	r0	$\uparrow \uparrow$	7	$d3 \leftarrow d2, d2 \leftarrow d1, d1 \leftarrow d0, d0 \leftarrow C, C \leftarrow d3$
	RRC	r	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	r1	r0	$\uparrow \uparrow$	5	$d3 \leftarrow C, d2 \leftarrow d3, d1 \leftarrow d2, d0 \leftarrow d1, C \leftarrow d0$
	INC	Mn											n1 :		$\uparrow \uparrow$	7	$M(n3 \sim n0) \leftarrow M(n3 \sim n0) + 1$
	DEC	Mn	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	n3	n2	n1 :	n0	$\uparrow \uparrow$	7	$M(n3~n0) \leftarrow M(n3~n0)-1$
	ACPX	MX, r	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	r1	r0	★ ↓ ↓	7	$M(X) \leftarrow M(X)+r+C, X \leftarrow X+1$
	ACPY	MY, r	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	r1	r0	★ ↓ ↓	7	$M(Y) \leftarrow M(Y) + r + C, Y \leftarrow Y + 1$
	SCPX	MX, r	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	r1	r0	★ ↓ ↓	7	$M(X) \leftarrow M(X)$ -r-C, $X \leftarrow X+1$
	SCPY	MY, r	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	r1	r0	★ ↓ ↓	7	$M(Y) \leftarrow M(Y)$ -r-C, $Y \leftarrow Y$ +1
	NOT	r	1	1	0	1	0	0	r1	r0	1	1	1	1	$\uparrow$	7	r←r¯

Abbreviations used in the explanations have the following meanings.

# Symbols associated with registers and memory

Synteens u			1081510		memory							
A	A regist	er										
В	B regist	er										
Х	XHL reg	gister										
	(low or	ler eight	t bits of	index re	gister IX)							
Y	YHL reg	gister	_									
	(low order eight bits of index register IY											
XH	XH register											
	(high order four bits of XHL register)											
XL	XL regi	XL register										
	(low or	ler four	bits of <b>X</b>	KHL reg	gister)							
YH	YH regi	ster										
	(high or	der four	bits of	YHL re	gister)							
YL	YL regi	ster										
	(low or	ler four	bits of Y	THL reg	(ister)							
SP	Stack po	Stack pointer SP										
SPH		High-order four bits of stack pointer SP										
SPL	Low-ord											
MX, M(X)				dress is	specified							
	with ind											
MY, M(Y)				dress is	specified							
	with ind											
Mn, M(n)												
			ed with	immedi	ate data n of							
	00H-0F											
M(SP)				dress is	specified							
	with sta	-										
r, q	Two-bit	U										
	· •				according to							
	the cont											
	registers											
					pecified with							
	index re	gisters l										
			0		Register							
	<u>r1</u>	r0	q1	90	specified							
	0	0	0	0	A							

0

1

1

1

0

1

0

1

1

1

0

1

В

MX

MY

# Symbols associated with program counter

NBP	New bank pointer
NPP	New page pointer
PCB	Program counter bank
PCP	Program counter page
PCS	Program counter step
PCSH	Four high order bits of PCS
PCSL	Four low order bits of PCS

## Symbols associated with flags

F	Flag register (I, D, Z, C)
С	Carry flag
Z	Zero flag
D	Decimal flag
Ι	Interrupt flag
$\downarrow$	Flag reset
$\uparrow$	Flag set
$\diamond$	Flag set or reset
	-

## Associated with immediate data

р	Five-bit immediate data or label 00H–1FH
S	Eight-bit immediate data or label 00H–0FFH
1	Eight-bit immediate data 00H–0FFH
i	Four-bit immediate data 00H–0FH

### Associated with arithmetic and other operations

	-
+	Add
-	Subtract
$\wedge$	Logical AND
$\vee$	Logical OR
$\forall$	Exclusive-OR
*	Add-subtract instruction for decimal operation when the D flag is set

# APPENDIX B. EOC6S27 RAM MAP

L L L	COGF	RAM	PROGRAM NAME:															
٩	Л	/	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	Ш	ш
0	√N 0	NAME MSB																
		LSB																
	۲ ک	NAME																
	<u> </u>	MSB																
		av															             	
	ر ۲	AME																
		MSB	       	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	         		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - -			1 1 1 1 1		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		         	           	       
		LSB																
1	م م	AME																
		MSB																
					1													
		LSB									           			             				
	4 N	AME																
		MSB																
			1		1					1	           						           	         
		LSB																
1	δ.	NAME																
		MSB																
		LSB							- - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - -	-						
1	√ V	NAME																
		MSB																
		с. С															I         I           I         I           I         I           I         I           I         I           I         I           I         I           I         I           I         I           I         I	
1	Ž L	NAME																
		MSB	K03		SWL3	SWH3	TM3		1	1	EIK03	1		1	1			
			K02		SWL2	SWH2	TM2		1	1	EIK02	1		EIT2	1			172
		LSB	K00 K00			SWH1 SWH0	TM1 TM0	1 1	1 1	1 1	EIK01	EISMD	EISW1	EIT8 EIT32	ISMD	IK0	ISW1	IT8 IT32
1	Ź L	NAME																
		MSB				R03			P03				HLMOD	CSDC		XBZR		
						1			P07		1	SWRUN	SVDDT		÷	XFOUT1 FRUNETRG		
		LSB	1	i l		1			POO	- - - - - -		SWRST	SVDON		00	XFOUTO		1

# APPENDIX C. E0C6S27 I/O MEMORY MAP

Address		Reg	ister						Commont
Address	D3	D2	D1	D0	Name	Init	1	0	Comment
	K03	K02	K01	K00	K03	-	High	Low	Input port data K03
0E0H	105	NUZ	NUT	NUU	K02	-	High	Low	Input port data K02
UEUN			R		K01	-	High	Low	Input port data K01
					K00	-	High	Low	Input port data K00
	SWL3	SWL2	SWL1	SWL0	SWL3	0			Stopwatch timer data 3 (1/100 sec) MSB
0E2H	01120	01122	0	020	SWL2	0			Stopwatch timer data 2 (1/100 sec)
ULZII			R		SWL1	0			Stopwatch timer data 1 (1/100 sec)
					SWL0	0			Stopwatch timer data 0 (1/100 sec) LSB
	SWH3	SWH2	SWH1	SWH0	SWH3	0			Stopwatch timer data 3 (1/10 sec) MSB
0E3H					SWH2	0			Stopwatch timer data 2 (1/10 sec)
UESFI			R		SWH1	0			Stopwatch timer data 1 (1/10 sec)
					SWH0	0			Stopwatch timer data 0 (1/10 sec) LSB
0E4H	TM3	TM2	TM1	тмо	TM3	-	High	Low	Clock timer data 2 Hz
					TM2	-	High	Low	Clock timer data 4 Hz
			R		TM1	-	High	Low	Clock timer data 8 Hz
			1		TM0	-	High	Low	Clock timer data 16 Hz
	EIK03	EIK02	EIK01	EIK00	EIK03	0	Enable	Mask	Interrupt mask register (K03)
0E8H					EIK02	0	Enable	Mask	Interrupt mask register (K02)
		R	/W		EIK01	0	Enable	Mask	Interrupt mask register (K01)
					EIK00	0	Enable	Mask	Interrupt mask register (K00)
	0	0	0	EISMD	0				
0E9H					0				
		R		R/W	0				
		1	1		EISMD	0	Enable	Mask	Interrupt mask register (motor driver)
	0	0	EISW1	EISW0	0				
0EAH					0		Fachla	Maak	
	ŀ	۲	R	/W	EISW1	0	Enable	Mask Mask	Interrupt mask register (stopwatch timer 1 Hz)
					EISW0	0	Enable	IVIASK	Interrupt mask register (stopwatch timer 10 Hz)
	0	EIT2	EIT8	EIT32	0 EIT2		Enable	Mask	Interrupt mask register (clock timer 2 Hz)
0EBH					EIT2	0	Enable	Mask	Interrupt mask register (clock timer 2 Hz) Interrupt mask register (clock timer 8 Hz)
	R		R/W		EIT32	0	Enable	Mask	Interrupt mask register (clock timer 3 Hz)
					0	0	LIIADIE	IVIDSK	Interrupt mask register (clock unier 52 HZ)
0ECH	0	0	0	ISMD	0				
					0				
			R		ISMD		Yes	No	Interrupt factor flag (motor driver)
					0		100	110	interrupt factor hag (motor arriver)
0EDH	0	0	0	IK0	0				
					0				
	R				IKO	0	Yes	No	Interrupt factor flag (K00–K03)
					0	Ŭ			
0EEH	0	0	ISW1	ISW0	0				
		I	-	I	ISW1	0	Yes	No	Interrupt factor flag (stopwatch timer 1 Hz)
			R		ISW0	0	Yes	No	Interrupt factor flag (stopwatch timer 10 Hz)
					0	-		-	
	0	IT2	IT8	IT32	IT2	0	Yes	No	Interrupt factor flag (clock timer 2 Hz)
0EFH		1	-		IT8	0	Yes	No	Interrupt factor flag (clock timer 8 Hz)
			R		IT32	0	Yes	No	Interrupt factor flag (clock timer 32 Hz)
						, v			(

Address		Reg	ister						Comment
Address	D3	D2	D1	D0	Name	Init *1	1	0	Comment
			R01	R00	R03	0	High	Low	Output port data R03
	R03	R02			R02	0	High	Low	Output port data R02
0F3H			BUZZER	FOUT	R01	0	High	Low	Output port data R01
01311					BUZZER	0	On	Off	Buzzer On/Off control register
		R	/W		R00	0	High	Low	Output port data R00
		I		<b>-</b>	FOUT	0	On	Off	Frequency output control register
	P03	P02	P01	P00	P03	-	High	Low	I/O port data P03
0F6H					P02	-	High	Low	I/O port data P02
			W		P01	-	High	Low	I/O port data P01
				P00	-	High	Low	I/O port data P00	
	0	TMRST	SWRUN	SWRST	0				
0F9H	-	-			TMRST	Reset	Reset	-	Clock timer reset
	R	w	R/W	W	SWRUN	0	Run	Stop	Stopwatch timer Run/Stop
					SWRST	Reset	Reset	-	Stopwatch timer reset
	HLMOD	0	SVDDT	SVDON	HLMOD	0	Heavy	Normal	Heavy load protection mode register
0FAH					0				
	R/W		R	R/W	SVDDT	0	Low	Normal	Supply voltage detection data
					SVDON	0	On	Off	Supply voltage detection circuit On/Off
	CSDC	0	0	0	CSDC	0	Static	Dynamic	LCD drive switch
0FBH					0				
	R/W		R		0				
					0				
	0	0	0	IOC	0				
0FCH					0				
		R		R/W	IOC	0	Out	In	I/O port I/O control register
					XBZR	0	2 kHz	4 kHz	Buzzer frequency control
0FDH	XBZR	0	XFOUT1	XFOUT0	0	Ū			Suller nequency conder
					XFOUT1	0			FOUT frequency control
	R/W	R	R	R/W		0			FOUT frequency control
			FRUN		XFOUT0 0	-			
	0	0		0	0				
0FEH			FTRG		FRUN	0	Run	Stop	Motor driver status (reading)
			DAV	<b>D</b>	FTRG	_	Start	_	Motor driver trigger (writing)
		R	R/W	R	0				

# APPENDIX D. TROUBLESHOOTING

Tool	Problem	Remedy measures
ICE6200	Nothing appears on the screen, or	Check the following and remedy if necessary:
	nothing works, after activation.	• Is the RS-232C cable connected correctly?
		• Is the RS-232C driver installed?
		• Is SPEED.COM or MODE.COM on the disk?
		• Is the execution file correct?
		MS-DOS ICS6S27J.EXE
		PC-DOS ICS6S27W.EXE
		• Is the DOS version correct?
		MS-DOS Ver. 3.1 or later
		PC-DOS Ver. 2.1 or later
		• Is the DIP switches that set the baud rate of the main
		ICE6200 unit set correctly?
		• Is the breaker of the ICE6200 set to ON?
	The ICE6200 breaker tripped immedi-	Check the following and remedy if necessary:
	ately after activation.	<ul> <li>Are connectors F1 and F5 connected to the EVA6S27 correctly?</li> </ul>
		• Is the target board power short-circuiting?
	<illegal ice6200="" version=""></illegal>	The wrong version of ICE6200 is being used. Use the latest
	appears on the screen immediately after	version.
	activation.	
	<illegal parameter<="" td="" version=""><td>The wrong version of ICS6S27P.PAR is being used. Use the</td></illegal>	The wrong version of ICS6S27P.PAR is being used. Use the
	FILE> appears on the screen immedi-	latest version.
	ately after activation.	
	Immediate values A (10) and B (11)	The A and B registers are reserved for the entry of A and B.
	cannot be entered correctly with the A	Write 0A and 0B when entering A (10) and B (11).
	command.	<i>Example:</i> LD A, B Data in the B register is
		loaded into the A register.
		LD B, OA Immediate value A is loaded
		into the B register.
	<unused area=""> is displayed by the</unused>	This message is output when the address following one in
	SD command.	which data is written is unused. It does not indicates
		problem. Data is correctly set in areas other than the read-
		only area.
	You can not do a real-time run in	Since the CPU stops temporarily when breaking conditions
	break-trace mode.	are met, executing in a real-time is not performed.
	Output from the EVA is impossible	Output is possible only in the real-time run mode.
	when data is written to the I/O memory	
	for Buzzer and Fout output with the	
	ICE command.	
SOG6S27	An R error occurs although the address	Check the following and remedy if necessary:
	is correctly set in the segment source	• Does the address symbol use capital letters?
	file.	• Are the output ports set for every two terminals?

Tool	Problem	Remedy measures
ASM6S27	An R error occurs although the final	The cross assembler is designed to output "R error" every
	page is passed.	time the page is changed. Use a pseudo-instruction to set
		the memory, such as ORG or PAGE, to change the page.
		See "Memory setting pseudo-instructions" in the cross
		assembler manual.
MDC6S27	Activation is impossible.	Check the following and remedy if necessary:
		• Is the number of files set at ten or more in OS environ-
		ment file CONFIG.SYS?
EVA6S27	The EVA6S27 does not work when it is	Check the following and remedy if necessary:
	used independently.	• Has the EPROM for F.HEX and S.HEX been replaced
		by the EPROM for the target?
		• Is the EPROM for F.HEX and S.HEX installed correctly?
		• Is the appropriate voltage being supplied? (5V DC, 3A,
		or more)
		• Are the program ROMs (H and L) installed correctly?
		• Is data written from address 4000H? (When the 27C256
		is used as the program ROM)
		• Is the EN/DIS switch on the EVA6S27 set to EN?
	Target segment does not light.	Check the following and remedy if necessary:
		• Is an EPROM with an access time of 250 ns or less being
		used for S.HEX.
		• Has the VADJ VR inside the EVA6S27 top cover been
		turned to a lower setting?

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